

UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL

POSTAL GUIDE

IN THIS ISSUE



The New Stamp Issues

Conference Conventions

*Canadian-United States Postal
Convention*

News of the Service in Brief

*Postmaster General Asks Overtime
Adjustment*

The New Business Men's Section

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POSTER: Place on bulletin board.

Creed of The Postal Service

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*Messenger of Sympathy and Love,
Servant of Parted Friends,
Consoler of the Lonely,
Bond of the Scattered Family,
Enlarger of the Common Life.*

*Carrier of News and Knowledge,
Instrument of Trade and Industry,
Promoter of Mutual Acquaintance,
Of Peace and of Goodwill
Among Men and Nations.*

NOTE.—This creed has been adopted by the Welfare Council of the Post Office Department, Washington, D. C. They have recommended it to other welfare councils, believing it worthy of being the creed of the Postal Service. Nearly fifty councils have already adopted these lines as expressing the ideal and the purpose of the service. The creed is found on the façade of the Washington City Post Office.

Information in this Publication^B

IS

VALUABLE

TO

Larger Mailers

Postal Employees

Postal Officials



READ THE MONTHLY SUPPLEMENT
TO UNITED STATES POSTAL GUIDE



Christmas



THOSE OF US contributing to the operation of the postal system of the Government bear a distinct relation to the people. We make personal contact with the world of business and of homes.

☞ To us **Christmas** means more than to those exchanging gifts or the day's greeting, only.

☞ Our service is a continuing beneficence. We charge no fee for what we bring nor for what we speed upon its way—as a friend who would accommodate.

☞ It is the practice of giving, and bears its own blessing.

☞ It suggests closer relations to the spirit of **Christmas** than other services because of its human relations.

☞ It was the human contact that endeared the Personality for which this anniversary was named, and the human sympathy of it, that has perpetuated it. Those who deny the Divine relation, practice the human example, and those who disclaim a future life apply the principles portrayed, perhaps unconsciously influenced.

☞ There is no escape from the exactions of justice, and nothing surer than its rewards and penalties. They appeal and return to us by way of tact, which is the emotion of a kind heart and through courtesy, which is its expression.

☞ The spirit of **Christmas** is within us all the year, but on this day custom has licensed its public demonstration. It is from that which goes out from us that we profit and our people give much without thought of reward, but receive rewards which are not measured in money.

☞ The pride of self-respect in those who retire after a life of service is at once a decoration of distinguished service through peace and war and a benediction for the remaining years. It is this spirit of service which opens the door of the future to youth and closes it gently on old age. Because it was emphasized by the greatest intellect of history, and practiced in its simplicity, it became the synonym of that which is within us, and custom christened it *Christmas Day*.

☞ I hope all of you who may chance to read may profit by the mandate of the "New Commandment," not only to-day, but for every day remaining.

Hubert Work

Postmaster General.

UNITED STATES OFFICIAL POSTAL GUIDE

FOURTH SERIES

DECEMBER, 1922

VOL. 2, NO. 6

THE NEW STAMP ISSUES.

New Faces and New Designs to Appear on the Upper Right-hand Corners of Letters and Packages.

Following the decision of the department some months ago to prepare a new issue of postage stamps to replace the current series which had been in use for many years, action was taken to make them available as rapidly as possible. Considering the great amount of work required in selecting designs, engraving dies, preparing printing plates, rapid progress has been made.

Since the issuance of the 11-cent Hayes stamp, the first of the series, on October 4, a 5-cent stamp bearing the portrait of Theodore Roosevelt was completed and placed on sale at the New York and Oyster Bay post offices October 27, on the anniversary of his birth; a 6-cent stamp was made available on November 20, the one hundredth anniversary of the birth of James A. Garfield, whose portrait it bears, and was placed on sale in the Washington, D. C., post office.

Stamps of the new issue in denominations of 15, 25, and 50 cents, bearing designs of the Statue of Liberty, Niagara Falls, and Arlington Amphitheater, respectively, were placed on sale in the Washington, D. C., post office on November 11, Armistice Day. The 25-cent stamp represents a new denomination which has been made available upon the recommendations of many postmasters that such a stamp would be useful in connection with parcel-post business. In addition to the post offices mentioned above, the stamps were also placed on sale on the dates mentioned to stamp collectors at the Philatelic Stamp Agency of the department.

The new stamps will not be issued to postmasters generally until the stocks of the old issue still available are exhausted.

The stamps are described as follows:

The 5-cent stamp is the same shape and size, $73/100$ by $87/100$ inch, as the present series of stamps and is printed in blue ink. The central design is a portrait of Theodore Roosevelt within an oval, and is partly inclosed in a panel which is supported on either side by acanthus scrolls. Above the portrait in a curved line appear the words "United States Postage" in white roman letters. On a ribbon below the oval is the name "Roosevelt" and under this, at the bottom of the stamp, appears the word "Cents." In both lower corners within ovals with dark backgrounds is the white numeral "5." The entire stamp is inclosed within a cross-line border with small triangular ornaments in both upper corners.

The 6-cent stamp is of the same shape and size as the 5-cent stamp and of the same general design except that the subject is a portrait of James A. Garfield, with the word "Garfield" on the ribbon under the oval and with the white numeral "6" in the ovals in both lower corners. The 6-cent stamp is printed in orange ink.

The 15-cent stamp is the same shape and size (0.75 by 0.87 inch) as the present series of stamps, and is printed in dark gray ink. The central design is the Statue of Liberty with a view of New York Harbor in the background, partly inclosed in a spread horseshoe panel supported at the base by acanthus scrolls. Within the panel and above the design appear the words "United States Postage" in white roman letters. On a ribbon below the design is the word "Liberty" and under this, at the bottom of the stamp, in a white-edged panel, appears the word "Cents." In both lower corners within circles with dark backgrounds are the white numerals "15." The entire stamp is inclosed within a single white line border, with small panels supported by acanthus scrolls in both upper corners.

The 25-cent stamp is a new denomination added to the 1922 series. It is the same size as the other denominations but is a horizontal rectangle, and is printed in green ink. The central design is a view of Niagara Falls, taken from Goat Island looking toward the American shore. This design is within a semicircle surrounded by a panel which is supported on either side by acanthus scrolls. Within this panel and above the design appear the words, "United States Postage" in white roman letters. On a ribbon below the design is the word "Niagara" and under this, at the bottom of the stamp, in a white-edged panel, appears the word "Cents." In both lower corners within circles with dark backgrounds are the white numerals "25." The entire stamp is inclosed within a single white line border with triangular white line ornaments in both upper corners.

The 50-cent stamp is the same shape, a horizontal rectangle, and size (0.75 by 0.87 inch), as the 25-cent stamp in the new series, and is printed in lavender ink. The central design is a view of the Arlington Amphitheater with the tomb of the unknown dead in the foreground. The frame and border design is the same as the 25-cent stamp except that the numerals "50" appear in the circles in both lower corners, and the words "Arlington Amphitheater" appear on the ribbon below the design.

NEW CONFERENCE-CONVENTION SCHEDULE.

The new and revised schedule of conference-conventions was issued by Postmaster General Work on December 1. The schedule gives dates for conventions in all parts of the United States from January 16, 1923, to August 14, 1923.

New records of successful meetings roll up as more conventions are held. After the first few in the East five were held in the West and Middle West. The first series of the new year opens with four State meetings in the South. These conventions will be held at Raleigh, N. C., January 16; Columbia, S. C., January 18; Atlanta, Ga., January 20; and Jacksonville, Fla., January 22.

Conference-conventions are accomplishing their purpose to a degree unexpected. Employees and postmasters, by establishing personal contact with representatives of the department, are straightening out many puzzling matters and the foundation for greater cooperation is being laid.

The open forum and the conferences with business men are proving very effective. At the open forum, postmasters and employees ask questions that have been bothering them and make suggestions for the improvement of the service. As the result of conference-conventions many suggestions for improving the postal service are now being considered or have already been put into operation.

Better relations between business houses and their post office and the postal service in general has been the result of conventions held thus far.

The schedule follows:

Jan. 16. Raleigh, N. C.	Apr. 2. Oklahoma, Okla.	June 22. Reno, Nev.	July 16. Detroit, Mich.
18. Columbia, S. C.	4. Little Rock, Ark.	23. San Francisco, Calif.	Aug. 10. Burlington, Vt.
20. Atlanta, Ga.	6. Louisville, Ky.	30. Portland, Oreg.	13. Portsmouth, N. H.
22. Jacksonville, Fla.	17. Indianapolis, Ind.	July 4. Seattle, Wash.	14. Boston, Mass.
Feb. 15. New Orleans, La.	19. Springfield, Ill.	7. Butte, Mont. (Includes northern Idaho and Montana.)	
17. Vicksburg, Miss.	May 1. Marion, Ohio.	9. Bismarck, N. Dak.	
20. Montgomery, Ala.	June 5. Atlantic City, N. J.	11. Sioux Falls, S. Dak.	
21. Hartford, Conn.	7. Providence, R. I.	13. Minneapolis, Minn.	
23. Wilmington, Del.	20. Salt Lake City, Utah. (Tri-State convention, includes Wyoming, Utah, southern Idaho.)	14. Madison, Wis.	
Mar. 13. Albuquerque, N. Mex.			
15. Phoenix, Ariz.			
20. Charleston, W. Va.			
23. Baltimore, Md.			
31. Dallas, Tex.			

SATURDAY AFTERNOON ORDER EXTENDED.

The summer order issued by Postmaster General Work, authorizing postmasters to excuse such employees on Saturday afternoons as may properly be so excused without injury or added expense to the service, was extended to be in force the year around by a new order on December 1.

The order will take effect beginning January 13. It is stated that the experience of operation under the Saturday afternoon regulation this summer was satisfactory and justified the extension to all months of the year. Postmasters are directed to equalize the benefit of the order as far as it can be done among the different employees.

"It is assumed," the order declares, "that only a small per cent of the employees in any office may be able to benefit from this permission and that in many cities and towns perhaps none at all. But where employees by their unusual efforts, or by a situation that may exist on Saturday afternoons, are able to finish their customary work earlier than the required time, they may, in the discretion of the postmaster, be excused for the rest of their regularly assigned day."

REASONS FOR MAIL DOOR SLOT RULING.

The Postmaster General, under the law (R. S. 161, sec. 8, P. L. & R.), has authority to make all reasonable and necessary regulations for the conduct of his officers and employees and the distribution and performance of the business of his department.

Acting under such authority, in carrying out the provisions of the law governing the establishment and extension of city and village delivery service, it has been necessary for him to adopt certain rules and fix certain requirements. Among the latter are good continuous sidewalks, cross walks, street signs and lights, house numbers, and the provision of a door slot or private mail receptacle at each residence, and at each place of business when the latter is not open at the time of delivery. These requirements have been in force for many years, and in compliance therewith more than 70 per cent of all dwellings in city and village delivery territory have voluntarily been equipped with receptacles of some character. The only recent change is the requirement that the other 30 per cent be similarly equipped.

It will undoubtedly be conceded that letter carriers should not be required to wait at doorways, futilely ringing bells for several minutes, and that a slow and delayed delivery of mail from house to house is not a thing to be desired. Then why not a slot in the door or a mail box?

That 70 per cent of the householders voluntarily equipped their homes with receptacles is convincing proof that it was in their own interest to do so. They thus save themselves many needless trips to the door at inopportune moments, expedite the delivery of their own and their neighbors' mail, and avoid the return of mail to the post office through failure of delivery on account of their absence from home. With a door slot or receptacle the carrier simply deposits the mail and proceeds on his route. It is estimated that receptacles on all dwellings will result in a saving to the Government of at least \$2,500,000 annually. It can not be disputed that if the postal system is to be highly efficient it must have the cooperation of the public in every substantial way.

Under the present law 6,465,770 farmers have been required to erect boxes on rural routes at their own expense. They are obliged to erect a box by the roadside, frequently to provide a special post or pedestal therefor, and in many cases at crossroads a considerable distance from their homes. They do not have the privilege of a door slot or a letter box at their door.

The department prescribes no particular kind of receptacle. The simplest form of a slot or box is acceptable. The expense is negligible. Anyone is carpenter enough to do the work. Practically no complaints at the order are being received. Patrons throughout the country are cheerfully and promptly complying. Many offices have already reported 100 per cent perfect in this respect. We are constantly striving to improve the service, this being only one phase of a great program.

HOLD CANADIAN-UNITED STATES CONVENTION.

Postmaster General Work has completed arrangements with the Dominion of Canada, as the MONTHLY SUPPLEMENT went to press, for a conference beginning December 4 with the Postmaster General of Canada with a view of concluding a postal convention between the two countries.

Those who will represent the United States at the conference are Postmaster General Work; John H. Edwards, solicitor; Assistant Postmaster General Glover; Edwin Sands, superintendent of foreign mails; and Peter Shardt, superintendent railway mail service, second division.

The convention will be held at Ottawa. The proposals which will be discussed at the sessions include reciprocal exchange of postal equipment, insurance of parcel post between United States and Canada, transit of United States mails through Canada and Canadian mail through United States, direct correspondence between Canadian and United States postmasters, uniform money order forms for both countries, United States railway mail clerks to extend their runs into Canadian territory.

AGENDA.

The agenda as finally outlined for the convention consists of 25 different questions that, if agreed upon, will thoroughly unify the two postal systems. The list follows:

- Limit of weight for merchandise between Canada and the United States.
- Rate of merchandise passing by post between Canada and the United States.
- Insurance of parcels passing by post between Canada and the United States.
- More direct handling of routine inquiries relating to missing matter; also increase in maximum indemnity for loss of registered articles.
- Cooperation between railway post offices of Canada and the United States.
- Money-order service between Canada and the United States.
- Customs declarations on parcels passing by post between Canada and the United States.
- Money-order forms between Canada and the United States.
- Sealed mails between Canada and the United States.
- Dutiable matter passing between the two countries.
- Advertising matter in second-class publications between Canada and the United States.
- Rates on print, samples and commercial papers passing by post between Canada and the United States.
- "Outside" mail passing between Canada and the United States.
- Address of sender on parcel mail between the two countries.
- Exchange of mails between Windsor and Detroit—suggested joint arrangement for conveyance of mails both ways.
- Transit of United States mails through Canada.
- Reciprocal exchange of postal equipment between Canada and the United States.
- Direct correspondence between postmasters of Canada and the United States.
- Transmission of Canadian parcel post to Argentina, Cuba, and other points in Central and South America through the United States.
- Disposition of post cards mailed in Canada for United States prepaid with United States postage stamps.
- One full rate being compulsory on letters and post cards passing between Canada and the United States.
- Insufficiently prepaid correspondence passing between the two countries being subject to double the deficiency in accordance with Postal Union procedure instead of simple deficiency as at present.
- Extension of United States railway mail clerks runs to points in Canada.
- Facilitating cooperation between post-office inspectors in Canada and the United States in cases of theft, deprivations, etc.

NEWS OF THE POSTAL SERVICE IN BRIEF.

Overseas Christmas will be over for the Postal Service by the time this publication reaches the service. All through the month of November a heavy flow of Christmas mail for friends and relatives across the water passes through the post offices to reach its destination before December 25.

The Post Office Department has received notice of the ratification of the Pan American Principal Convention and the Pan American Parcel Post Convention by Brazil.

In the world-wide parcel-post system two maximum weights for shipment of packages from United States for foreign countries are now in universal use. One is 22 pounds and the other is 11 pounds. Only two nations do not have this limit, the Republic of Panama, with 50 pounds maximum, and Ecuador, with 20 pounds maximum. The maximum weight to Shanghai is also 50 pounds.

The largest single-day order of postage stamps in the history of the Post Office Department was turned out October 30 by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. The number was 315,255,000. The stamps, consisting of all denominations, were shipped to 15 of the largest post offices, in 1,702 packages, 14 inches long, 12 inches high, and 19 inches wide. Demand for stamps during October exceeded all previous records.

Postmaster Steele, of Kansas City, Mo., made special arrangements to broadcast speeches of Postmaster General Work and Assistant Postmaster General Bartlett, made at the Missouri conference-convention November 11.

Eight sacks of United States mail were saved from the conflagration following the capture of Smyrna, according to information which has reached the Post Office Department. Great Britain, France, and Italy have withdrawn their post offices established at Smyrna.

Post route maps by States, published by the Post Office Department for use of employees and for sale to persons outside the department, have been advanced in price from 50 to 60 cents each. The increase was necessitated by an increase in the cost of paper. The department also makes blue-print country maps showing each rural route as well as local centers. The price of these is the same. New maps are being made of California, Oklahoma, New York, Georgia, and Mississippi based on the railroad valuation maps of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The map-making work of the department is under the direction of Maj. Arthur C. Roberts, of Marcy, N. Y., who was recently appointed to succeed John H. Robinson. During the war Major Roberts served on General Pershing's staff as major of Engineers.

Little Miss Frances Glover, 6-year-old daughter of Third Assistant Postmaster General Glover, presented to President Harding at the White House on Armistice Day the first of three new stamp issues, one portraying the Arlington Amphitheater, which was rushed through the Bureau of Engraving and Printing in order to make its appearance on November 11.

Every 58 square miles of area in the United States has a post office, according to figures compiled. The reports are based upon post offices of all classes, numbering 52,000 in the total area of United States, 3,036,788 square miles.

Torin Mikuriya, secretary of the Department of Communications of Japan, and S. Oshima, architect of the Japanese Department of Communications, called on Postmaster General Work recently and inspected the Washington City post office. The representatives are investigating postal service and telegraph and telephone service in this and other countries.

The Post Office Department has sent out word to all employees and officials to give special care to convention mail.

One thousand letter packages, 240 sacks of newspapers and parcels post, and a small quantity of registered mail were lost in a wreck on the Wabash Railroad at Williamsport, Ind., October 16. Five clerks were slightly injured in the crash and were taken to a hospital at La Fayette.

ASKS OVERTIME ADJUSTMENT.

POSTMASTER GENERAL WORK RECOMMENDS LEGISLATION TO CORRECT PRESENT CONDITIONS GOVERNING EMERGENCY WORK.

Postmaster General Work has addressed letters to Senator Charles E. Townsend, chairman of the Senate Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, and Representative Halvor Steenerson, chairman of the House Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads, requesting the enactment of legislation to correct an inequality in the overtime compensation of post-office clerks and other post-office employees. A copy of the communications follows:

DEAR SIR: I am inclosing herewith draft of a proposed bill to fix the compensation of employees in post offices for overtime services performed in excess of eight hours daily.

Under existing law the compensation of employees for overtime service is less by 16.2 per cent than the pay for regular service. This disparity is due to the fact that the employee is required to perform only 2,444 hours' regular service during the year; that is to say, 306 days of eight hours each, to earn his yearly compensation. This, in the case of an \$1,800 a year clerk, would be at the rate of 73.53 cents an hour.

However, the compensation for overtime service performed by the same clerk is computed on the basis of 365 days of eight hours each, a total of 2,920 hours, or at the rate of 61.64 cents an hour.

It is to correct this inequality that the bill is offered and at the same time to provide the same basis for computing overtime pay as is provided in the act of June 5, 1920 (reclassification act), for computing overtime service of the railway mail clerks.

I sincerely trust that this matter will receive favorable consideration by your committee.

Sincerely yours,

HUBERT WORK.

A copy of the draft submitted to the two committees follows:

A BILL To fix the compensation of employees in post offices for overtime services performed in excess of eight hours daily.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled: That hereafter clerks and other employees in post offices, entitled by law to compensation for service performed in excess of eight hours daily, shall be paid for such overtime service on the basis of annual pay received by such employee: *Provided,* That in computing such overtime the annual salary or compensation of such employee shall be divided into 12 equal installments, one of which shall be the pay for each calendar month, which in turn shall be divided by the number of the days in the month, less all Sundays and legal holidays, enumerated in the act of July 28, 1916, occurring in the month; the quotient thus obtained will be the daily compensation which, divided by 8, will give the hourly compensation for overtime service. All laws or parts of laws in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

The proposed legislation is to correct an inequality that has existed for a long time resulting in postal employees actually receiving over 16 per cent less pay per hour while working overtime than they are paid while performing their regular service.

OFFERS MOVIE HOUSES AS AID TO SERVICE.

Sydney S. Cohen, president of the Motion Picture Theater Owners of America, has written the Postmaster General a letter offering the free use of the motion-picture theater screen of the United States to aid in upbuilding and perfecting the Postal Service of the country. This is appreciated as a generous offer, and the suggestion is made that postmasters

A WORD TO POSTMASTERS.

The present administration has appointed 17,774 new postmasters. Those entering the service have been carefully selected and are taking an interest in, and making a success of, their new duties to a degree that is most gratifying to the department. They appear to have grasped the central idea of the Post Office Department, namely, that we desire our postmasters to make themselves essential factors in the business life of their communities.

We hold each postmaster responsible to the department for efficient, faithful service to the patrons of his office and for a just and sympathetic attitude toward those under him.

There are three sources outside of his salary from which his reward will come—the approval of his neighbors, the commendation of the department, and that personal consciousness of uplift which we call "trying."

The department is peculiarly dependent on its postmasters for good service and the popularity that it will bring to the Government, and we solicit them to both deserve and receive the credit due them.

HUBERT WORK, *Postmaster General.*

study the situation within the jurisdiction of their office with a view to determining to what extent they may avail themselves of it.

Postmasters may find it advisable to get in touch with the motion-picture owners of their city and study ways and means of assisting the service locally by establishing better cooperative relations between the office and its patrons.

Carefully arranged slides will convey such messages of cooperation as you have in mind from time to time. The question of mailing early before the holidays and early in the morning of each day, and the advantage of both to the mailer, as well as many other questions, will readily suggest themselves.

PHILATELIC STAMP AGENCY IS PRAISED.

The following letter commending the department's Philatelic Stamp Agency has been received:

PEORIA, ILL., November 1, 1922.

Mr. W. IRVING GLOVER,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR: I desire to commend your department upon the fine manner in which your Philatelic Stamp Agency is serving the needs of the stamp collectors of the country and to assure you that the efforts of the department are indeed greatly appreciated.

We collectors are assured of receiving nice specimens and courteous treatment, which is not always the case when we go to local post offices for our hobby wants.

Wishing you continued success in this branch of the P. O. D., I am,
Very truly yours,

P. F. ROBERTSON.

Do the patrons of your office know the facilities this agency affords those interested in collecting postage stamps?

POSTMASTER'S CHRISTMAS EXHIBIT SHOWS PUBLIC HOW THE MAIL IS HANDLED. DISPLAYED IN DEPARTMENT STORE WINDOW.

In connection with his campaign for early Christmas mailing and proper preparation of matter for the mails, the postmaster of Chicago, Ill., has been conducting an educational exhibit in a show window of one of the largest department stores of Chicago.

Postmarking and package-tying machines are shown in operation, together with a small facing table upon which mail is faced; a small pouch rack upon which mail is poached after it has been postmarked and tied in bundles; a mail receptacle with full explanation of its advantages, etc.

A number of signs neatly framed show the necessity for the early posting of Christmas mail and of addressing all mail plainly and completely; of placing the return card of the sender on all mail; of using the designation north, south, east, or west when it is a proper part of the address, etc. These signs also show the great losses resulting from failure to exercise care in the preparation of parcel post, and direct attention to the advantages of mailing at frequent intervals throughout the day, of tying mail in bundles of convenient size with the stamps in the upper right-hand corner, and of using standard size envelopes and cards. A comparison is made of a perfect package and a poorly prepared package, and the result of mailing the latter.

Such exhibits, which may be varied, should be of inestimable value in our publicity campaign for early mailing, proper preparation for the mail, etc., and it is suggested that postmasters hold similar exhibits wherever it is possible to do so without expense to the department.

CARRIER GETS \$6,000 FOR BEING COURTEOUS.

Does the smile, the cheerful greeting, the display of a spirit of willingness to serve on the part of letter carriers in the performance of their duties pay? The following verified newspaper dispatch from Terre Haute, Ind., is the answer:

WOMAN LEAVES \$6,000 TO COURTEOUS POSTMAN.

TERRE HAUTE, IND., October 8.—Courtesy in the discharge of his duties as a postman won unexpected reward for Cecil Clyde Thompson. The will of Mrs. Sarah Rose Bryant, who lived in Terre Haute for 75 years, provided for more than \$6,000 worth of bank stock for Mr. Thompson "for the many courtesies and attentions shown me by him during my lifetime." The postman had carried mail to Mrs. Bryant's home for 15 years.

HELP SAVE FIVE CARLOADS OF TWINE THIS YEAR.

With a view to effecting all possible economies in the consumption of twine during the remainder of the present fiscal year, due to a one-third reduction in the appropriation for twine, a campaign is under way to save at least one-third of the amount used over last year. The actual amount of twine consumed in the Postal Service during the last fiscal year amounted to 2,000,000,000 feet or approximately 700,000 miles, enough to go 28 times around the world.

The latest quotation received by the department for the purchase of twine for the last half of the fiscal year is at a material advance over the cost for the first half year. The price which it will be necessary to pay means simply this: The balance of the appropriation available for the purchase of twine will permit the department to buy only 36 carloads

Instead of 41 carloads as originally estimated. A carload of twine represents 30,000 pounds or 60,000 balls; a reduction of 5 carloads in the quantity which can be purchased means an actual shortage of 150,000 pounds or 300,000 balls.

A material reduction must, therefore, be made in the amount of twine consumed during the remainder of the fiscal year, and every possible effort must be put forth by all postal employees to reduce the amount used in tying out mail and to reuse all possible twine.

DANGEROUS COUNTERFEIT WAR-SAVINGS STAMP.

A new and very dangerous counterfeit of the blue 1919 war savings stamp has come to light, showing few or none of the defects of the counterfeits of this stamp previously described. The color and general appearance are almost perfect.

The existing instructions for retention and examination of 1919 war savings stamps before payment should be vigilantly carried out. Careful examination will enable postmasters and postal employees concerned to detect the new counterfeit from the following defects, which appear in all specimens thus far examined by the department:

1. The top in the G in the word "Savings" in the counterfeit is too thin, almost leaving a gap; in the genuine the line is clear and continuous.
2. A similar defect appears in the final S of "United States," the narrow portions both at the top and bottom of the letter being too thin, almost broken.
3. In the second letter C of the word "Certificate" the upper right-hand part is incomplete in the counterfeit.
4. The upper right-hand portion of the final S in "Savings" is poorly formed in the counterfeit, being distinctly smaller than in the genuine stamp.

BUSINESS MEN'S SECTION.

POSTMASTER GENERAL INAUGURATES CAMPAIGN BY WRITING LARGE MAILERS.

(1)

A comprehensive scheme has been adopted by Postmaster General Work to sell postal service to the public. The first step taken to increase the postal business of the United States to obtain the economies of larger operations is the inauguration of a campaign to disseminate information to the large users of mail throughout the country, to shorten processes of preparing their mail for shipment and to expedite its distribution and dispatch after reaching the postal system.

Preliminary to this move Postmaster General Work has written a personal letter to business firms which have big mail shipments, asking information as to their present means of preparing their mail.

After answers have been received to the request of Postmaster General Work, a publication will be made up from the information supplied and the information on hand in the Post Office Department. This publication will be distributed widely.

The letter sent out by Postmaster General Work stated in brief:

The officers of the service, and postal workers generally, have long appreciated the mutual benefit resulting from the adoption of improved mail-room methods by many business firms who use the mails extensively. Through cooperation with postmasters and the department, and by reason of their own experience, many of these firms have been able to shorten methods and processes of preparing their mail for shipment, and at the same time expedite its distribution and handling after it reaches the post office.

In order to extend these advantages to other firms who desire to install the most improved methods in their mail rooms, and to secure the benefit which generally follows an exchange of ideas, I have decided to ask for a comprehensive description of the practices followed in the preparation of mail in your offices and factories.

Your cooperation in assisting me in this purpose is respectfully invited, and I shall be glad if you will write me personally along the lines suggested.

(2) INCREASE IN FOREIGN MAIL.

A comparison of the records of October, 1922, and October, 1923, shows a marked increase in the amount of foreign mail handled by the department. This comparison shows an increase in letters of 2 per cent; prints, 3 per cent; circulars, 102 per cent; registered articles, 17 per cent; parcel post, 11 per cent; and incoming parcel post, 2½ per cent. This indicates a heavy drive for foreign trade, particularly as the amount of circular mail continues to increase steadily.

(3) DETROIT MAKES MOVE TO PROTECT PARCELS.

The contents of many parcels are damaged in transit because they are not properly packed for the mails. Business men generally are vitally interested in having their parcels delivered without delay or damage, and will almost invariably welcome suggestions and cooperate with the department, if afforded an opportunity. Postmasters have been requested to take this matter up with local business organizations and trade bodies, or even directly with heavy

parcel-post mailers. At Detroit, Postmaster Smith reports that, through the board of commerce of his city, arrangements have been made for all retail merchants to carry uniform corrugated boxes for general use in shipping mail, especially Christmas gifts. The boxes are to be uniform, the sizes specified in this instance being 10 by 5 by 4 inches, 12 by 6 by 3 inches, 13 by 10 by 6 inches, and 15 by 9 by 11 inches.

(4) GET MAILING LISTS CHECKED UP BY POST OFFICE.

Due to the practice of many business concerns in using obsolete or inaccurate mailing lists, vast quantities of incorrectly addressed matter are deposited in the mails. This condition is highly detrimental both to the post office and to the business houses affected, as it delays or entirely prevents delivery and results in serious economic waste through the loss to business men of advertising matter and catalogues, when delivery is not effected.

This matter has been called to the attention of postmasters, who have responded by communicating with large mailing concerns, explaining to them the desirability of correcting their mailing lists, and offering to make the revisions at the rate of 60 cents per hour as provided in the regulations. Business houses were further impressed with the importance of availing themselves of the return postage guaranty privilege on all matter of any value which they desire returned if not delivered.

The response from the large mailing concerns has been prompt and gratifying.

(5) MR. MAILER, BE FAIR TO THE POSTMASTER.

The Post Office Department issues an appeal to large mailers, who maintain agencies in other districts, to refrain from the practice of purchasing stamps at the home office for use on mail and parcels dispatched at their branch offices.

Under the law, the salaries of postmasters and the number of clerks in the post office are determined on the basis of postal receipts. Therefore, when great quantities of mail are deposited in an office, the stamps for which were purchased elsewhere, the postmaster and clerks are called upon to perform extra work which otherwise would fall to additional employees as a result of larger showings in revenues.

(6) MASSACHUSETTS SECRETARY OF STATE THOUGHT OF POSTAL EMPLOYEES WHEN HE MAILED 1,200,000 ELECTION CIRCULARS.

The department, in a letter to the secretary of state of Massachusetts, Frederic W. Cook, compliments him for thoughtfulness for the postal clerks at the time he sent out 1,200,000 copies of "Official Information to Voters" to the citizens of the Bay State.

The department urges that other big mailers take notice of the cooperation extended by Mr. Cook. He devised a scheme whereby, instead of dumping the entire lot into the post office at once, several thousand were sent at intervals of a few hours. Those which had the longest distance to go were mailed first and those for the Boston district last. In this way the work of the postal clerks was distributed over a longer period of time and thus made the task easier for them. The department urges all persons sending large quantities of mail to follow the course of the Massachusetts official and mail "early and often."

Secretary Cook also made inquiries into the expense for postage and then adopted a weight of paper which would make the cost as small as possible.

(7) POSTAL SAVINGS SHOW INCREASE IN THE WEST.

A survey of the record of postal savings receipts at offices where the deposits exceed \$100,000 shows that there were unusually large deposits made during the month of October, principally in western cities. The largest increase over the preceding month, \$89,091, was made by Los Angeles, Calif., but in Great Falls, Mont., an advance of \$34,768, or nearly 40 per cent, resulted in that city jumping from ninety-second to sixty-ninth place. Of the 12 cities having deposits in excess of \$1,000,000, only 3 reported increases during October, Tacoma, and Seattle, Wash., and Portland, Oreg. Postal officials see in the October figures signs of returning health to the Postal Savings System because of the apparent check in withdrawals.

SERVICE.

Sale of Tuberculosis Seals in Post-office Lobbies—Explanation—Correction—Display Christmas Posters—Questions and Answers—Bala-Cynwyd, Pa.—Mail Left in Sacks—Reply Coupons—Fraud Orders—Amendments to the Postal Laws and Regulations.

NOTE.—Orders or information in this section are of importance to all members of the Postal Service.

(8) SALE OF TUBERCULOSIS SEALS IN POST-OFFICE LOBBIES.

During the Christmas holiday period the National Tuberculosis Association is engaged in the very meritorious work of selling tuberculosis seals.

The department is desirous of cooperating in this work to the very fullest extent consistent with the performance of its own service, and to this end it gives its consent to the reasonable use of post-office lobbies, subject to proper regulation on the part of the postmasters and custodians.

(9) GREATER CARE IN OPERATION OF GOVERNMENT-OWNED TRUCKS.

The attention of postmasters of offices operating Government-owned trucks is invited to sections 223 and 224 of the rules and regulations for conducting Government-owned motor vehicle service, with special reference to the observance of State and local traffic laws. The mere fact that employees of the Postal Service officially engaged in the transportation of mail are not, under certain conditions, amenable to State and local laws does not mean that an employee may operate a vehicle in a reckless manner and still retain his connection with the Postal Service. While it is appreciated that schedules have to be maintained and the collection and delivery of mail expedited, the vehicles engaged in the three activities cited must be operated with care. No schedule is so "tight" that reckless driving is necessary to maintain it, and where recklessness is indulged in it usually results from the unnecessary loss of time at the starting point, which loss the operator attempts to make up somewhere along the route.

With a view to reducing accidents to a minimum, the cooperation of employees assigned to drive motor trucks is earnestly requested.

(10) EXPLANATION.

In a notice in the Postal Bulletin reference was made to a "shortage of paper in the Government Printing Office" as the reason for delay in shipment of forms to be used in connection with the exchange or payment of 1918 war-savings certificates. In order to prevent any interpretation of this expression as a reflection on the management of the Government Printing Office, which was very far from being intended, it should be explained that the supply of paper was normal and adequate for all usual needs, but insufficient to meet a request for quick delivery on a series of unexpected requisitions for approximately 15,000,000 forms.—*Third Assistant Postmaster General.*

(11) CORRECTION.

In the paragraph relating to precanceled stamps, appearing in the article entitled "Preparing for Christmas," on page 13 of the November SUPPLEMENT to the Postal Guide, it is stated that precanceled stamps may be used for the payment of postage on matter of the first, second, third, and fourth classes offered for mailing during the month of December.

This is incorrect, as precanceled stamps may in no cases be used in payment of postage on mail matter of the first class. Such stamps may be used only on mail matter of the second, third, and fourth classes, as will be seen from the instructions of this bureau in the article entitled "Use of precanceled stamps on holiday mail," on page 14 of the November Supplement.—*Third Assistant Postmaster General.*

(12) CHRISTMAS POSTER TO BE CONSPICUOUSLY PLACED IN POST OFFICES.

To bring to the attention of our foreign-born citizens the slogan of the department: "Say Merry Christmas with a Postal Money Order," which will be sent to every money-order office in the United States, notices to this effect have been printed in various languages and will be transmitted to a number of international money-order offices. It is desired that they be distributed to the best advantage among the branches and stations of the large offices, that they may be posted in a conspicuous place, and that every facility be afforded the public for this safe and speedy method of remitting money to absent relatives and friends.

To safeguard the public in every possible way, special examination should be made of the notice of conversion rates now in use at every international money-order office, branch, and station (the latest one is dated October 25, 1922,

and gives the rates which became effective October 30, and postmasters and money-order clerks should be careful to discard all previous notices and to be on the alert to recognize and follow any subsequent instructions as to rates, should it become necessary for the department to issue such during the Christmas rush.—*Third Assistant Postmaster General.*

(13) QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Question. Is a city carrier regularly promoted to the fourth grade on April 1 entitled to promotion to the fifth grade on April 1 of the next year or on July 1, one year and three months later?

Answer. He is entitled to promotion April 1 next following unless promotion is withheld for disciplinary or other sufficient reasons.

Question. Is a clerk who is physically incapacitated for duty due to the sickness and death of his wife entitled to sick leave with pay?

Answer. If an employee is physically incapacitated for the performance of service from any cause he is entitled to sick leave with pay provided he has such leave accruing to him and furnishes a physician's certificate of disability.

Question. Should seniority prevail in all cases of promotion or should efficiency and ability over seniority be considered?

Answer. Seniority as defined in the Postal Bulletin of September 8, 1921, holds that fitness is preeminent and should be considered first in selecting employees for assignment or promotion but should be closely joined with seniority as a matter of justice.

(14) BALA-CYNWYD.

It has been brought to the attention of the department that postmasters have refused to accept or forward mail, especially C. O. D. parcel post, addressed to Bala, Pa., or Cynwyd, Pa.

As there are no post offices of the foregoing names, it is clearly evident that such mail is intended for Bala-Cynwyd, Pa., a second-class post office.

All postal employees will be governed accordingly, and every effort should be made to instruct the public properly with regard to the name of this office.

(15) MAIL LEFT IN MAIL SACKS.

It has recently come to the attention of the department that in some instances mail matter is being left in mail bags on account of carelessness on the part of postal employees in not carefully examining each bag emptied to see that no mail is left therein. The attention of postmasters and other postal employees is directed to paragraph 35, page 78, July, 1922, Postal Guide, on this subject, and it is requested that in the future very careful attention be given to this matter.—*Second Assistant Postmaster General.*

(16) REDEMPTION OF OLD-STYLE INTERNATIONAL REPLY COUPONS OF FOREIGN ORIGIN ISSUED BEFORE JANUARY 1, 1922, TO CEASE WITH THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS DECEMBER 31, 1922.

Following an agreement between the member administrations of the Universal Postal Union, the International Bureau at Berne, Switzerland, has issued a circular designating December 31, 1922, as the last day upon which international reply coupons of the old model issued before January 1, 1922, shall be accepted from the public.

In accordance with this arrangement the redemption of old-style international reply coupons of foreign origin postmarked as issued prior to January 1, 1922, will cease with the close of business December 31, 1922. Those coupons accepted by postmasters before the expiration of the time limit shall be redeemed at the prevailing rate of 5 cents in stamps for two coupons. The redeemed coupons should bear a legible postmark showing the exact date of redemption. Credit for coupons postmarked as redeemed after December 31, 1922, will not be allowed by the department.

Coupons of the character treated in this notice, as well as all other redeemed coupons of foreign origin, must be sent to the department for credit immediately after the close of the quarter in a shipment wholly separate from other stamp stock. (See par. 3, sec. 345, P. L. & R.)—*Third Assistant Postmaster General.*

(17) FRAUD ORDERS.

Fraud orders have been issued against the following concerns and parties:

The American Protective Association, and its officers and agents as such, at Montreal, Canada; Tableware Manufacturing Co., and its officers and agents as such, at Montreal, Canada; the Community Sterling Co., and its officers and agents as such, at Montreal, Canada, and Blythe Bros., at Berlin, Germany, and London, England; Heinrich Lubben, Duevej 88, I, Frederiksberg-Copenhagen, Denmark; Harry Reynolds, Harry Reynolds, Esq., and the Imperial Leafless Book Co. (Inc.), at Haarlem, Holland, and the European Distributing Co. (Ltd.), and its officers and agents as such, at Berlin, Germany, and London, England, and A. Dello, Eichenstrasse 71, Hamburg 19, Germany.

All postmasters should treat mail addressed to these parties in accordance with the provisions of section 485, Postal Laws and Regulations, 1913.

(18) FRAUD ORDERS AGAINST CONCERNS LOCATED AT MONTREAL, CANADA.

The special attention of all postmasters is invited to the fact that fraud orders have been recently issued against the following concerns located at Montreal, Canada.

Grand Silverware Co.; Imperial Silverware Co.; Prize Silverware Department; Prize Silverware Co.; Imperial Silverware Department; United Silverware Co.; Roy Silverware Co.; Radiant Diamond Co.; International Silverware Co.; International Silverware Co., prize department; Manager Prize Department; Radiant Diamond & Silverware Co.; Canadian Silverware Co.; Standard Silverware Co.; Crown Silver & Jewelry Co.; Hawaiian Diamond & Premium Co.; the Premium Dispatch Co.; the Oriental Diamond Jewelry Co.; Radiant Diamond Co., prize depart-

ment: Commercial Silverware Co.; American Silverware Co.; Community Sterling Co.; and the Tableware Manufacturing Co.

That these orders are not being enforced by postmasters and other postal employees is evidenced by the fact that the department has received information that the promoter of the schemes operated under these names is receiving some seven hundred remittances daily from persons in the United States.

Postal cards and other mail matter showing on its face that it emanates from these concerns should be withdrawn from the mails as nonmailable matter and treated in accordance with the provisions of sections 484 and 547, *Postal Laws and Regulations*, 1913.

All matter addressed to these concerns should be treated in accordance with the provisions of section 485, *Postal Laws and Regulations*, 1913.

(19) AMENDMENTS TO THE POSTAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

The amendments are printed on one side of pages at the back of the supplements and should be clipped therefrom regularly each month, as they are intended for pasting directly opposite the sections amended, or for posting in a blank book, the margin of each section amended being marked with the number of the insert affecting that particular section. The following subjects are treated in the amendments published this month:

Insert No.—

793. Temporary reduction in pay of rural carriers.

794. Leave of absence.

POSTMASTERS.

Complete Addresses—Good Postmarking—Mail for Conventions—Complaints—Extensions of Delivery Service—About Special-delivery Pay-roll Forms—Redeemed and Damaged Stamped Paper—Postage on Attached Communications—District Postmasters' Remittances—Reports on Vehicle Expense.

NOTE.—The following notices pertain particularly to postmasters:

(20) USE OF COMPLETE ADDRESSES BY RAILROAD AND EXPRESS COMPANIES.

With a view to insuring prompt and proper delivery of notices of the arrival of freight or express shipments, postmasters should confer with proper local officials of railroad and express companies and endeavor to secure their cooperation in incorporating complete addresses (including street and number) on all notices of arrival of freight or express shipments. Attention should be invited to the possible failure or delay in delivery of incompletely addressed notices and the benefits which will accrue to the consignee, the railroad or express company, and the department through close cooperation.

(21) GOOD POSTMARKING A VITAL PART OF GOOD SERVICE.

Postmasters are again urged to see that all postmarks are legible.

That poor postmarking has reflected seriously upon the service is evidenced by the following information received from the Associated Business Papers, Inc., of New York, N. Y.:

Our publishers complain that many letters reach them on which the canceling stamp has been imperfectly imprinted.

In handling mail from subscribers, it is very important that the canceling stamp should be clearly legible, because a great many letters and remittances contain no clue to the post office of the sender, and this information must be obtained from the canceling stamp on the letter.

One small publisher writes that he is holding over \$500 in subscription remittances because he could not locate the senders. He states, further, that he could have located the senders in each instance had he been able to decipher the canceling stamps on the envelopes. Of course, the failure to hear from letters of this kind creates suspicion and distrust on the part of the subscribers.

Can not the Post-Office Department do something to insure greater care on the part of all post offices in affixing the canceling stamp?

(22) MAIL FOR CONVENTIONS.

Complaint is frequently made to the department by persons attending conventions in different cities that mail addressed to them as officers or members of, or in care of the organization or association holding the convention, is frequently returned to the writer, often resulting in considerable annoyance and inconvenience.

It is therefore advised that postmasters and their supervisory officers, especially of the larger cities, keep a list of dates of all conventions of any importance and issue at the proper time such instructions as may be necessary to insure the prompt and proper handling of all mail received for delegates or other persons attending such conventions.

(23) COMPLAINTS.

All complaints, whether made directly or through the department, should receive immediate attention, and investigations should be earnest and thorough rather than perfunctory.

If investigation develops inefficient service due to any basic condition demanding correction the necessary remedial measures should immediately be applied. If departmental action is necessary, a full statement of the facts with suitable recommendation should be submitted to the proper bureau and division.

In every case where feasible the complainant should be interviewed and an attempt made to explain and adjust the matter to his satisfaction, consistent with the regulations; and where individual responsibility for delay to or mistreatment of mail can be fixed, suitable disciplinary action against the employee at fault should be taken.

(24) EXTENSION OF CITY AND VILLAGE DELIVERY SERVICE.

On page 3 of the January, 1922, Supplement to the Postal Guide, central accounting postmasters are empowered to authorize minor extensions of city and village delivery service where all requirements are met and no additional cost is involved.

In order that the department's records may be complete, it is desired that postmasters making such extensions submit a report to the First Assistant, Division of Post Office Service, showing the names of streets involved, number of additional possible stops, total additional distance to be covered by the carrier, and total additional time required daily.

(25) FORMS 1594 AND 1907—SPECIAL DELIVERY PAY ROLLS.

Form 1594 is furnished only for the use of special-delivery messengers and for substitute carriers and clerks employed as such at offices of the first and second classes and will not be furnished for the use of rural carriers.

As the number of special articles delivered by rural carriers is comparatively small (at first and second class offices) a record of the number thereof should be kept in the post office and voucher for fees paid taken on Form 1907, a supply of which may be obtained from the Fourth Assistant, Division of Equipment and Supplies, on requisition.

In this connection, attention is invited to the fact that no fee is allowed to employees of first and second class offices for the delivery of special-delivery articles during their regular tours of duty as regular salaried employees, or, in the case of substitutes, when paid at the rate of 60 cents per hour, the fee in all such cases reverting to the department.

JOHN H. BARTLETT,

First Assistant Postmaster General.

(26) REDEEMED AND DAMAGED STAMPED PAPER HELD AT POST OFFICES, INCLUDING RETIRED 3-CENT ENVELOPES AND 2-CENT POSTAL CARDS.

The attention of direct accounting postmasters is directed to a notice published in the Postal Bulletin of April 17 and later reprinted in notice No. 39 of the May, 1922, Postal Guide, authorizing them to resume the practice of sending their redeemed and damaged stamped paper to the department for credit without first obtaining permission. It is evident that these notices have escaped the attention of a number of direct accounting postmasters, since requests for permission to return redeemed stamp stock are still being received.

While the notices referred to did not specifically mention the retired 3-cent envelopes and 2-cent postal cards held at post offices for redemption, it was intended that they should be included in the next shipment following the receipt of instructions. Direct accounting postmasters now holding redeemed 3-cent envelopes and 2-cent postal cards should, therefore, forward them for credit without further delay. The revaluation of retired 3-cent stamped envelopes and 2-cent postal cards has been discontinued.

Central accounting postmasters may also resume the practice of forwarding the quarterly accumulation of redeemed and damaged stock for credit without first obtaining authority. This notice is not intended to disturb the schedule already arranged with certain central accounting postmasters for the return of redeemed stock on specified dates.

(27) POSTAGE ON COMMUNICATIONS ATTACHED TO PARCELS.

It appears some postmasters are accepting parcels of fourth-class matter having communications attached thereto with no postage being paid on the communications.

Attention is, therefore, invited to paragraph 5 $\frac{1}{2}$, amended section 458, Postal Laws and Regulations, and the instructions issued in connection therewith in article 54, page 18, of the July, 1922, Postal Guide, from which it will be seen that when it is desired to mail a communication attached to a parcel of fourth-class matter under the provisions of the section referred to, postage must be fully prepaid at the proper rate on both the parcel and the communication.

Postmasters are cautioned to see that the postage on all parcels with communications attached mailed under the provisions of paragraph 5 $\frac{1}{2}$, amended section 458, Postal Laws and Regulations, is properly prepaid on both the parcel and the communication.

(28) REMITTANCES BY DISTRICT POSTMASTERS.

It has been reported by several central-accounting postmasters that many postmasters at offices of the third and fourth classes in filing in Form 1842 to accompany remittances of surplus postal funds do not indicate the quarter for which the remittance is intended. All district postmasters are requested in making remittances of funds to be careful to indicate on the remittance letter Form 1842 the quarter for which the remittance is made in order to avoid confusion.—*Third Assistant Postmaster General.*

(29) SUBMISSION BY POSTMASTERS OF REPORTS COVERING THE EXPENDITURES FOR VEHICLES USED IN THE CITY DELIVERY AND COLLECTION SERVICE AS AUTHORIZED BY THE DEPARTMENT.

Postmasters at offices of the first and second classes, at which the employment of vehicles in the city delivery and collection service has been authorized, are reminded that it is necessary that reports be submitted to the Division of Rural Mails, of this bureau, immediately after the close of each quarter. Form 4158 is to be used for this purpose.

When it has been necessary to expend a greater sum than covered by the allowance postmasters are required to submit requests for the authorization of additional allowances, accompanied with an explanatory statement as to the reasons or necessity for incurring the additional expenditure.—*Fourth Assistant Postmaster General.*

CLERKS AND CARRIERS.

Substitute Service on Account of Sick Leave—Application for Service Credit Under Retirement Act—Surety Companies.

NOTE.—The following notices pertain particularly to clerks and carriers.

(30) SUBSTITUTE SERVICE ON ACCOUNT OF SICK LEAVE.

The notice published in the Postal Bulletin of October 16, 1922, directing postmasters to report in the proper space on Forms 1525 and 1800 expenditures for substitute service in place of clerks and carriers absent on account of illness, applies only to post offices of the first and second classes.

Employees of third-class post offices are employed by postmasters from lump-sum allowances and are not subject to civil-service rules and regulations or the provisions of section 301 of the Postal Laws and Regulations. Additional allowances will not be granted postmasters of third-class offices for service during the absence on account of illness of their employees.—*First Assistant Postmaster General.*

(31) OVERTIME.

The law provides that in cases of emergency or if the needs of the service require, clerks in first and second class post offices and carriers in the City Delivery Service can be required to work in excess of eight hours a day, for which service they should be paid extra in proportion to their salaries, and provides further that regular clerks shall not be employed overtime whenever it is practicable to employ a substitute and one is available.

The department has received from time to time complaints of the unwarranted excessive employment of clerks overtime. Such employment of regular clerks is justified only when there is no substitute available; that is, when it is not practicable to perform the service otherwise than by the use of overtime. Such occasions are extreme emergencies not foreseen, or periods of congestion such as the first of each month and holiday seasons when it is impracticable to employ substitutes because of the short period of time involved, and congestion and delay may be avoided by utilizing the service of regular employees a short time in addition to their regular tours of duty.

Clerks should not be employed overtime regularly from day to day to handle unusual quantities of mail which may be handled by the employment of substitutes or auxiliary assistance. Where an increase in business is permanent, requiring additional assistance daily, the matter should immediately be brought to the attention of the department with a view to obtaining authorization for either additional regular employees or additional auxiliary assistance. Unexpected need for auxiliary service not provided for in allowances in force should be brought immediately to the attention of the department.

During the war the employment of city carriers overtime to an excessive extent became a general practice. Notwithstanding material reductions in expenditures for overtime, it appears that this excessive use of overtime is continuing in some offices. This must be discontinued. Carriers should not be permitted to work overtime except when specifically authorized to do so by the supervisory office in charge, and overtime should be used only to avoid serious delay in delivery of mail and when it has been established by an inspection of the delivery districts and a check of the work of the carrier that complete deliveries can not be effected otherwise. In such cases the facts should be reported to the department with suggestions for obviating the use of overtime.

(32) APPLICATION FOR SERVICE CREDIT, FORM 3-R32, UNDER THE RETIREMENT ACT.

"Application for service credit," Form 3-R32, for use as provided in sections 10 and 11 of the retirement act, has been revised. In the execution of the revised form it is required that, in the case of post-office employees, the certificate of administrative officer shall be signed by the postmaster; for employees of the Railway Mail Service, by the division superintendent or rural letter carriers, by the postmaster of the paying office for the State wherein the applicant is employed; and for employees of the motor vehicle service by the postmaster where the applicant is employed. The application will then be forwarded to the bureau of the Post Office Department having jurisdiction over such employees, to be countersigned and transmitted to the Bureau of Pensions for action.

You are directed to obtain a supply of the new form from the Commissioner of Pensions and discontinue the use of the old form at once.

(33) SURETY COMPANIES.

The following is a revised list of surety companies acceptable to the Post Office Department on the bonds of its employees:

INCORPORATED NAMES OF COMPANIES WITH LOCATIONS OF HOME OFFICES.

CONNECTICUT.	NEW YORK.
1. The Aetna Casualty & Surety Co., Hartford.	16. American Surety Co. of New York.
2. Hartford Accident & Indemnity Co., Hartford.	17. Columbia Casualty Co., New York.
	18. The Fidelity & Casualty Co. of New York.
IOWA.	19. Eagle Indemnity Co., New York. ¹
3. Federal Surety Co., Davenport.	20. The General Casualty & Surety Reinsurance Corporation, New York. ⁴
4. Iowa Bonding & Casualty Co., Des Moines. ²	21. Globe Indemnity Co., Newark, N. J.
5. Southern Surety Co., Des Moines.	22. London & Lancashire Indemnity Co. of America, New York.
LOUISIANA.	23. National Surety Co., New York.
6. Union Indemnity Co., New Orleans.	24. New Amsterdam Casualty Co., Baltimore, Md.
MARYLAND.	25. The Preferred Accident Insurance Co. of New York.
7. Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Maryland, Baltimore.	26. Royal Indemnity Co., New York.
8. Maryland Casualty Co., Baltimore.	27. United States Guarantee Co., New York.
9. United States Fidelity & Guaranty Co., Baltimore.	
MASSACHUSETTS.	PENNSYLVANIA.
10. Massachusetts Bonding & Insurance Co., Boston.	28. American Re-Insurance Co., Philadelphia.
MICHIGAN.	29. Indemnity Insurance Co. of North America, Philadelphia.
11. Detroit Fidelity & Surety Co., Detroit.	30. Pennsylvania Surety Co., Harrisburg.
12. General Casualty & Surety Co., Detroit.	31. Republic Casualty Co., Pittsburgh.
13. Standard Accident Insurance Co., Detroit. ³	
NEW JERSEY.	TEXAS.
14. Commercial Casualty Insurance Co., Newark.	32. American Indemnity Co., Galveston.
15. International Fidelity Insurance Co., Jersey City.	
	WISCONSIN.
	33. Northwestern Casualty & Surety Co., Milwaukee. ⁵

TRANSPORTATION.

(34) MAIL LOCKS NOT TO BE ATTACHED TO EMPTY POUCHES OR SACKS BEING DISPATCHED TO DEPOSITORIES.

It has come to the attention of the department that empty mail pouches and sacks received at depositories from post offices in a great many cases have surplus locks attached thereto. Postmasters and other postal employees must not attach locks to empty pouches or sacks, but must dispatch empty bags and locks separately to depositories, in accordance with instructions covered in sections 1502 and 1514, Postal Laws and Regulations.

(35) LOCKING PARCEL-POST MAIL.

A notice was published in the Postal Bulletin under date of August 18 relative to locking parcel-post mail contained in No. 1 sacks equipped with locking cord fasteners. The attention of postmasters and other postal employees is directed to the fact that it will not be obligatory to follow these instructions until after Christmas, inasmuch as it will be necessary to conserve the supply of locks now in service for use in connection with locking pouches containing first-class mail during the approaching holiday season.—*Second Assistant Postmaster General.*

¹ Company reinsured in Southern Surety Co., Apr. 30, 1922; certificate of authority revoked May 31, 1922.

² Certificate of authority issued June 1, 1922.

³ Certificate of authority issued Aug. 19, 1922.

⁴ Rating suspended.

⁵ Certificate of authority issued May 1, 1922.

FOREIGN MAILS.

Parcel Post to Australia and Papua—Parcel Post to Belgian Congo—
Mail and Parcel Post Under Agreement with Brazil—China Parcel
Post—Customs Declarations for Great Britain—Dutiable Articles
to Switzerland—Publications for Canada—Authorized Importa-
tions by Parcel Post—Separation of Foreign Mail—Commercial
Papers—Printed Matter—Algerian Restrictions—Gold Coast Colony
Prohibitions—Plants, etc., to Guadeloupe and Martinique—Hebrew
Matter in Hungarian Mails—Trinidad and Tobago Prohibitions—
Hedjaz Mail—Agreement with Dominican Republic—United States
and El Salvador Official Mail—Smyrna Mail—Reduced Rates to
Spain—Navy Mail.

(36) PARCEL-POST SERVICE TO AUSTRALIA AND PAPUA.

In connection with the items "Australia," shown on pages 167 and 177 of the annual Postal Guide for 1922, it is desirable that such items be changed to read as follows:

"Australia (including States of New South Wales, Queensland, South Australia, Tasmania, Victoria, and Western Australia, Lord Howe Island, and Norfolk Island)."

It will be noted from the above that "Papua" has been eliminated from those places assimilated to Australia and "Lord Howe Island" has been added to those places assimilated to Australia. This has been done due to information received from the Melbourne office, showing that in the future it will be necessary that parcels addressed for delivery in Papua bear a transit charge in addition to the postage rate of 12 cents a pound or fraction of a pound.

In this connection, parcels addressed for delivery in Lord Howe Island may be dispatched to that place under the same conditions as parcels addressed for delivery in Australia.

Effective November 1, 1922, the following transit charges will be applicable to parcels mailed in the United States addressed for delivery in Papua in addition to the postage rate of 12 cents a pound or fraction of a pound, both postage rate and transit charges to be prepaid at time of mailing by postage stamps affixed to the parcel:

1 pound.....	\$0.16		7 pounds.....	\$0.88
2 pounds.....	.28		8 pounds.....	1.00
3 pounds.....	.40		9 pounds.....	1.12
4 pounds.....	.52		10 pounds.....	1.24
5 pounds.....	.64		11 pounds.....	1.36
6 pounds.....	.76			

The annual Postal Guide for 1922 is therefore modified as follows:

Page 172, item "Papua," column 4, change "-" to "00".

Page 175, add item "Papua (British New Guinea)" between the items "Palestine" and "Paraguay," showing the above transit rates.

(37) PARCEL-POST SERVICE TO BELGIAN CONGO VIA ENGLAND.

This office has been informed that, effective at once, parcel-post service to Belgian Congo (via England), has been extended and parcels may now be accepted for Katanga and eastern Provinces of Belgian Congo via Aden and Dar-es-Salaam, up to a weight limit of 11 pounds, when prepaid at the postage rate of 12 cents a pound or fraction of a pound, plus the following transit charges:

1 pound.....	\$0.84		7 pounds.....	\$1.26
2 pounds.....	.84		8 pounds.....	1.68
3 pounds.....	.84		9 pounds.....	1.68
4 pounds.....	1.26		10 pounds.....	1.68
5 pounds.....	1.26		11 pounds.....	1.68
6 pounds.....	1.26			

The Katanga Province is understood to comprise the districts of Katanga, Lomani, Mosro, Lulua, and Upper Uapula, and the eastern Provinces comprise the districts of Lower Uele, Upper Uele, Stanleyville, L'Ituri, Lova, Kivu, Maniema, and L'Aruwimi.

The items "Belgian Congo" appearing on pages 174 and 182 of the annual Postal Guide for 1922 should be modified accordingly.

(38) MAIL AND PARCEL-POST EXCHANGES BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL UNDER THE PAN AMERICAN CONVENTIONS OF BUENOS AIRES.

Brazil having ratified the Pan American Principal Convention and the Pan American Parcel Post Convention concluded at Buenos Aires September 15, 1921, the provisions of the said conventions become effective November 1, 1922, with respect to regular and parcel-post mails destined for that country.

The notice of this office dated July 25, 1922, which was published in the Postal Bulletin of July 27 and as section 49 on page 17 of the August, 1922, Postal Guide, should be enlarged accordingly.

(39) PARCEL-POST PACKAGES FOR CHINA—MAXIMUM DIMENSIONS.

Effective immediately, the maximum combined length and girth applicable to parcel-post packages destined for steam-served places in China is increased from 6 to 7 feet; provided, however, that parcels exceeding 6 feet in combined length and girth must be restricted in length to 2 feet 6 inches.

The item "China" on page 184 of the July, 1922, Postal Guide is modified accordingly.

(40) PARCELS EXCHANGED WITH CHINA.

Arrangements have been made for the exchange between the United States and China of parcel-post packages closed by means of wax, effective December 1, 1922, on parcels mailed in the United States, and effective November 1, 1922, on parcels mailed in China.

It should be noted that customs officials will be authorized to open such parcels (including the right to break the seals) for examination and appraisal, when the parcels will again be closed by means of official seals, as is done in the case of sealed parcels received from Argentina, Italy, and Paraguay.

(41) ENTRIES ON CUSTOMS DECLARATIONS OF PARCELS FOR GREAT BRITAIN.

Notice has been received from the British postal authorities that much labor, as well as inconvenience to all concerned, results because packages are received with customs declarations bearing entries not fully descriptive of the contents of such packages and it is represented that it would facilitate the handling of packages if the customs declarations, instead of bearing entries of "Groceries," "Presents," etc., bore entries giving a description and the weight of the following articles, when inclosed, viz:

Sugar.	Preserved ginger.	Cocoa powder.	Coffee.
Sweets and confectionery.	Jams, jellies, and marmalades.	Canned fruit.	Condensed milk.
Crystallized and imitation fruits and flowers.	Chocolate.	Dried fruits.	Milk powder.
		Tea.	

In the case of dried fruits the precise kind of fruit must be stated, such as figs, raisins, currants, or dates.

(42) DUTIABLE ARTICLES IN THE REGULAR (LETTER) MAILS TO SWITZERLAND.

The postal administration of Switzerland has informed this department that, effective at once, articles liable to customs duty may now be imported into Switzerland by letter mail, if the envelopes in which they are inclosed bear a conspicuous colored label with the inscription "To be submitted to the customs."

The item "Switzerland" shown on page 150 of the annual Postal Guide for 1922 is modified by eliminating the words "dutable articles."

(43) MARKING OF BOOKS, PERIODICALS, AND MAGAZINES FOR CANADA.

Postmasters will please give the widest possible publicity, without expense to the department, to the following letter of the Canadian Commissioner of Customs and Excise, dated Ottawa, October 26, 1922:

Referring to your further inquiry of the 23d instant, relative to the marking of imported magazines and periodicals with an indication of the country of origin, you are advised that the name of the printer or publisher accompanied by the name of the country or place in a state of a country, where the magazine or periodical has been printed or published will be accepted as sufficient indication of the country of origin, but in order to comply with the regulations in cases where the name and address of the printer or publisher is given as the indication of the country of origin, such address must include either the name of the country of origin or a state in that country.

With regard to the position in which the required indication should appear on imported books or magazines, you are advised that it will be satisfactory compliance with the regulations if the indication is placed on the inside or outside of the front or back cover or on the title-page. It will also be satisfactory if the required indication is placed upon any one of the first four pages of a magazine.

Wrappers used in the ordinary course as coverings for printed matter forwarded through the mails are not required to be marked, and the inclosure of such printed matter therein would not be construed as covering or obscuring the marking on the printed matter.

(44) PRINTED OR LITHOGRAPHED MATTER AND LEAD PENCILS TO CANADA.

The Canadian post office department has informed this office that on and after November 1, 1922, wooden or fiber lead pencils and printed or lithographed matter of all kinds, including books and pictures, imported into Canada by mail or otherwise shall be marked, stamped, branded, or labeled in legible English or French words, in a conspicuous place that shall not be covered or obscured by any subsequent attachments or arrangements, so as to indicate the country of origin. Said marking, stamping, branding, or labeling shall be as nearly indelible and permanent as the nature of the goods will permit.

All such goods imported into Canada after November 1, 1922, which do not comply with the requirements stated shall be subject to an additional duty of 10 per cent ad valorem, to be levied on the value for duty purposes, and in addition such goods shall not be released from customs possession until they have been so marked, stamped, branded, or labeled under customs supervision at the expense of the importer.

(45) AUTHORIZED IMPORTATION BY PARCEL POST OF SAMPLES OF RAW OR UNMANUFACTURED COTTON AND COTTON WASTE.

The Federal Horticultural Board of the Department of Agriculture having decided, at the earnest request of trade interests, to authorize the importation in the mails of samples of raw or unmanufactured cotton and cotton waste, notice is hereby given that the necessary arrangements have been made by the Post Office Department and the Department of Agriculture to provide for such importations by parcel post when the packages are addressed to the United States Department of Agriculture, Federal Horticultural Board, either at Washington, D. C., or at the Ferry Building, San Francisco, Calif., the name and address of the ultimate consignee to be indicated in the lower left-hand corner of the wrapper of the parcel.

Upon the receipt of the parcels at the inspection offices of the Federal Horticultural Board either at Washington or at San Francisco they will be examined and, if necessary, disinfected, whereupon the parcels will be forwarded to the ultimate consignees.

In this connection special attention is invited to the circumstance that the foregoing arrangement provides for no modification of the prohibition against the importation in the mails of cotton seed (including seed cotton) and cotton-seed hulls, but that the arrangement applies exclusively to samples of cotton and cotton waste.

Section 187, on page 154 of the July, 1922, Postal Guide, is modified accordingly.

(46) SEPARATION IN POST OFFICES AND RAILWAY POST OFFICES OF MAIL FOR FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

With respect to the general foreign separating scheme, pages 156 to 159, of the annual Postal Guide for 1922, it is requested that post offices and railway post offices make every effort to continue the separation of mails for foreign countries, especially during the holiday season when the need for primary separations is the greatest, in order to avoid congestion and delay at the exchange post office (foreign station) at New York.

It is particularly desired that the labels of sacks containing parcel-post packages for foreign countries be marked "New York-Foreign," and in addition, "Parcel Post"; also, whenever practicable, that parcel-post packages for Great Britain, Ireland, Poland, Germany, Russia, France, Italy, Norway, Sweden, and Denmark be placed in separate sacks, and the New York-Foreign—parcel-post labels, appropriately indorsed "Great Britain," "Germany," etc., as may be proper. Only parcels bearing customs declarations should be included in the parcel-post sacks. Packages of books, samples, and miscellaneous printed matter, while classed as "parcel post" in the domestic mails, are usually mailed as "prints" in the foreign mails, and unless the packages have declarations attached should be included with newspapers in the "prints" sacks.

The number of parcels for foreign countries greatly increases during November and December; consequently, exceptional care should be taken to see that every parcel is substantially packed, is fully prepaid, and has the proper number of customs declarations attached. Except all the details are fully in mind, prior to the acceptance of each parcel, there should be a reexamination of the appropriate item in the table printed on pages 29 to 31 of the October, 1922, Postal Guide, to see if all requirements have been met.

It must be kept in mind that the mail for Canada must not be dispatched to New York in sacks bearing labels reading "New York-Foreign." Also that New York is not the exchange office for Cuba (unless the mail is specially addressed for dispatch by steamer), for Mexico (overland), or for trans-Pacific countries (unless the mail is specially addressed via Europe).

(47) COMMERCIAL PAPERS.

Modify section 39 on page 140 of the annual Postal Guide for 1922, first paragraph (a), to read as follows:
Commercial papers must be either placed in wrappers, upon rollers, between boards, in cases or containers, open at both sides or at both ends, or in inclosed envelopes, or secured with a string easy to untie, or be simply folded, but in such a manner that other articles can not slip into their folds. The maximum weight of commercial papers is fixed at 2 kilograms (4 pounds 6 ounces) except to Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Mexico, Nicaragua, Peru, Republic of Honduras, Salvador (El), Spain and its colonies, and Uruguay, to which the weight limit is 4 kilograms (8 pounds 12 ounces) and the maximum size is 45 centimeters (18 inches) except that rolls of commercial papers up to a maximum length of 1 meter (40 inches) and a maximum diameter of 15 centimeters (6 inches) may be accepted for Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Mexico, Nicaragua, Peru, Republic of Honduras, Salvador (El), Spain and its colonies, and Uruguay, and up to a maximum length of 75 centimeters (30 inches) and a maximum diameter of 10 centimeters (4 inches) to all other countries. (For the postage rate, see secs. 1, 15, and 18.) In dispatching packages of commercial papers, post offices and railway post offices must inclose them invariably in the pouches containing letters. In order that packages of commercial papers may be readily identified as such, each should be marked on the cover or wrapper "Commercial papers."

(48) PRINTED MATTER.

Modify section 38 on page 139 of the annual Postal Guide for 1922, second paragraph (a), to read as follows:
The maximum weight of packages of printed matter is fixed at 2 kilograms (4 pounds 6 ounces), except as follows:
(1) Printed matter in general to Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Mexico, Nicaragua, Peru, Republic of Honduras, Salvador (El), Spain and its colonies, and Uruguay, 4 kilograms (8 pounds 12 ounces); (2) single volumes of printed books not to exceed 10 pounds, Canada; (3) single volumes of printed books not to exceed 11 pounds, Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Nicaragua, Peru, Republic of Honduras, Spain and its colonies, and Uruguay; (4) single volumes of printed books without limit of weight, Cuba, Mexico, Republic of Panama, and Salvador (El); (5) second class to Argentina, Bolivia, Colombia, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Nicaragua, Peru, Republic of Honduras, Salvador (El), Spain and its colonies, and Uruguay, 4 kilograms (8 pounds 12 ounces); (6) second-class matter to Canada, Cuba, Mexico, and

the Republic of Panama without limit of weight. The maximum size is fixed at 45 centimeters (18 inches) in any one direction, except that rolls of printed matter up to a maximum length of 1 meter (40 inches) and a maximum diameter of 15 centimeters (6 inches) may be accepted for Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Mexico, Nicaragua, Peru, Republic of Honduras, Salvador (El), Spain and its colonies, and Uruguay, and up to a maximum length of 75 centimeters (30 inches) and a maximum diameter of 10 centimeters (4 inches) to all other countries. (For the postage rate, see secs. 1, 11, and 18, pp. 132 to 135.)

(49) ALGERIA—IMPORTATION RESTRICTIONS.

The importation into Algeria by mail of vines, débris of vegetables, cuttings, graftings, bulbs of flowers, cut flowers, fruits and vegetables, tubercles, bulbs, rhizomes and seeds, envelopes, covers, packing, props, and trellises for vines already used. Vegetable mold, earth, composts, and manure, and all other articles or products whose utilization might present danger from the viewpoint of husbandry is subject to the following provisions:

All articles of this kind shall be accompanied by a copy of the commercial invoice or by a declaration of the sender stating the nature, number, and variety of the articles to which it relates, and, in all cases, by a certificate of phytopathological inspection in accordance with the form attached to the final act of the International Phytopathological Conference concluded at Rome on March 4, 1914.

For articles coming from a country which has not adhered to the above act, the interested parties must provide themselves with an authorization, which must be delivered before mailing, by the Governor General of Algeria, in view of a certificate from the competent sanitary authorities of the country of origin, visé by the French consular authority, attesting that the vegetables or articles are free of parasites declared dangerous for the husbandry of the colony.

All shipments of vegetables or other articles enumerated should be addressed to the Recette Principale des Postes of Algeria, where they will be examined.

In case of contamination, the articles will be destroyed.

(50) GOLD COAST COLONY—PROHIBITIONS.

Air guns will be admitted into Gold Coast Colony only upon presentation of a permit.

This should be added to the item "Gold Coast Colony" appearing on page 191 of the annual Postal Guide for 1922.

(51) PLANTS, CUTTINGS, AND SEEDS OF SUGAR CANE PROHIBITED IN THE REGULAR AND PARCEL-POST MAILS TO GUADELOUPE AND MARTINIQUE.

This department has been informed that, effective at once, plants, cuttings, and seeds of sugar cane are prohibited importation into Guadeloupe and Martinique in the regular and parcel-post mails.

The above should be added to the items "Guadeloupe" and "Martinique" shown on pages 146, 148, 193, and 199 of the annual Postal Guide for 1922.

(52) ADMISSION INTO HUNGARY OF ALL MATTER WRITTEN OR PRINTED IN HEBREW CHARACTERS.

This department has been informed that, effective at once, the order prohibiting all matter written or printed in Hebrew characters is repealed.

In this connection paragraph (2) under item "Hungary," shown on page 146 of the annual Postal Guide for 1922, should be eliminated.

(53) ARTICLES PROHIBITED IN THE PARCEL-POST MAILS TO TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

This department has been advised that, effective at once, the following restrictions are placed on certain articles imported into Trinidad and Tobago through the medium of the parcel post:

Plants, seeds, bulbs, and other parts of plants intended for propagation are subject to inspection and disinfection and are destroyed if such is seen to be necessary.

The above articles should be added to the item "Trinidad and Tobago," shown on page 268 of the annual Postal Guide for 1922.

(54) MAIL FOR THE KINGDOM OF HEDJAZ, ARABIA.

Mail for the Kingdom of Hedjaz, Arabia, is limited to fully prepaid unregistered correspondence.

As postmasters have accepted letters for registration for places in the Kingdom of Hedjaz, particularly Mecca, care should be taken to accept only unregistered correspondence, as articles which may be accepted for registration will be returned from the exchange post office at New York, and if, through inadvertence, they reach London or Aden, they will be returned from those post offices.

(55) MAIL AND PARCEL-POST EXCHANGES BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC UNDER THE PAN AMERICAN CONVENTIONS OF BUENOS AIRES.

The Dominican Republic having ratified the Pan American Principal Convention and the Pan American Parcel-Post Convention, concluded at Buenos Aires September 15, 1921, the provisions of the said conventions become effective at once with respect to regular and parcel-post mails destined for that country.

The notice of this office dated July 23, 1922, which was published in the Postal Bulletin of July 27, and as section 49 on page 17 of the August, 1922, Postal Guide, should be enlarged accordingly.

(56) OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF CONSULATES EXCHANGED BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND EL SALVADOR TO BE ACCEPTED FREE OF CHARGE FOR POSTAGE.

Referring further to the announcement of July 25, printed as item 49 on page 17 of the August supplement to the Postal Guide, notice is hereby given that under the provisions of article 6 of the Pan American Principal Convention of Buenos Aires freedom of postage is granted, effective immediately, to the official correspondence of the consulates of El Salvador in the United States when addressed for delivery in El Salvador, and to the official correspondence of the consulates of the United States in El Salvador when addressed for delivery in the United States.

The envelopes, labels, etc., of this class of correspondence should be marked as indicated in the announcement dated September 25 and printed in the Postal Bulletin of September 27, with respect to the official correspondence of consulates exchanged between Mexico and the United States.

(57) MAIL SERVICE TO SMYRNA.

Until further notice, only registered correspondence consisting of letters, post cards, printed matter, samples of merchandise, and commercial papers, will be accepted for despatch to Smyrna, Asiatic Turkey.

(58) REDUCED RATES AND NEW CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO CERTAIN MAIL MATTER FOR SPAIN (INCLUDING THE SPANISH COLONIES).

The postmaster of New York has advised that an examination made of letters recently received at that office for dispatch to Spain indicated that at least half the letters were prepaid at the international rate of 5 cents for the first ounce and 3 cents for each additional ounce.

Attention is invited, therefore, to sections 15 and 16 on page 134 of the July, 1922, Postal Guide, from which it will be seen that the reduced postage rates and new conditions prescribed therein are applicable to Spain, including the Spanish colonies (Balearic Islands, Canary Islands, and Spanish possessions on the north coast of Africa).

Postmasters will cause such notice of the foregoing to be taken at their offices as will assure the furnishing to their patrons of accurate information on the subject.

(59) NAVY MAIL CHANGES.

Changes occurring since the publication of the list appearing on page 10 of the October, 1922, Guide:

ADDITIONS.

Contocook.	Rigel.
Nicholas (311).	U. S. Naval Hospital,
Procyon.	San Diego, Calif.

DISCONTINUANCES.

Baltimore.	New Orleans.
Buffalo.	

(60) RATES OF POSTAGE IN CERTAIN FOREIGN COUNTRIES ON ARTICLES MAILED TO THE UNITED STATES.

[3 centimes, French currency, are the equivalent of 1 cent, United States currency.]

Countries.	Letter rates for the first weight unit.		For each additional unit.		Single post cards each.*		Other articles per 50 grams equal to 2 ounces.		Rates for prints in relief for use of the blind, per 500 grams.	Centimes.	Charge for registration.	Charge for return receipt.	
	Currency of country.	Centimes.	Currency of country.	Weight units.	Centimes.	Currency of country.	Centimes.	Currency of country.					Centimes.
Albania.....	25 quindarks.	50	12 quindarks.	2	25	15 quindarks.	30	5 quindarks.	10	2 quindarks.	5	25 quindarks.	25 quindarks.
Algeria.....	30 centimes.	50	25 centimes.	2	25	30 centimes.	30	10 centimes.	10	5 centimes.	5	50 centimes.	50 centimes.
Antigua (with Barbuda and Redonda).	2 pence.	20	1½ pence.	1	15	1½ pence.	15	See note 3.		See note 3.	5	3 pence.	3 pence.
Argentine Republic.....	5 centavos.	10	5 centavos.	2	10	4 centavos.	8	2 centavos.	4			12 centavos.	12 centavos.
Ascension.....	3 pence.	50	1½ pence.	1	25	1½ pence.	30	½ penny.	10	½ penny.	5	3 pence.	3 pence.
Australia.....	4 pence.	50	2 pence.	1	25	2 pence.	30	1½ pence.	10	1 penny.	5	Do.	Do.
Austria.....	1,500 crowns.	50	750 crowns.	2	25	600 crowns.	30	300 crowns.	10	150 crowns.	5	25 crowns.	25 crowns.
Bahamas.....	1 penny.	10	1 penny.	1	10	1 penny.	10	½ penny.	5			2 pence.	2½ pence.
Barbados.....	2 pence.	20	do.	1	10	do.	10	do.	5			Do.	Do.
Bechuanaland Protectorate.....	3 pence.	50	1½ pence.	1	25	1½ pence.	30	do.	10	½ penny.	5	4 pence.	Do.
Belgium.....	50 Belgian centimes.	50	25 Belgian centimes.	2	25	30 Belgian centimes.	30	10 Belgian centimes.	10	5 Belgian centimes.	5	50 Belgian centimes.	50 Belgian centimes.
Bermuda.....	2½ pence.	25	1½ pence.	1	15	1½ pence.	15	½ penny.	5	½ penny.	5	3 pence.	3 pence.
Bolivia.....	10 centavos (2).	25	5 centavos.	3	12½	5 centavos.	12½	4 centavos (3).	10			10 centavos.	10 centavos.
Borneo (Br. North).....	do.	50	do.	1	25	do.	30	do.	10	do.	5	Do.	Do.
Brazil.....	400 reis.	50	200 reis.	2	25	200 reis.	30	80 reis.	10	40 reis.	5	400 reis.	400 reis.
Brunei, British Colony of.....	12 cts. of a dollar.	50	6 cts. of a dollar.	1	25	8 cts. of a dollar.	30	3 cts. of a dollar.	10	2 cts. of a dollar.	5	12 cts. of a dollar.	12 cts. of a dollar.
Bulgaria.....	3 leva.	50	150 stotinki.	2	25	2 leva.	30	60 stotinki.	10	30 stotinki.	5	3 leva.	3 leva.
Camerouns Terr.....	50 centimes.	50	25 centimes.	2	25	30 centimes.	30	10 centimes.	10	5 centimes.	5	50 centimes.	50 centimes.
Canada.....	3 cents.	15	2 cents.	1	10	2 cents.	10	Canada domestic rate.				10 cents.	10 cents.
Cayman Islands.....	2½ pence.	25	1½ pence.	1	15	1 penny.	10	½ penny.	5			2 pence.	2½ pence.
Ceylon.....	20 cts. of a rupee.	50	10 cts. of a rupee.	1	25	12 cts. of a rupee.	30	4 cts. of a rupee.	10	2 cts. of a rupee.	5	20 cts. of a rupee.	20 cts. of a rupee.
Chile.....	40 centavos.	50	10 centavos.	2	12½	8 centavos.	10	8 centavos.	10	5 centavos.	10	40 centavos.	40 centavos.
Chinese Empire, also foreign office in, except British postal agency, Weihai-Wei and French offices.	15 cts. of a piaster.	50	8 cts. of a piaster.	2	25	8 cts. of a piaster.	30	3 cts. of a piaster.	10	1½ cts. of a piaster.	5	10 cts. of a piaster.	10 cts. of a piaster.
Colombian.....	3 centavos (gold).	15	3 centavos (gold).	2	15	2 centavos (gold).	10	1 centavo (gold).	5			10 centavos (gold).	10 centavos (gold).
Congo (Belgian).....	50 Congolese centimes.	50	25 Congolese centimes.	2	25	30 Congolese centimes.	30	10 Congolese centimes.	10	5 Congolese centimes.	5	50 Congolese centimes.	50 Congolese centimes.
Costa Rica.....	5 centimos.	12½	5 centimos.	3	12½	4 centimos.	10	2 centimos.	5	2 centimos.	5	10 centimos.	5 centimos.
Crete.....	80 lepta.	50	40 lepta.	2	25	50 lepta.	30	10 lepta.	10	5 lepta.	5	50 lepta.	50 lepta.
Cuba.....	2 centavos.	10	2 centavos.	1	10	1 centavo.	5	1 centavo.	5			8 centavos.	8 centavos.
Cyprus.....	2½ piasters, or 110 paras.	50	1½ piasters, or 60 paras.	1	25	2 piasters, or 80 paras.	30	½ piaster, or 30 paras.	10	¼ piaster.	5	2½ piasters.	2½ piasters.
Czechoslovakia (Bohemia, Moravia, Silesia, Slovakia).	250 deniers of a crown.	50	125 deniers of a crown.	2	25	150 deniers of a crown.	30	50 deniers of a crown.	10	25 deniers of a crown.	5	250 deniers of a crown.	250 deniers of a crown.

Danzig, Free city of.....	50 marks.....	50	25 marks.....	2	25	30 marks.....	30	10 marks.....	10	5 marks.....	5	200 pfennig.....	200 pfennig.
Denmark.....	40 ore.....	50	20 ore.....	2	25	25 ore.....	30	10 ore.....	10	5 ore.....	5	30 ore.....	40 ore.
Dominican Republic.....	2 centavos.....	10	2 centavos.....	1	10	1 centavo.....	5	$\frac{1}{2}$ centavo 100 Gr. X.....	5	.....	.....	10 centavos.....	5 centavos.
Dominica (Leeward Islands).....	2 pence.....	20	$1\frac{1}{2}$ pence.....	1	15	$1\frac{1}{2}$ pence.....	15	$\frac{1}{2}$ penny. (See Note 3.).....	5	.....	.....	3 pence.....	3 pence.
Ecuador.....	5 centavos.....	12 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 centavos.....	2	12 $\frac{1}{2}$	2 centavos.....	5	2 centavos.....	5	.....	.....	10 centavos.....	10 centavos.
Egypt.....	15 milliemmes de livre.....	50	10 milliemmes de livre.....	2	25	10 milliemmes de livre.....	30	4 milliemmes de livre.....	10	2 milliemmes de livre.....	5	15 milliemmes de livre.....	15 milliemmes de livre.
Estonia.....	10 marks.....	50	5 marks.....	2	25	5 marks.....	30	2 marks.....	10	1 mark.....	5	10 marks.....	10 marks.
Ethiopia (Abyssinia).....	4 guerches.....	50	2 guerches.....	2	25	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ guerches.....	30	1 guerche.....	10	$\frac{1}{2}$ guerche.....	5	2 guerches.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ guerche.
Falkland Islands.....	3 pence.....	30	$1\frac{1}{2}$ pence.....	1	25	$1\frac{1}{2}$ pence.....	30	$\frac{1}{2}$ penny.....	10	$\frac{1}{2}$ penny.....	5	3 pence.....	3 pence.
Fiji Islands.....	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ pence.....	25	$1\frac{1}{2}$ pence.....	1	25	2 pence.....	30	$1\frac{1}{2}$ pence.....	10	do.....	5	do.....	Do.
Finland.....	2 marks.....	50	1 mark.....	2	25	1 mark 20 penni.....	30	40 penni.....	10	20 penni.....	5	2 marks.....	2 marks.
France.....	50 centimes.....	50	25 centimes.....	2	25	30 centimes.....	30	10 centimes.....	10	5 centimes.....	5	50 centimes.....	50 centimes.
French estab. in Oceania.....	do.....	50	do.....	2	25	do.....	30	do.....	10	do.....	5	do.....	Do.
French West Africa—Ivory Coast, Dahomey, Guinea, Upper Senegal, Niger, Mauritania, Niger Military Territory, and Senegal.....	do.....	50	do.....	2	25	do.....	30	do.....	10	do.....	5	do.....	Do.
Kamerun (French).....	do.....	50	do.....	2	25	do.....	30	do.....	10	do.....	5	do.....	Do.
French Equatorial Africa—Gaboon, Middle Congo, Oubangui-Chari, Tchad.....	do.....	50	do.....	2	25	do.....	30	do.....	10	do.....	5	do.....	Do.
Gambia.....	3 pence.....	50	$1\frac{1}{2}$ pence.....	1	25	$1\frac{1}{2}$ pence.....	30	$\frac{1}{2}$ penny.....	10	$\frac{1}{2}$ penny.....	5	3 pence.....	3 pence.
Germany.....	40 marks.....	50	20 marks.....	2	25	24 marks.....	30	8 marks.....	10	4 marks.....	5	2 marks.....	2 marks.
Gilbert and Ellice Islands.....	4 pence.....	50	2 pence.....	1	25	2 pence.....	30	$1\frac{1}{2}$ pence.....	10	1 penny.....	5	3 pence.....	3 pence.
Gibraltar.....	3 pence.....	50	$1\frac{1}{2}$ pence.....	1	15	$1\frac{1}{2}$ pence.....	15	$\frac{1}{2}$ penny.....	5	$\frac{1}{2}$ penny.....	5	do.....	Do.
Gold Coast.....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ pence.....	50	do.....	1	25	do.....	30	do.....	10	do.....	5	do.....	Do.
Great Britain and Ireland.....	do.....	15	do.....	1	15	do.....	15	do.....	5	do.....	5	do.....	Do.
Greece.....	80 lepta.....	50	40 lepta.....	2	25	50 lepta.....	30	10 lepta.....	10	5 lepta.....	5	50 lepta.....	50 lepta.
Greenland.....	20 ore.....	25	10 ore.....	2	12 $\frac{1}{2}$	10 ore.....	10	5 ore.....	5	.....	.....	15 ore.....	20 ore.
Grenada and the Grenadines.....	2 pence.....	20	$1\frac{1}{2}$ pence.....	1	15	$1\frac{1}{2}$ pence.....	15	$\frac{1}{2}$ penny.....	5	do.....	5	3 pence.....	3 pence.
Guadeloupe.....	do.....	.....	do.....	.....	.....	do.....	.....	do.....	.....	do.....	.....	do.....	Do.
Guatemala.....	150 centavos.....	50	90 centavos.....	2	30	60 centavos.....	20	(Note 2).....	.....	.....	.....	50 centavos.....	25 centavos.
Guiana, British.....	4 cents.....	20	3 cents.....	1	15	2 cents.....	10	1 cent.....	5	.....	.....	4 cents.....	5 cents.
Guiana, Dutch.....	20 ets., Dutch.....	50	10 ets., Dutch.....	2	25	12 $\frac{1}{2}$ ets., Dutch.....	30	5 ets., Dutch.....	10	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ets., Dutch.....	5	10 ets., Dutch.....	10 ets., Dutch.
Guiana, French.....	50 centimes.....	50	25 centimes.....	2	25	30 centimes.....	30	10 centimes.....	10	5 centimes.....	5	50 centimes.....	50 centimes.
Haiti.....	25 centimes of a gourde.....	25	15 centimes of a gourde.....	2	15	10 centimes of a gourde.....	10	5 centimes of a gourde.....	5	.....	.....	25 centimes of a gourde.....	15 centimes of a gourde.
Honduras, Republic of.....	6 centavos.....	15	6 centavos.....	2	15	2 centavos.....	5	1 ce n t a v o (Note 6.).....	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	.....	.....	10 centavos.....	5 centavos.
Honduras, British.....	4 cents.....	10	2 cents.....	1	10	2 cents.....	10	1 cent.....	5	.....	.....	4 cents.....	5 cents.
Hongkong and British postal agency, Wei-hai-Wai.....	10 cents.....	10	6 cents.....	1	25	4 cents.....	30	2 cents.....	10	2 cents.....	5	10 cents.....	10 cents.
Hungary.....	50 crowns.....	10	25 crowns.....	2	25	30 crowns.....	30	10 crowns.....	10	5 crowns.....	5	6 crowns.....	6 crowns.
Iceland.....	40 ore.....	10	20 ore.....	2	25	25 ore.....	30	10 ore.....	10	5 ore.....	5	30 ore.....	10 ore.
India, British.....	3 annas.....	50	$1\frac{1}{2}$ annas.....	1	25	$1\frac{1}{2}$ annas.....	30	$\frac{1}{2}$ anna or 6 pies.....	10	$\frac{1}{2}$ anna.....	5	3 annas.....	3 annas.
Indo-China (French).....	10 centimes of a piaster.....	50	5 centimes of a piaster.....	2	25	6 centimes of a piaster.....	30	2 centimes of a piaster.....	10	1 centime of a piaster.....	5	4 centimes of a piaster.....	10 centimes of a piaster.
Irak (Mesopotamia).....	3 annas.....	50	$1\frac{1}{2}$ annas.....	2	25	$1\frac{1}{2}$ annas.....	30	$\frac{1}{2}$ anna.....	10	$\frac{1}{2}$ anna.....	5	3 annas.....	3 annas.
Italy and Colonies of Benadir, Eritrea and Libya Tripolitania and Cyrenaica.....	80 centesimi.....	50	40 centesimi.....	2	25	50 centesimi.....	30	15 centesimi.....	10	5 centesimi.....	5	80 centesimi.....	80 centesimi.
Jamaica.....	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ pence.....	25	$1\frac{1}{2}$ pence.....	1	15	$1\frac{1}{2}$ pence.....	5	$\frac{1}{2}$ penny.....	15	$\frac{1}{2}$ penny.....	5	3 pence.....	3 pence.

For notes or references, see p. 24.

RATES OF POSTAGE IN CERTAIN FOREIGN COUNTRIES ON ARTICLES MAILED TO THE UNITED STATES—Continued.
 (5 centimes, French currency, are the equivalent of 1 cent, United States currency.)

Countries.	Letter rates for the first weight unit.		For each additional unit.		Single post cards each.*		Other articles per 50 grams equal to 2 ounces.		Rates for prints in relief for use of the blind, per 500 grams.	Charges for registration.	Charges for return receipt.		
	Currency of country.	Centimes.	Currency of country.	Weight units.	Centimes.	Currency of country.	Centimes.	Currency of country.				Centimes.	
Japan (Chosen and the whole of the other dependencies)	30 sen	50	10 sen	2	25	8 sen	20	4 sen	10	2 sen	5	20 sen	20 sen.
Kingdom of Serbs, Croats, and Slovenes	200 para	50	100 para	2	25	100 para	30	40 para	10	20 para	5	100 para	100 para.
Kenya Colony and Uganda and Territory of Tanganyika. (Note B.)	30 cents of a shilling.	50	15 cents of a shilling.	1	25	15 cents of a shilling.	30	10 cents of a shilling.	10	5 cents of a shilling.	5	12 cents of a shilling.	12 cents of a shilling.
Korea	20 sen	50	10 sen	2	25	8 sen	20	4 sen	10	2 sen	5	10 sen	5 sen.
Labuan	10 cents	25	6 cents	1	15	4 cents	10	2 cents	5	10 cents	5	10 cents	5 cents.
Lagos (Nigeria, Southern)	2½ pence	25	1½ pence	1	15	1 penny	10	½ penny	5	2 pence	5	2 pence	2½ pence.
Lettonia	10 rubles	50	5 rubles	2	25	6 rubles	30	2 rubles	10	1 ruble	5	15 rubles	15 rubles.
Lithuania	30 centas	50	15 centas	2	25	18 centas	30	6 centas	10	3 centas	5	200 skatiks	200 skatiks.
Liberia	5 cents	25	5 cents	1	25	3 cents	15	1 cent	5	10 cents	5	5 cents	5 cents.
Luxemburg	50 Luxemburgan centimes.	50	25 Luxemburgan centimes.	2	25	30 Luxemburgan centimes.	30	10 Luxemburgan centimes.	10	5 Luxemburgan centimes.	5	50 Luxemburgan centimes.	50 Luxemburgan centimes.
Malay States, Federated, Negri Sembilan, Pahang, Perak, and Selangor	12 cts. of a dollar	50	6 cts. of a dollar.	1	25	8 cts. of a dollar.	30	3 cts. of a dollar.	10	2 cts.	5	12 cts. of a dollar.	12 cts. of a dollar.
Malay States, Nonfederated, Kedah (including Perlis) and Kelantan.	12 cents	50	do	1	25	do	30	do	10	do	5	do	Do.
Malta	2 pence	20	1½ pence	1	15	1½ pence	15	½ penny	5	½ penny	5	3 pence	3 pence.
Mauritius	20 cents of a rupee.	50	10 cents of a rupee.	1	25	12 cents of a rupee.	30	4 cents of a rupee.	10	2 cents of a rupee.	5	20 cents of a rupee.	20 cents of a rupee.
Mexico	10 centavos	25	10 centavos	2	25	4 centavos	10	(Note 1)	10	20 centavos	5	20 centavos	20 centavos.
Montserrat (Leeward Islands)	2 pence	20	1½ pence	1	15	1½ pence	15	See Note 3.	10	3 pence	5	3 pence	3 pence.
Morocco (excluding the Spanish zone)	50 French centimes.	50	25 French centimes.	2	25	30 French centimes.	30	10 French centimes.	10	5 French centimes.	5	50 French centimes.	50 French centimes.
Martinique	do	50	do	2	25	do	30	do	10	do	5	do	Do.
Netherlands	20 cts., Dutch.	50	10 cts., Dutch.	2	25	12½ cts., Dutch	30	5 cts., Dutch.	10	2½ cts., Dutch.	5	15 cts., Dutch.	20 cts., Dutch.
Netherlands East Indies	do	50	do	2	25	do	30	do	10	do	5	do	Do.
Netherlands West Indies (Aruba, Bonaire, Curacao, Saba, St. Eustatius, and the Dutch part of St. Martins)	12½ cts., Dutch.	25	7½ cts., Dutch.	2	15	5 cts., Dutch.	10	2½ cts., Dutch.	5	10 cts., Dutch.	5	10 cts., Dutch.	10 cts., Dutch.
Nevis, with Anguilla (Leeward Islands)	2 pence	20	1½ pence	1	15	1½ pence	15	See Note 3.	10	See Note 3.	5	3 pence	3 pence.
Newfoundland	4 cents	20	4 cents	1	20	2 cents	10	1 cent	5	5 cents	5	5 cents	5 cents.
New Guinea, British	4 pence	50	2 pence	1	25	2 pence	30	1½ penny **	10	3 pence	5	2½ pence	2½ pence.
New Hebrides	4 pence	50	2 pence	1	25	2 pence	30	1½ penny	10	3 pence	5	2½ pence	2½ pence.
New Zealand, with Cooks Island and Western Samoa.	2 pence	20	1 penny	1	10	1 penny	10	½ penny	5	do	5	2½ pence	2½ pence.
Nicaragua	3 centavos	15	2 centavos	2	10	2 centavos	10	½ centavo (Note 4).	5	5 centavos	5	5 centavos	5 centavos.

Nigeria, Southern	2½ pence	25	1½ pence	1	15	1 penny	10	½ penny	5	2 pence	2½ pence
Niger (French military territory)	50 centimes	50	25 centimes	2	25	30 centimes	30	10 centimes	10	25 centimes	10 centimes
North Borneo, British	12 cents	50	6 cents	1	25	8 cents	30	3 cents	10	2 cents	12 cents
Northeast Rhodesia (British Protectorate)	2½ pence	25	2½ pence	1	25	1 penny	10	2 pence	20	2 pence	2½ pence
Northwest Rhodesia (British Protectorate)	2½ pence	25	2½ pence	1	25	1 penny	10	1 penny	10	4 pence	2½ pence
Norway	40 ore	50	20 ore	2	25	25 ore	30	10 ore	10	5 ore	40 ore
Nyasaland Protectorate (British)	5 pence	50	2½ pence	1	25	3 pence	30	1 penny	10	4 pence	2 pence
Palestine	13 millimes	50	9 millimes	2	25	6 millimes	30	3 millimes	10	5 centesimos	2½ centesimos
Panama	2 centesimos (silver)	10	2 centesimos	2	10	1 centesimo	5	1 centesimo	5	5 centesimos	2½ centesimos
Paraguay	250 centavos	50	125 centavos	2	25	150 centavos	30	50 centavos	10	25 centavos	250 centavos
Persia	20 shahis	50	10 shahis	2	25	12 shahis	30	4 shahis	10	2 shahis	20 shahis
Peru via San Francisco	5 centavos	12½	5 centavos	2	12½	2 centavos	5	2 centavos	5	15 centavos	15 centavos
Peru via Panama	7 centavos	17½	7 centavos	2	17½	4 centavos	10	6 centavos	15	10 centavos	10 centavos
Poland and Tegehen	100 marks	50	50 marks	2	25	60 marks	30	20 marks	10	10 marks	25 marks
Portugal, including the Azores and Madeira Islands	40 Portuguese centavos	50	20 Portuguese centavos	2	25	24 Portuguese centavos	30	8 Portuguese centavos	10	4 Portuguese centavos	40 Portuguese centavos
Portuguese colonies, Cape Verde, Guinea, St. Thomas, and Principe	40 centavos	50	20 centavos	2	25	24 centavos	30	8 centavos	10	4 centavos	60 centavos
Portuguese colonies of Angola and Mozambique	60 centavos	50	30 centavos	2	25	36 centavos	30	12 centavos	10	6 centavos	60 centavos
Portuguese India	3 tangas	50	1½ tanga	2	25	1½ tanga	30	6 reis or ¼ tanga	10	½ tanga	2 tanga
Macao	10 avos	50	5 avos	2	25	6 avos	30	2 avos	10	1 avo	10 avos
Timor	12 avos	50	6 avos	2	25	7 avos	30	2½ avos	10	12 avos	12 avos
Rhodesia, Southern	3 pence	30	1½ pence	1	15	1½ pence	15	½ penny	5	4 pence	2½ pence
Rumania	3 lei, or 300 bani	50	1 lei, 50 bani	2	25	2 lei, or 200 bani	30	60 bani	10	3 lei	3 lei
Russia	75 rubles	50	37½ rubles	2	25	45 rubles	30	15 rubles	10	4 rubles (50 kopecks)	45 rubles
Sarre Territory	50 centimes	50	25 centimes	2	25	30 centimes	30	10 centimes	10	5 centimes	50 centimes
Salvador, El	10 centavos	25	5 centavos	2	12½	6 centavos	15	2 centavos	5	10 centavos	5 centavos
Sarawak, British Protectorate of	12 cents	50	6 cents	1	25	8 cents	30	3 cents	10	2 cents	12 cents
Seychelles	20 cts. of a rupee	50	10 cts. of a rupee	1	25	12 cts. of a rupee	30	4 cts. of a rupee	10	2 cts. of a rupee	20 cts. of a rupee
Siam	25 satangs	50	12 satangs	2	25	15 satangs	30	5 satangs	10	3 satangs	25 satangs
Sierra Leone	3 pence	50	1½ pence	1	25	1½ pence	30	½ penny	10	3 pence	3 pence
Solomon and Shortland Islands and Nauru	4 pence	50	2 pence	1	25	2 pence	30	1½ penny (Note 5)	10	do.	do.
Somaland, British	3 annas	50	1½ annas	1	25	1½ annas	30	¾ anna	10	2 annas	2 annas
Spain	40 centimos	50	20 centimos	2	25	25 centimos	30	10 centimos	10	5 centimos	40 centimos
St. Christopher (St. Kitts), Leeward Islands	2 pence	30	1½ pence	1	15	1½ pence	15	See Note 3	15	3 pence	3 pence
St. Helena	3 pence	50	do.	1	25	do.	30	1 penny	10	do.	Do.
St. Lucia	2 pence	30	do.	1	15	1 penny	10	½ penny	5	do.	Do.
St. Vincent	do.	30	do.	1	15	do.	10	do.	5	do.	Do.
Strait Settlements	12 cents	50	6 cents	1	25	8 cents	30	3 cents	10	2 cents	12 cents
Sweden	40 ore	50	20 ore	2	25	20 ore	30	10 ore	10	5 ore	40 ore
Switzerland	40 Swiss centimes	50	20 Swiss centimes	2	25	25 Swiss centimes	30	10 Swiss centimes	10	5 Swiss centimes	40 Swiss centimes
Syria, except East Zone	3 piasters	50	1 piaster 50 Syrian centimes	2	25	2 piasters	30	100 Syrian centimes	10	50 centimes	3 piasters
Tanzania	4 pence	50	2 pence	1	25	2 pence	30	1½ pence**	10	1 penny	3 pence
Tonga Island	4 pence	50	2 pence	1	25	2 pence	30	1½ pence	10	1 penny	2½ pence

For notes or references, see p. 24.

RATES OF POSTAGE IN CERTAIN FOREIGN COUNTRIES ON ARTICLES MAILED TO THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

[5 centimes, French currency, are the equivalent of 1 cent, United States currency.]

Countries.	Letter rates for the first weight unit.		For each additional unit.		Single post cards each.*		Other articles per 50 grams equal to 2 ounces.		Rates for prints in relief for use of the blind, per 500 grams.	Charge for registration.	Charge for return receipt.
	Currency of country.	Centimes.	Currency of country.	Weight units.	Centimes.	Currency of country.	Centimes.	Currency of country.				Centimes.
Trinidad and Tobago.....	2 pence.....	30	1½ pence.....	1	15	1½ pence.....	15	½ penny.....	5	3 pence.....	2½ pence.
Tunis.....	50 centimes.....	50	25 centimes.....	2	25	30 centimes.....	30	10 centimes.....	10	5 centimes.....	50 centimes.
Turkey.....	7½ piasters.....	50	3 piasters, 30 paras.....	2	25	4 piasters, 20 paras.....	30	1 piaster, 20 paras.....	10	30 paras.....	7½ piasters, 20 paras.
Turks Island.....	2½ pence.....	25	1½ pence.....	1	15	1 penny.....	10	½ penny.....	5	.....	2 pence.....
Union of South Africa (Cape Colony, Natal and Zululand, Orange River, Colony, and Transvaal).	3 pence.....	30	.....do.....	1	15	1½ pence.....	15	.....do.....	5	½ penny.....	4 pence.....
Uruguay.....	12 centesimos.....	50	6 centesimos.....	2	25	8 centesimos.....	30	3 centesimo.....	10	1 centesimo.....	5 centesimos.
Venezuela.....	50 centimos.....	50	25 centimos.....	2	25	30 centimos.....	30	10 centimos.....	10	5 centimos.....	50 centimos.
Virgin Islands (British).....	2 pence.....	20	1½ pence.....	1	15	1½ pence.....	15	See Note 3.....	.....	See Note 3.....	3 pence.....
Zanzibar.....	20 cents of a rupee.....	50	10 cents of a rupee.....	1	25	12 cents of a rupee.....	30	4 cents of a rupee.....	10	2 cts. of a rupee.....	20 cents of a rupee.

In the countries and colonies marked (1) the weight unit is 1 ounce. In countries and colonies marked (2) the weight unit is 20 grams, or about three-fourths of an ounce, (3) for 15 grams.

- † Rumania, 10 bani for newspapers and periodicals.
- * The rate for a reply-paid (double) card is double the rate named in this column.
- ** Newspapers registered in Australia, 1½ pence per 4 ounces.
- *** Newspapers, 2 centavos.
- ⊕ Commercial papers, 5 centavos; samples, 10 centavos per 50 grams.
- × Commercial papers and samples, 1 centavo=5 per 50 grams.
- ⊙ One-half penny for newspapers weighing less than 2 ounces.

NOTE B.—One shilling=100 cents (1 cent of a rupee=2 cents of a shilling).

NOTE 1.—Mexico—For second-class matter, 3 centavos for 500 grams or fraction thereof, printed matter, commercial papers, and samples of merchandise, 2 centavos for 100 grams or fraction thereof. Parcel post—12 centavos for 400 grams (1 pound) or fraction thereof.

NOTE 2.—Guatemala—Double post cards, 120 centavos; printed matter, 20 centavos for each 50 grams or fraction thereof; commercial papers, 30 centavos for each 50 grams or fraction thereof, with a minimum charge of 60 centavos.

NOTE 3.—Leeward Islands—Printed matter, ½ d. for each 2 ounces; commercial papers, 3 d. for first 3 ounces; 1 d. for each additional 2 ounces; samples, 2 d. for first 4 ounces, ½ d. for each additional 2 ounces; reading matter for the blind, ¼ d. for first pound or fraction thereof, ¼ d. for each subsequent pound or fraction of a pound. Fee for an application respecting registered and unregistered articles, 3 d.

NOTE 4.—One centavo must be added for each article.

NOTE 5.—One-half penny for newspapers.

NOTE 6.—Commercial papers..... 10 centavos=25 centimes for 250 grams.
 Additional..... 2 centavos=10 centimes for 50 grams.
 Samples of merchandise..... 2 centavos= 5 centimes for 100 grams.
 Additional..... 1 centavo = 2½ centimes for 50 grams.

NOTE 7.—Newspapers, periodicals, magazines in packets, ½ centavo for each 65 grams or fraction. Newspapers, single copies, ½ centavo each.

NOTE 8.—Costa Rica, each 25 grams.

POSTAL SAVINGS.

Sale of Postal Savings Stamps—New Account Application Form—Promptness With Reports—Finger Print Impressions—Error in Interest Date—New Form Available—Exchange or Payment of 1918 War Savings Certificates at Maturity—Paid War Savings Certificates—Spoiled Treasury Savings Certificates—Ten-day Treasury Certificate Reports.

(61) SALE OF POSTAL SAVINGS STAMPS.

As the \$1 noninterest-bearing Treasury savings stamps were withdrawn from sale at the close of business on September 30, 1922, and 25-cent thrift stamps were withdrawn from sale some months ago, postmasters should urge the sale of the 10-cent postal savings stamp among school children, boy scouts, campfire girls, industrial workers, and in other places where the thrift program has built up a desire for the purchase of Treasury savings stamps and thrift stamps.

In this connection the attention of postmasters is invited to paragraph 4, section 1285, Postal Laws and Regulations, which authorizes them to place postal savings stamps on sale at all stations and branches regardless of whether or not they are designated as postal savings depositories.

(62) NEW FORM OF APPLICATION TO OPEN A POSTAL SAVINGS ACCOUNT.

A revised form of application to open a postal savings account (Form PS 609) is now available on requisition to the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, Division of Equipment and Supplies.

This new form comprises (a) an application to open an account, (b) the record of deposits and withdrawals, and (c) the record of interest payments on unsurrendered certificates. Ample space is provided for the taking of finger impressions and complete instructions with regard to the use of the form are printed thereon.

(63) PROMPT PREPARATION AND FORWARDING OF POSTAL SAVINGS REPORTS.

The failure of many postmasters to prepare and forward their reports of postal savings transactions promptly at the close of business on the last day of the month is seriously interfering with the prompt dispatch of postal savings business in the Division of Postal Savings.

The efficient administration of this important branch of the Postal Service, with transactions aggregating more than \$20,000,000 per month, renders necessary the prompt examination of these reports in the department.

If the report from Brooklyn, the second largest depository in the country, with transactions aggregating almost \$2,000,000 per month, can be prepared and dispatched in time to be received regularly in Washington on the 10th day of the succeeding month which is done, surely smaller offices with comparatively few transactions should get their reports off promptly. Also remember that delay in the transmission of a report results in considerable correspondence and consequent expense to the department.

Please cooperate by mailing your report promptly at the close of business on the last day of the month.

(64) FINGERPRINT IMPRESSIONS ON APPLICATION FOR TRANSFER OF POSTAL SAVINGS ACCOUNTS.

Attention of postmasters is called to the fact that, while the application for the transfer of postal savings accounts (Form PS 612a) has a space provided for finger identification and the regulations of the department require that finger impressions be taken whenever an office is equipped to do so, at the same time it should be borne in mind that all depositories are not equipped to take finger impressions. The offices now equipped to take finger impressions are the following:

Alabama:	Colorado:	District of Columbia:	Indiana:
Birmingham.	Denver.	Washington.	East Chicago.
Ensley.	Leadville.	Florida:	Gary.
Alaska:	Pueblo.	Jacksonville.	Hammond.
Anchorage.	Connecticut:	Miami.	Indianapolis.
Fairbanks.	Ansonia.	Pensacola.	Kansas:
Arizona:	Bridgeport.	Tampa.	Kansas City.
Phoenix.	Hartford.	Idaho:	Kentucky:
California:	New Haven.	Pocatello.	Louisville.
Los Angeles.	Norwich.	Illinois:	Louisiana:
Oakland.	Waterbury.	Chicago.	New Orleans.
Sacramento.	Wilmington.	Christopher.	Maryland:
San Diego.	Delaware:	Joliet.	Baltimore.
San Francisco.	Wilmington.	Rockford.	

Massachusetts:	New Jersey—Continued.	Oregon:	Tennessee:
Boston.	Bayonne.	Astoria.	Memphis.
Fall River.	Camden.	Portland.	Texas:
Lawrence.	Elizabeth.	Pennsylvania:	San Antonio.
Lowell.	Franklin.	Allentown.	Dallas.
Lynn.	Hoboken.	Altoona.	Utah:
Norwood.	Jersey City.	Ambridge.	Bingham Canyon.
Worcester.	Newark.	Brownsville.	Salt Lake City.
Michigan:	Passaic.	Chester.	Virginia:
Bessemer.	Paterson.	Clairton.	Norfolk.
Detroit.	Perth Amboy.	East Pittsburgh.	Washington:
Ironwood.	New York:	Eric.	Aberdeen.
Minnesota:	Brooklyn.	Export.	Bellingham.
Duluth.	Buffalo.	Greensburg.	Bremerton.
Hibbing.	Flushing.	Hornstead.	Centralia.
Minneapolis.	Jamaica.	Masontown.	Everett.
St. Paul.	Long Island City.	McKeesport.	Raymond.
Missouri:	New York.	McKees Rocks.	Roslyn.
Kansas City.	Rochester.	Mount Pleasant.	Seattle.
St. Louis.	Staten Island.	New Kensington.	Spokane.
Montana:	Ohio:	Northampton.	Tacoma.
Butte.	Akron.	Philadelphia.	West Virginia:
Nebraska:	Cincinnati.	Pittsburgh.	Fairmont.
Omaha.	Cleveland.	Uniontown.	Wisconsin:
Nevada:	Columbus.	Wilkes-Barre.	Hurley.
Tonopah.	Cincinnati.	Windber.	Milwaukee.
New Hampshire:	Dayton.	Woodlawn.	
Manchester.	Toledo.	Rhode Island:	
New Jersey:	Youngstown.	Pawtucket.	
Atlantic City.		Providence.	

In addition all the stations and branches at New York City, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Chicago, Ill.; Boston, Mass.; and Newark, N. J., are equipped.

Applications for the transfer of accounts, therefore, should not be returned for fingerprints when the application originates at a depository not listed above or at a station of any of such offices.

(65) ERROR IN YEAR OF INTEREST DATE ON POSTAL SAVINGS CERTIFICATES ISSUED IN THE MONTH OF DECEMBER.

Postmasters and postal savings clerks are particularly cautioned at this time to see that the "date when interest begins" on postal savings certificates issued during the month of December, 1922, reads "January 1, 1923."

In years past many postmasters, at the close of business for the month of November, have changed their date stamp to show the month of January but have failed to change the year, so that from the interest date on the certificate it would appear that almost a year's interest was due at the time of its issue. This has frequently been the cause of the payment of an excess amount of interest which was, of course, subsequently detected in the department, followed by a collection from the employee involved, and inconvenience and annoyance to the depositor concerned.

Especially in matters of paying interest and taking receipts therefor, clerks should be cautioned to be very careful in their transactions with depositors. When mistakes do occur and it is necessary to call a depositor back to the post office to secure proper interest receipts, etc., postmasters should try and arrange matters so that the depositors will not lose time from their work or be unduly inconvenienced. Many a depositor is lost to Postal Savings because of what to the depositor seems useless "red tape" but which from the standpoint of postal savings and governmental accounting is an essential feature in the proper transaction of business.

If employees engaged in the transaction of postal savings business will thoroughly familiarize themselves with the instructions printed on the back of Circular Letter 58 issued by the Director, Division of Postal Savings, under date of February 28, 1922 (additional copies of which can be obtained upon request), many of the errors which are being made in paying interest on certificates and taking proper receipts therefor will be avoided.

(66) FORM P. S. 706a-709.

The abstract of certificates paid (Form P. S. 706a) and the abstract of interest paid (Form P. S. 709) have been greatly simplified and combined into one form, to be known as Form P. S. 706a-709.

This form is now available on requisition addressed to the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, Division of Equipment and Supplies.

Complete information with reference to the use of the form is printed thereon.

(67) EXCHANGE OR PAYMENT OF 1918 WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES AT MATURITY.

1. War savings certificates, series of 1918, will mature January 1, 1923, and will be payable after that date at \$5 for each stamp affixed. It is important that owners of 1918 certificates desiring prompt payment or exchange at maturity shall be served with the least possible delay and confusion. Registered certificates will be paid or exchanged only through the post office of registration. Unregistered certificates are by their terms payable at maturity at any money-

order post office or at the Treasury Department in Washington. The Treasury Department has a plan by which Federal reserve banks and other banks and trust companies will receive unregistered certificates direct from the owners for redemption. This will relieve post offices of a great volume of redemptions. Nevertheless, the Postal Service, to meet these maturity payments, faces a task that will call for the most earnest efforts of all postmasters and employees concerned.

2. On or after November 15, 1922, owners may apply to exchange the whole or a part of their 1918 war savings certificates at maturity value for Treasury savings certificates to be dated January 1, 1923, with the difference either way to be paid in cash, or they may apply for full cash payment to be made at maturity. After January 15, 1923, Treasury savings certificates issued in exchange will be currently dated. Postmasters should urgently request owners of 1918 war savings certificates who desire exchange or payment promptly at maturity to present them for that purpose at the earliest possible date. Copies of an application blank, Form P. D. 750, which also shows clearly the several methods of exchange or payment, will be supplied by this department to the postmasters at all money-order offices and by the Treasury Department to banks and trust companies. Cards advertising the plan will also be supplied to postmasters, who are hereby authorized, by direction of the Postmaster General, to distribute them through city and rural carriers and in post-office boxes.

3. When an owner applies on Form P. D. 750, before January 1, 1923, for full cash payment of 1918 war savings certificates, the postmaster shall fill out Form WS 3288 in triplicate (combined receipt and letter of transmittal, with file copy), listing the war savings certificates by serial number or registration number and showing the number of stamps affixed to each. The postmaster shall sign the first copy and deliver it to the owner as a receipt. The postmaster shall sign the second copy and send it with the war savings certificates and the application on Form P. D. 750 by official registered mail to the nearest Federal reserve bank or branch Federal reserve bank, which will receipt Form WS 3288 and return it to the postmaster. The postmaster shall attach this receipted copy to the corresponding copy on file. If any of the surrendered war savings certificates are registered, the postmaster shall certify on Form P. D. 750 to the identity of the applicant before sending it to the Federal reserve bank. Payment will be made by checks mailed by the Federal reserve bank direct to the owner, so as to be received on or about January 1, 1923. When more than one application on Form P. D. 750, together with Form WS 3288, is sent to a Federal reserve bank, the postmaster shall also inclose a letter of transmittal showing the names of the several applicants, the number of 1918 war savings stamps inclosed for each, and the number of applications and total number of stamps inclosed. Such certificates and applications on Form P. D. 750 must not be forwarded to banks and trust companies which are merely members of the Federal reserve system.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS ARE IN THE FOLLOWING CITIES.

Boston, Mass.	Cleveland, Ohio.	Chicago, Ill.	Kansas City, Mo.
New York, N. Y.	Richmond, Va.	Memphis, Tenn.	Dallas, Tex.
Philadelphia, Pa.	Atlanta, Ga.	Minneapolis, Minn.	San Francisco, Calif.

BRANCH FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS ARE IN THE FOLLOWING CITIES.

Buffalo, N. Y.	Nashville, Tenn.	Louisville, Ky.	Houston, Tex.
Cincinnati, Ohio.	New Orleans, La.	Helena, Mont.	Los Angeles, Calif.
Pittsburgh, Pa.	Savannah, Ga.	Denver, Colo.	Portland, Oreg.
Baltimore, Md.	Detroit, Mich.	Omaha, Neb.	Salt Lake City, Utah.
Birmingham, Ala.	St. Louis, Mo.	Oklahoma City, Okla.	Seattle, Wash.
Jacksonville, Fla.	Little Rock, Ark.	El Paso, Tex.	Spokane, Wash.

4. When an owner applies on Form P. D. 750 before January 1, 1923, to exchange a part of the value of his 1918 war savings certificates for Treasury savings certificates to be dated January 1, 1923, but not for as many as the value of the certificates would purchase, the transaction shall be handled exactly as in case of full cash payment (paragraph 3), except that the Federal reserve bank will send the Treasury savings certificates, dated January 1, 1923, to the owner promptly on receipt of the application, and will send the owner a check in payment of the difference so as to be received on or about January 1, 1923.

5. When an owner desires, prior to January 1, 1923, to exchange his 1918 war savings certificates, or some of them, for the largest amount of Treasury savings certificates that their maturity value will purchase, no application on Form P. D. 750 is necessary, but the postmaster shall immediately issue the Treasury savings certificates applied for, dating them January 1, 1923, so that the certificate will read (for example) "John Jones, 422 Columbia Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio, five years from January 1, 1923, the date of issue hereof," etc. On the back of the certificate, just over the space provided for the post-office dating stamp, the postmaster shall write the word "Exchange" in large plain letters. He shall then place the office dating stamp in the space provided therefor, showing the actual current date the exchange is made. It is to be clearly understood that the date on the face of the certificate when issued in exchange must in every case be January 1, 1923, and that the post-office dating stamp placed on the back of the certificate must be the actual date the transaction takes place. In a similar manner the pen-written issue date on the original and duplicate stubs corresponding to a certificate issued in exchange for war savings stamps prior to January 15, 1923, must in all cases be January 1, 1923, and the date of the post-office dating stamp must be the actual date the transaction takes place, and on the right-hand margin of every original and duplicate registration stub corresponding to Treasury savings certificate issued in exchange for war savings stamps prior to January 15, 1923, the postmaster shall write or stamp in large plain letters the word "Exchange." The postmaster shall at the same time pay to the owner of the war savings stamps exchanged for Treasury savings certificates any cash difference due him, which will not exceed in any case the amount of \$20, such cash payments to be made from current Treasury savings funds. If such funds are not available the payment may be made from postal cash. The amount so withdrawn from postal cash shall be immediately restored when additional Treasury savings cash is received.

On every war savings certificate so received in exchange the postmaster shall write or stamp in large plain letters, just above the words "United States War Savings Certificate," the words "Exchange; Paid." He shall then place his office dating stamp in the same space.

District postmasters shall forward such paid war savings certificates in lieu of a like amount of Treasury savings cash to their respective central-accounting postmasters, together with the original registration stubs from Treasury savings certificates issued. They shall also forward with the paid war savings certificates a letter of transmittal, showing the serial number and the name of the original owner and the number of \$5 war savings stamps attached to each paid war savings certificate. A copy of such letter of transmittal shall be retained in the district office for record.

The postmasters at first and second class post offices (except those offices which are authorized to deposit Treasury savings funds direct in the Federal reserve banks or branches thereof or with the Treasurer of the United States at Washington, D. C.) shall list such paid and exchanged war savings certificates in a similar manner on Form 3044-b in duplicate. The original letter of transmittal, Form 3044-b, together with the paid war savings certificates and additional cash items listed thereon, shall be transmitted to the State depository postmaster as a remittance of current Treasury savings cash.

When the postmaster at any first or second class office finds that the cash received from current sales of Treasury savings certificates is insufficient to reimburse any amount withdrawn from postal funds, in compliance with the above instructions, and it is necessary to obtain the cash in order to balance the quarterly postal account for the fourth quarter of 1922, the "paid exchanged" war savings certificates shall nevertheless be listed on Form 3044-b, and transmitted as Treasury savings funds to the designated State depository postmaster. After stating the total money value of the "paid exchanged" war savings certificates listed, the postmaster may add the following request, for example:

Total remitted herewith	\$1,000
for which please send me—	
Treasury savings certificate of deposit	830
Postal certificate of deposit per Form 3044-a attached, or cash (as may be required).....	180

State depository postmasters will comply with these requests.

Postmasters at third and fourth class offices will follow the same procedure in remitting "paid exchanged" war savings certificates to their respective central accounting postmasters when it is necessary to secure cash to reimburse the postal fund, except that an ordinary letter of transmittal will be used instead of listing the "paid exchanged" war savings certificates on Form 3044-b, this form being for the exclusive use of first and second class offices.

Detailed instructions have been sent by letter to central accounting postmasters and State depository postmasters and to postmasters who do not deposit Treasury savings funds through State depository postmasters.

6. When an owner desires to receive Treasury savings certificates, the purchase price of which is more than the maturity value of the surrendered war savings certificates, no application on Form P. D. 750 is necessary, but the owner shall pay the cash difference to the postmaster, who shall immediately issue the Treasury savings certificates applied for in the same manner as provided for the issuance of Treasury savings certificates under the conditions set forth in paragraph 5. The postmaster shall then treat the paid exchanged war savings certificates so received in the same manner as provided in paragraph 5.

7. Postmasters at all first and second class post offices shall forward to the Third Assistant Postmaster General, Division of Stamps, the original registration stubs corresponding to current Treasury savings certificates issued in exchange, or partial exchange, for paid war savings certificates every 10 days, at the same time that the stubs from certificates sold in the usual manner are forwarded and in the same inclosure, but such exchange stubs shall be listed on a separate form, 3344-b, plainly marked "Stubs from exchanged certificates." The total value of the ordinary sales for the month, not including any Treasury savings certificates issued in exchange for paid war savings stamps received at maturity value prior to January 1, 1923, shall be shown in item 18 of the monthly account, Form 3344, as at present. Credit for the value of Treasury savings certificates of the current issue, which are issued prior to January 1, 1923, but dated as of January 1, 1923, in exchange for 1918 war savings certificates paid at maturity value, shall be claimed in item 15, columns 1, 2, 3, and 5 of the current monthly account, Form 3344, and the total value of item 15, as shown in column 5, shall be charged in item 23 as "Cash value of exchanges per item 15 above." This entry will produce a total cash debit to be accounted for in item 24 equal to the total credits, items 25 to 32, inclusive.

8. Applications for payment or exchange of 1918 war savings certificates shall not be forwarded by postmasters to the Federal reserve bank, as provided in paragraphs 3 and 4 of these instructions, after December 31, 1922. When an owner desires, after that date, to receive the largest amount of Treasury savings certificates that the maturity value of his 1918 war savings certificates will purchase, the postmaster shall proceed as instructed in paragraph 5. When an owner desires to receive a less amount of Treasury savings certificates, the postmaster shall issue the Treasury savings certificates and pay the cash difference from Treasury savings or other available funds. If neither Treasury savings funds nor surplus postal funds are available, the postmaster shall issue an interim receipt to the applicant on Form WS 3378, and shall forward the war savings certificates to his central accounting postmaster or State depository postmaster, as the case may be, with a request that the desired Treasury savings certificates be issued in the applicant's name and returned with the difference in cash, to be delivered to the applicant. The interim receipt shall be taken up before delivery of the Treasury savings certificates and cash difference.

9. War savings certificates received under any of the foregoing provisions must be signed in the receipt forms as of January 1, 1923 (or the date of later surrender), with the value shown as \$5 for each stamp affixed. All existing regulations governing payment of war savings certificates will apply to certificates so received (see pp. 50-54, 1922 Postal Guide), except that 10 days' notice shall not be required before certificates are accepted in advance, for exchange or payment as of the date of maturity. The postmaster at the office of registration shall take the same measures to identify the registered owners of all registered certificates as in the case of ordinary payment from postal funds.

10. In transmitting war savings certificates for exchange or payment, with Form WS 3288, or remitting paid exchanged war savings certificates as Treasury savings cash, the Postal Laws and Regulations governing the dispatch of

funds by official registered mail shall be fully observed. Postmasters are warned that they will be held strictly accountable for all losses occurring in transit by reason of failure to comply in all respects with section 371 of the Postal Laws and Regulations.

11. It is believed that the procedure outlined above will greatly reduce the volume of 1918 war savings certificates to be paid at post offices on or after the date of maturity. The plan, however, does not alter the right of owners to apply for and receive direct payment at post offices, after 10 days' written notice. The existing instructions, on pages 56 to 54 of the 1922 Postal Guide, will apply to such direct payments made after January 1, 1923, with the following exceptions:

(1) In order to facilitate prompt payment at maturity so far as possible, postmasters are authorized, by direction of the Postmaster General, to waive the requirement of 10 days' written notice in any case where surplus funds can be used immediately without embarrassment to the finances of the post office, for payment of 1918 war savings certificates after maturity. Postmasters should continue to require 10 days' written notice in all other cases.

(2) When 10 days' written notice is given during the last 10 days of December with a request for direct payment at the post office of 1918 certificates at or after maturity and it is necessary to forward the certificates to the central accounting postmaster or State depositary postmaster for return of funds, the receipt forms on such certificates should be signed as of January 1, 1923, and the full maturity value inserted.

(3) When 1918 certificates, registered or unregistered, are presented at a post office by a local bank or other bona fide representative, together with an order signed by the owner of the certificates on Form WS 3357, and the receipt forms on the certificates have not been signed by the owner, the signature of the representative in the receipt forms shall be accepted and Form WS 3357 shall be attached to the paid certificates when they are remitted as postal funds; provided the postmaster is satisfied that the signature on Form WS 3357 is that of the owner.

12. Initial shipments of Form P. D. 730 and Form WS 3288 were made by the department to postmasters at all first and second class offices. Postmasters at central accounting offices were instructed immediately on receiving the necessary supply, to send at least 25 of Form P. D. 730 and 50 of Form WS 3288 to the postmaster at each district money-order office, using judgment in determining the number to be sent to third-class offices and others where the amount of outstanding 1918 war savings certificates is known to be great. Postmasters at district offices shall apply to their central accounting offices for needed additional supplies of these two forms. Postmasters at first and second class offices shall make requisition on the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, Division of Equipment and Supplies. Postmasters at district offices who receive a supply of these forms greater than any possible need shall return the surplus at once to the central accounting postmaster.— *Third Assistant Postmaster General.*

(68) OFFICE STAMP ON WAR-SAVINGS CERTIFICATES.

Postmasters are instructed to place a clear impression of their office dating stamp just above the words "United States war-savings certificate" on every war-savings certificate received by them whether redeemed with postal cash or received in payment, or partial payment, for current Treasury savings certificates, or forwarded to a Federal reserve bank for exchange or payment.

(69) SPOILED TREASURY SAVINGS CERTIFICATES.

Many postmasters are transmitting spoiled Treasury savings certificates to the department listed on Form 3344-b, contrary to explicit instructions in paragraph 118, page 46, of the 1922 Postal Guide.

Form 3344-b is for use in transmitting to the department every 10 days original registration stubs from Treasury savings certificates actually issued and for which the cash or "Paid exchanged 1918 war certificates" has been deposited and will be accounted for on the monthly account, Form 3344. Form 3344-b must not be used for listing spoiled or damaged Treasury savings certificates, or for any purpose other than the transmission of original registration stubs to the department from Treasury savings certificates actually issued.

(70) TEN-DAY REPORTS OF TREASURY SAVINGS CERTIFICATE STUBS.

1. Beginning with the month of November, 1922, three times each calendar month postmasters at all first and second class post offices shall forward to the Third Assistant Postmaster General, Division of Stamps, by ordinary mail, all original registration stubs from Treasury savings certificates sold and to be accounted for, listed on Form 3344-b in triplicate. The stubs shall be accompanied by a signed original and duplicate copy of Form 3344-b. The triplicate copy shall be retained in the post office as an office record. The envelope or other container shall be plainly marked or stamped in on the lower left corner of the address side "Stubs." These trimonthly reports shall be prepared and submitted in the following manner:

2. On or before the 12th day of each calendar month (beginning with the month of November) the postmaster at each first and second class post office shall list on Form 3344-b the stubs from all Treasury savings certificates sold at or through his post office between the 1st and 10th days of the month, inclusive, and transmit the original registration stubs listed and the original and duplicate Forms 3344-b as provided in paragraph 1 above.

3. On or before the 22d day of each calendar month the postmaster at each first and second class post office shall list on Form 3344-b the stubs from all Treasury savings certificates sold at or through his post office between the 11th and 20th days of the month, inclusive, and transmit the original registration stubs listed and the original and duplicate Forms 3344-b as provided in paragraph 1 above.

4. A third report on Form 3344-b shall be prepared and forwarded with the monthly account, Form 3344, not later than the seventh day of the month immediately following the month for which the account, Form 3344, is rendered. The third and final report for the calendar month must include all original stubs from the sales of Treasury savings certificates made between the 21st and last day of the calendar month just closed, and, any others not previously reported to which shall be added a summary of the totals shown on the two previous Forms 3344-b for that calendar month. *

that the grand total shown on the third report on Form 3344-b shall agree with the Treasury savings certificates shown in item 18 of the account, Form 3344, as sales for the entire calendar month.

5. Where no sales have been made during a 10-day period, a report on Form 3344-b need not be submitted, but at the close of the month, even though no sales have been made during the entire month, a monthly account on Form 3344 must be submitted showing the stock on hand at the beginning and close of the month.

6. Revised Forms 3344-b, to conform to the new method of submitting registration stubs as herein outlined, are being printed, and an initial supply will be furnished to postmasters at first and second class post offices without requisition as soon as the new form is received from the printer. In the meantime postmasters will modify the present Form 3344-b to conform to the requirements of paragraphs 2 to 5, inclusive, of these instructions. Totals should be stated on the first, second, and third 10-day reports showing the total number of each denomination of stubs transmitted with that report. After the totals have been stated on the third report, the totals stated in the first and second reports shall be added in separate items, and a grand total stated, to show the total number of registration stubs transmitted for the entire calendar month, which shall agree with the total of Treasury savings certificates reported in item 18 of Form 3344 as sales for the calendar month.

7. These instructions do not apply to third and fourth class post offices and are not to be considered as in any way changing or modifying existing instructions to district postmasters as to the issuance, sale, accounting, and transmission of registration stubs and Treasury savings cash as provided in paragraphs 110 and 114, pages 44 and 45 of the 1922 Postal Guide.— *Third Assistant Postmaster General.*

MONEY ORDERS.

Change in Maximum Amount of Incoming British Money Orders— Postmasters at International Money Order Offices Cautioned.

(71) CHANGE IN MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF INCOMING BRITISH MONEY ORDERS.

Postmasters are notified that beginning November 1, 1922, Great Britain will issue money orders for payment in the United States up to the value of 40 pounds, and payment should be made thereon without sending them to this bureau for validation. The amount to be paid in United States currency on each order will be indicated in red ink on its corresponding advice, as heretofore.

This change applies only to money orders originating in Great Britain, and the maximum amount for which orders may be issued in the United States will remain at \$100.

(72) POSTMASTERS AT INTERNATIONAL MONEY-ORDER OFFICES CAUTIONED TO NAME THE CORRECT EQUIVALENTS OF FOREIGN MONEY FOR DOLLARS.

In connection with the notice which appeared in the Postal Bulletin of October 19, 1922, postmasters are informed that such notice did not apply to sterling (pounds, shillings, and pence), Tables Nos. 1 to 16.

In issuing international money orders the utmost care must be exercised to give the exact equivalents in foreign money as shown between two heavy lines in the tables contained in Form 6749a. The equivalents are never separated by these lines.

In the tables of British money (sterling), Nos. 1 to 16, the United States money is given to the right and the equivalent in pounds, shillings, and pence to the left. In the other tables (Nos. 17 to 59) the United States money is given on the left and the foreign equivalent on the right. The equivalents should always be taken from the figures printed between the heavy black lines and not from those separated by the heavy lines.

Postmasters at many offices have erred in writing equivalents of United States money in Tables Nos. 17 to 59, and great care should be taken to express such equivalents by giving the exact value in francs and centimes, kroner and ore, and florins and cents, and not the equivalents in round sums of francs, kroner, and florins only.— *Third Assistant Postmaster General.*

REGISTERED - C. O. D. - INSURED MAIL.

Regulation on Short Paid Registered Matter—Sale of Postage Stamps at Registry Window—Improper Acceptance of Insured Parcels—Illegible Entries on C. O. D. Tags—Preparation of Undeliverable C. O. D. Matter—Money Orders Issued to Cover Charges on C. O. D. Parcels—Adjustment of Claims—Adjustment of Claims, Bridgeport, Conn., to New Haven, Conn.—Claims on Shanghai, China, Matter.

(73) DOUBLE THE DEFICIENCY IN REGISTRY FEE NOT TO BE RATED UPON SHORT-PAID REGISTERED MATTER.

Postmasters are informed that the amendments to sections 1053, 1059, and 1061 of the Postal Laws and Regulations (inserts 739, 740, and 741) published in the April, 1922, Postal Guide are not to be construed as requiring that any deficiency in registry fee on registered mail for or from foreign countries is to be computed at double rate; the single rate only is chargeable. The double rate applies exclusively to postage.

(74) POSTAGE STAMPS FOR REGISTERED MAIL TO BE SOLD ALSO AT THE REGISTRY WINDOW WHEN PRACTICABLE.

Complaint has been received from patrons of the registry service that after waiting at the registry window for an opportunity to secure the registration of an article instructions have been given that the stamps required for postage and registry fee be obtained at the stamp window instead of the stamps being sold at the registry window.

As a matter of convenience to the public postmasters should arrange when practicable for the sale of postage stamps also at the window where mail is presented for registration, especially at the larger offices, where the stamp window may be located some distance from the registry window, or when, because of other local conditions, inconvenience will be caused if the sender is required to call at the stamp window for the purpose of securing stamps.

(75) IMPROPER ACCEPTANCE OF INSURED PARCELS AFTER DELIVERY UNDER ORIGINAL PLEDGE GUARANTEEING RETURN POSTAGE.

From reports received in this office there appears to be a widespread practice on the part of postmasters to accept insured parcels for return to the sender under the original senders' pledge guaranteeing return postage, although the parcels have actually been delivered to the addressee. This appears to be particularly true of insured shipments of cigars from cigar firms located at Tampa, Fla., such shipments being made on condition that the addressee may sample a few cigars and, if unsatisfactory, return the shipment to the senders.

Postmasters should understand that the delivery of such parcels to the addressee nullifies the pledge guaranteeing return postage and also the insurance feature, and if the addressee desires to return the parcel to the original sender, such parcels should only be accepted for mailing when postage and, if insurance is desired, the insurance fee also is paid. Failure to comply with these instructions and the provisions of amended section 637 of the Postal Laws and Regulations not only deprives the department of revenue derived from postage and insurance fee, but also the original sender does not have protection in case of possible loss of the parcel.

Postmasters and postal employees are enjoined to strictly comply with the regulations in this regard in all instances, reporting violations of this nature to this office.

(76) ILLEGIBLE ENTRIES ON C. O. D. TAGS.

It has become necessary to again call the attention of postmasters and other postal employees to the laxity and carelessness displayed, as evidenced by numerous complaints and reports received in this office, of the improper acceptance of C. O. D. parcels bearing C. O. D. tags on which the particulars are filled in in an illegible manner.

It is imperative that steps be taken to remedy this condition at once. See article 46, page 114, of the July, 1922, Postal Guide, which provides that the necessary particulars on C. O. D. tags should be filled in by senders in a clear, legible manner with typewriter, ink, or indelible pencil. Notwithstanding these instructions, it appears that large numbers of C. O. D. parcels are being accepted with the particulars on the C. O. D. tags filled in with lead pencil in an indistinct manner.

Postmasters will readily realize that cooperation with the department is of the utmost importance, since violation of these instructions usually delays receipt of money orders by the payees and consequently results in criticism of the service. It is requested that instances, coming to the attention of postmasters or other postal employees, where the particulars on C. O. D. tags are filled in in an illegible manner, be reported to the Third Assistant Postmaster General, Division of Registered Mails.

(77) IMPROPER PREPARATION OF UNDELIVERABLE C. O. D. PARCELS FOR RETURN TO SENDERS.

The following irregularities have been reported to this office in connection with the handling of undeliverable C. O. D. parcels returned to senders:

1. Original wrappers of C. O. D. parcels reversed and readdressed to senders.
2. Parcels rewrapped with C. O. D. tags and markings on the inside.
3. Original C. O. D. tags removed and parcels rewrapped and returned to senders as ordinary mail.
4. Parcels returned as new C. O. D.'s for the amount of postage required for return.

Such improper return of undeliverable C. O. D. parcels will prevent the proper handling thereof on return to offices of original dispatch and may result in claims for indemnity being filed covering C. O. D. parcels which have actually been returned to senders. The treatment to be accorded such parcels is fully covered in article 33, page 112, July, 1922, Postal Guide, and in previous Guide issues.

While these irregularities have occurred principally at offices of the third and fourth classes, all postmasters are requested to redirect the attention of the employees involved to the instructions in the article of the Guide herein referred to. Reports should be made to the Third Assistant Postmaster General, Division of Registered Mails, in every instance where undeliverable C. O. D. parcels are improperly prepared for return to senders.

(78) IRREGULARITIES IN CONNECTION WITH MONEY ORDERS ISSUED TO COVER CHARGES ON C. O. D. PARCELS.

The attention of postmasters and other postal employees involved is directed to the following irregularities at a number of post offices, in connection with the provisions of article 57, page 143, July, 1922, Postal Guide:

1. Money orders are not being drawn in favor of payees as indicated on C. O. D. tags.
2. Numbers of C. O. D. parcels are not being inserted on money orders issued.
3. Money orders are not stamped "C. O. D."
4. Penalty envelopes do not bear correct names and street addresses of payees.
5. Money orders are being transmitted to other than the actual payees.
6. Money orders are being transmitted to postmasters instead of payees.
7. Special coupons attached to C. O. D. tags are not being inclosed with money orders.

It should be realized that irregularities of the character above described are very annoying to patrons of the service and it is therefore earnestly requested that extreme care be exercised to see that money orders in payment of charges on C. O. D. parcels are correctly filled out and properly mailed.

(79) ADJUSTMENT OF INDEMNITY CLAIMS.

The postmaster at Lynn, Mass., tells of an incident which recently occurred in connection with the adjusting of a claim for indemnity.

"An insured parcel containing a number of electrotype plates valued at \$384 had been lost and claim for indemnity was filed. The claim was in the process of adjustment when the claim clerk of the Lynn post office was requested to obtain additional information substantiating the value of the merchandise. But the clerk had a 'hunch.' There are two firms whose names are somewhat similar and perhaps the plates had been received by the other firm and had been mislaid. A personal call was made at this firm's place of business and a thorough search was made for the parcel but it could not be found. However, the clerk persuaded the shipper to make another search and the parcel was finally located in the supply room, with only the wrapper torn off. Because the parcel resembled that in which the firm stationery was usually received, it had been taken for granted that it contained only stationery and therefore was not opened. The claim clerk delivered the parcel to the proper addressee, saved the Government the amount of indemnity which would have been paid and in addition saved the firm the value of the plates which, incidentally, could not be reproduced. While the parcel would probably have been discovered at a later date it is doubtful whether it would have been connected with the parcel for which indemnity had been paid."

It is the desire of this office to emphasize instances of this nature which are not merely "hunches" but are the result of conscientious and devoted interest in the Postal Service.

(80) ADJUSTMENT OF INDEMNITY CLAIMS—TRANSFERRED FROM BRIDGEPORT, CONN., TO NEW HAVEN, CONN.

In conformity with the notice appearing under article 2, page 1, of the October, 1922, Postal Guide, designating New Haven as the central accounting post office for the State of Connecticut, effective October 1, 1922, in place of Bridgeport, postmasters are instructed to transmit all claims for indemnity for insured and C. O. D. parcels, which would properly be adjusted by the central accounting postmaster for the State of Connecticut, to the postmaster at New Haven, Conn.

(81) SHANGHAI, CHINA—CLAIMS FOR INDEMNITY INVOLVING INSURED OR C. O. D. PARCELS.

Pursuant to notice issued under article 29, page 5, of the October, 1922, Postal Guide, concerning the withdrawal of the United States postal agency at Shanghai, China, on or about December 31, 1922, postmasters are instructed, effective immediately, to transmit direct to the Third Assistant Postmaster General, Division of Registered Mails, all claims for indemnity involving insured or C. O. D. parcels mailed at or addressed to Shanghai, China, after the evidence has been completed in so far as their offices are concerned.

Paragraph b of article 131, page 124, of the July, 1922, Postal Guide, is hereby rescinded, and Shanghai, China, should be included in the group listed in article 139, of the same page of that Guide, relating to certain insurance and C. O. D. claims to be sent to the department.

Postmasters are again requested to observe that after November 30 parcels for Shanghai can not be insured or sent C. O. D.—Third Assistant Postmaster General.

RURAL SERVICE.

Rural Mail Box—Rural Delivery Carriers Entitled to Fee for Delivering Special—Delivery Matter Under Certain Conditions—Box Delivery and Collection Service by Carriers on Star Routes.

(82) RURAL MAIL BOX.

The following-named concern has submitted a model of a No. 1 rural mail box to the department, which has been approved, and the maker has been authorized to sell the approved box at not exceeding the price listed:

The Superior Stamping Co., Second and Elm Streets, Cincinnati, Ohio. No. 1 box, f. o. b. cars or post office, Cincinnati, Ohio, \$1.50.

O. O. Kolstad, 3800 Elysian Avenue, Duluth, Minn. No. 1 box, f. o. b. cars or post office, Duluth, Minn., \$2.25.
No. 2 box, f. o. b. cars or post office, Duluth, Minn., \$3.50.

NOTE.—The latter boxes are of unusual design and do not conform strictly to the former standard type.

(83) RURAL DELIVERY CARRIERS ENTITLED TO FEE FOR DELIVERING SPECIAL-DELIVERY MATTER UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS.

It has come to the attention of the department that the postmasters at some of the rural delivery offices are not allowing rural carriers the fee for the delivery of special-delivery matter.

In order that the carriers may be properly compensated for this work, postmasters are reminded that under the provisions of section 792, Postal Laws and Regulations, a rural carrier is entitled to the prescribed fee when he delivers special-delivery matter at the dwelling or place of business of a patron, which is required when travel not to exceed one-half mile from the route is involved. When such mail is deposited in a patron's box, the same as ordinary matter, neither the postmaster nor the rural carrier shall be paid the fee.

Form 1907, quarterly voucher, Special Delivery Service, should be used in taking receipts for payments made to rural carriers of the fees for delivering special-delivery matter.

(84) BOX DELIVERY AND COLLECTION SERVICE BY CARRIERS ON STAR ROUTES.

In paragraph 178, on page 29, of the Official Postal Guide for July, 1922, it is stated that mail is delivered by rural and star route carriers to persons (except those residing within city delivery limits) who properly place mail boxes on the line of travel of such routes.

A slight change in this statement is necessary. Under the regulations of the department the contractors and carriers on star routes, unless otherwise stipulated in the contracts, are required to deposit into and collect mail from approved boxes placed along the roads traveled by the carriers. However, it is not contemplated that star route carriers shall provide such service to boxes of persons residing within the corporate limits of cities or towns or within 80 rods of a post office.—Fourth Assistant Postmaster General.

EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES.

Railroad Car Shortage—Form 3848-B Discontinued—Press Copy Books—Insertion on Government Bills of Lading—District Postmasters Should Use Revised Requisition Form for Stamped Envelopes.

(85) RAILROAD CAR SHORTAGE.

This bureau is in receipt of a letter from Mr. H. C. Smither, chief coordinator, dated the 23d instant, reading as follows:

"At the present time there is a great demand for railroad equipment to move all classes of commodities. Owing to that demand there is an acute shortage of such equipment in all parts of the country.

"While it is understood that all departments have issued instructions regarding prompt loading and release of cars and the loading of cars to full capacity, it is requested that Government shipping and receiving agencies be advised to exercise special care in carrying out these instructions. Cooperation on the part of all concerned will materially reduce the existing car shortage, will assure a more prompt placement of cars for shipment and will be of considerable aid to the railroads, enabling them to render better service."

Postmasters will please read the above carefully and be governed accordingly.

(86) FORM 3848-B.

Numerous requests are being received by the Division of Equipment and Supplies from fourth-class post offices for a supply of Form 3848-B. The attention of these offices is invited to the notice appearing on page 18, section 41, of the May, 1922, Supplement to the Official Postal Guide, in which the use of this form, erroneously printed as Form 3849-B, was discontinued.

(87) PRESS COPY BOOKS.

Numerous complaints are being received by the Division of Equipment and Supplies concerning the poor quality of paper furnished in press copy books, Item 120c. When the present stock of the books becomes exhausted, paper of a different quality will be supplied. In the meantime it is expected that the greatest care possible will be exercised in press copying money-order statements, etc., in order that legible copies will be obtained.

(88) INSERTION ON GOVERNMENT BILLS OF LADING.

This bureau has received from the Chief Coordinator, Supplement No. 14, dated November 11, 1922, to Bulletin No. 7, directing that when special or reduced rates are secured from a carrier on any shipment including lighterage, floatage, or the waiving of switching and drayage charges; also, in case of carload shipments, the length of car ordered and the length of car furnished be inserted on such bills of lading.

Please note and be governed accordingly.—*Fourth Assistant Postmaster General.*

(89) DISTRICT POSTMASTERS TO SUBMIT REQUISITIONS FOR PRINTED STAMPED ENVELOPES ON REVISED FORM 3202-D.

Many district postmasters are continuing to submit requisitions for special-request and office-request stamped envelopes on the old white card, Form 3202-d, which was revised along with other requisition forms more than a year ago in order to provide printer's copies of uniform size to expedite the handling of orders in the department and at the stamped envelope factory.

District postmasters who have not yet obtained the revised form 3202-d, which is printed on pink card are requested to secure a supply by requisition on the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, or proper distributing office, immediately and to destroy all obsolete forms 3202-d printed on white card.

Central-accounting postmasters have been instructed, beginning January 1, 1923, to return all requisitions from district postmasters that are not submitted on the proper form.

LATE NOTICES.

CORRECTION, JULY, 1922, POSTAL GUIDE.

Item for "Niagara Falls (Station A), N. Y.," page 104, paragraph 59 (a), of the July, 1922, Postal Guide, should be "Niagara Falls (Bridge Station), N. Y."

MAIL AND PARCEL-POST EXCHANGES BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND COSTA RICA UNDER THE PAN AMERICAN CONVENTIONS OF BUENOS AIRES.

Costa Rica having ratified the Pan American Principal Convention and the Pan American Parcel Post Convention, concluded at Buenos Aires, September 15, 1921, the provisions of the said conventions become effective at once with respect to regular and parcel-post mails destined for that country.

The notice of this office dated July 25, 1922, which was published in the Postal Bulletin of July 27, and as section 49, on page 17 of the August, 1922, Postal Guide, should be enlarged accordingly.

CARBON PAPER TO GREAT BRITAIN AND COUNTRIES SENT VIA GREAT BRITAIN.

The items "Abyssinia" and "Great Britain," shown on pages 177 and 192 of the annual Postal Guide for 1922, should be modified by changing the wording covering the restriction on carbon paper to those countries as follows:

"Carbon papers are admitted, provided the sender certifies the contents on the customs declaration in the following terms: 'Typewriting carbon paper, coated with wax and containing no oxydizable, oily, or fatty substances.' The transmission of other kinds of carbon paper is prohibited."

POSTAL SAVINGS CHANGES.

JUNE 1 TO NOVEMBER 30, 1922

This list, taken in connection with the post offices designated as postal savings depositories in the State List of the Postal Guide for July, 1922, shows the offices, branches, and stations at which postal savings business may be transacted. Former monthly lists should be disregarded. The radical (✓) before the name of an office indicates information not previously published.

<p>CALIFORNIA. <i>Established.</i> South San Francisco. <i>Discontinued.</i> <i>Branch, San Francisco.</i> South San Francisco. <i>Correction.</i> <i>Station, Los Angeles.</i> C is a Postal Savings depository; insert circle.</p>	<p>MICHIGAN. <i>Established.</i> ✓ Amasa. Dearborn. MISSISSIPPI. <i>Established.</i> Electric Mills. <i>Name changed.</i> Agricultural College to A. and M. College.</p>	<p>OHIO. <i>Established.</i> <i>Station, Dayton.</i> ✓ B. Dexter City. <i>Discontinued.</i> ✓ Milford.</p>
<p>DELAWARE. <i>Established.</i> ✓ Newport.</p>	<p>MISSOURI. <i>Established.</i> North Kansas City. <i>Discontinued.</i> <i>Station, Springfield.</i> South Side.</p>	<p>OKLAHOMA. <i>Established.</i> Maud. OREGON. <i>Established.</i> Bay City.</p>
<p>GEORGIA. <i>Established.</i> ✓ Jesup.</p>	<p>NEW HAMPSHIRE. <i>Name changed.</i> Mountainview to Center Ossipee. <i>Correction.</i> Wilmot Flat is a Postal Savings depository; insert circle. Wilmot is not a Postal Savings depository; omit circle.</p>	<p>PENNSYLVANIA. <i>Established.</i> ✓ Elmora. <i>Station, Pittsburgh.</i> ✓ Wylie. <i>Branch, Norristown.</i> Bridgeport. <i>Discontinued.</i> Bridgeport.</p>
<p>ILLINOIS. <i>Established.</i> Forest Park. <i>Discontinued.</i> ✓ Alvin. <i>Branch, Oak Park.</i> Forest Park.</p>	<p>NEW JERSEY. <i>Established.</i> <i>Station, Gloucester City.</i> No. 1. <i>Station, Jersey City.</i> ✓ Greenville. <i>Discontinued.</i> ✓ Anglesea. Chrome. <i>Name changed.</i> Carteret to Roosevelt-Carteret.</p>	<p>UTAH. <i>Established.</i> Fort Duchesne. VIRGINIA. <i>Name changed.</i> ✓ Camp Humphreys to Fort Humphreys.</p>
<p>KANSAS. <i>Established.</i> Elkhart.</p>	<p>NEW YORK. <i>Correction.</i> <i>Station, Flushing.</i> Fort Totten is a station, not a branch.</p>	<p>WASHINGTON. <i>Established.</i> Charleston. <i>Name changed.</i> Tolt to Carnation.</p>
<p>MAINE. <i>Discontinued.</i> Freedom. <i>Correction.</i> Lincolnville Center is a Postal Savings depository; insert circle. Lincoln Center is not a Postal Savings depository; omit circle.</p>	<p>MASSACHUSETTS. <i>Discontinued.</i> Sea View. <i>Correction.</i> Farnams is not a Postal Savings depository; omit circle.</p>	<p>WISCONSIN. <i>Correction.</i> Brooklyn is a Postal Savings depository; insert circle.</p>

MONEY ORDER CHANGES.

DOMESTIC LIST.

NOVEMBER 30, 1922.

Money order offices established, names changed, corrections made, etc., since issue of the Register of Money Order Post Offices in operation July 1, 1922, are given below.

NOTE.—The last-named office under head of "Discontinued" in each case is the office at which the records of the discontinued office are kept. Example: Newala, Alabama, having been discontinued, the Money Order Records, etc., will be found at Calera.

Names in the following list preceded by the radical sign (√) are printed therein for the first time and have not previously appeared under the same heading in any list of "Money Order Changes."

International offices appear in full-face type.

ALABAMA.	Discontinued.	CONNECTICUT.
<p><i>Established.</i></p> <p>Cyril. Saraland. Steppville.</p> <p><i>Discontinued.</i></p> <p>Anniston: McClellan Branch. Aquila..... Bucatunna, Miss. Burnwell Mines..... Wyatt Goethite..... McCalla Milan..... Grays Chapel Newala..... Calera Porter..... Adamsville Rosa..... Oneota</p>	<p><i>Established.</i></p> <p>Carrollton..... Alpena Pass Johnstown..... Remmel Lacey..... Monticello Little Rock: Pike Branch. Reedville..... Dumas Rosa..... Luxora Thomasville..... Marianna Trull..... Wesson Wardell (M. O. B. only)..... Bassett Waverly..... Neuhardt</p> <p>CALIFORNIA.</p> <p><i>Established.</i></p> <p>Bachelor. Buck Meadows. Crannell (late Bulwinkle). Lake Arrowhead. Livermore: Arroyo Sanitorium Rural Station. Los Angeles: Monterey Park Branch. Wilmar Branch. Lynwood. Mather. Osdick. Pasadena: C. O. D. Station. San Francisco: Geary Station. San Pedro: Station No. 3. South San Francisco.</p> <p><i>Name changed.</i></p> <p>Bulwinkle to Crannell.</p>	<p><i>Established.</i></p> <p>Stamford: Station No. 5. Waterbury: Station No. 15. Station No. 15. Station No. 17.</p> <p><i>Discontinued.</i></p> <p>Bridgeport: Pleasure Beach Branch. Hop River..... Columbia</p> <p>DELAWARE.</p> <p><i>Established.</i></p> <p>New Castle: Hamilton Park Rural Station. Wilmington: Elsmere Station.</p> <p><i>Discontinued.</i></p> <p>Elsmere..... Wilmington McDonough..... Mount Pleasant Marshallton: Roselle Rural Station.</p>
<p>ALASKA.</p> <p><i>Established.</i></p> <p>Andreasfky. Kanatak. McKinley Park.</p> <p>ARIZONA.</p> <p><i>Established.</i></p> <p>Cortaro. Prescott: C. O. D. Station. Tucson: Pastime Park Rural Station. Vah Ki. Wikieup.</p> <p><i>Discontinued.</i></p> <p>Colter..... Springerville Guthrie..... Clifton Shultz..... Mammoth Picacho..... Eloy San Fernando (M. O. B. only) Tucson Silver Creek..... Snowflake Tolchaco..... Leupp Toitac..... Eloy</p>	<p><i>Discontinued.</i></p> <p>Atolia..... Johannesburg Bellvale..... La Honda Cameron..... Monolith Fort Rosecrans..... Point Loma Hurlston..... Oroville Jamacha..... Jamul Laurel Dell..... Upper Lake Los Angeles: Station No. 47. Lorelock..... Chico Rockaway Beach. Salada Beach San Francisco: South San Francisco Branch. Tassajara..... Pleasanton Tuttletown..... Jamestown Taylor..... Redding Topaz..... Coleville</p>	<p>DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.</p> <p><i>Discontinued.</i></p> <p>Washington: Station No. 9. Station No. 11. Station No. 13. Station No. 14. Station No. 15. Station No. 16. Station No. 18. Station No. 19. Station No. 22. Station No. 24. Station No. 25. Station No. 26. Station No. 27. Station No. 28. Station No. 30. Station No. 31. Station No. 36. Station No. 37. Station No. 38. Station No. 41. Station No. 42. Station No. 43. Station No. 44. Station No. 46. Station No. 49. Station No. 53. Station No. 54. Station No. 57. Station No. 60. Station No. 62. Station No. 63. Station No. 64. Station No. 65. Station No. 69. Station No. 71. Station No. 75. Station No. 80.</p>
<p>ARKANSAS.</p> <p><i>Established.</i></p> <p>Conway: Normal Station. Drasco. Fayetteville: Station No. 1. Fort Smith: Station No. 1. Lambrook. Lazneb. Whitecliffs. Salus (late Devils Knob). Slatington.</p> <p><i>Name changed.</i></p> <p>Devils Knob to Salus.</p>	<p>COLORADO.</p> <p><i>Established.</i></p> <p>Boucarbo. Hoopap. Marble. Mindeman. Pallas.</p> <p><i>Discontinued.</i></p> <p>Clover..... Gardner Crescent..... Plainview Perins..... Durango Trull..... Steamboat Springs</p>	

FLORIDA.

Established.

- ✓ Coconut Grove (late Coconut Grove).
- Richleam (late Riverland).
- Samville (late Woodrow).
- Tampa: Station A.
- ✓ Woodmere (late Manasota.)

Names changed.

- ✓ Coconut Grove to Coconut Grove.
- ✓ Manasota to Woodmere.
- Riverland to Richleam.
- Woodrow to Samville.

Discontinued.

- ✓ Fort Dade..... Tampa
- ✓ Oak Knoll..... Verna
- ✓ Osowaw..... Fort Drum
- ✓ Powell..... Brooksville
- ✓ Quay..... Gifford
- ✓ Sellers Lake..... Astor Park
- ✓ Sneads Island..... Palmetto

GEORGIA.

Established.

- ✓ Aberdeen.
- Atlanta: Station No. 34.
- Augusta: C. O. D. Station.
- Misell.

Discontinued.

- Norwich..... Mauk
- Paschal..... Junction City

IDAHO.

Established.

- ✓ Castle Creek.
- Marsing.
- Valley.

Discontinued.

- Burgdorf..... McCall
- McArthur..... Naples
- Mace..... Burke
- Mount Idaho..... Grangeville
- Thurman..... Mountain Home
- Twin Pines..... Bone

Rescinded.

- ✓ The discontinuance of Corbin has been rescinded.

ILLINOIS.

Established.

- Aurora: C. O. D. Station.
- Chicago: Fort Dearborn Station.
- Egin: C. O. D. Station.
- ✓ Freeport: C. O. D. Station.
- Rockford: C. O. D. Station.
- Station No. 8.
- ✓ Station No. 10.
- Springfield: Capitol Station.
- Streator: Station No. 5.
- Waukegan: Great Lakes Branch.

Discontinued.

- ✓ Breckenridge..... Custer
- ✓ Burton..... Guiney
- Chicago: Masonic Temple Station.
- ✓ Craig..... Swauwick
- Hastings..... Allerton
- Herod..... Karbers Ridge
- ✓ Holland..... Beecher City
- Vevay Park..... Casey
- Waukegan: U. S. Receiving Ship Great Lakes Branch.

INDIANA.

Established.

- Hammona: Station No. 3.
- Indianapolis: Illinois Street Station.
- ✓ La Fayette: C. O. D. Station.
- Logansport: C. O. D. Station.
- Michigan City: C. O. D. Station.
- Speed.

IOWA.

Established.

- Cedar Rapids: Station No. 14.
- Consol.
- La Porte City. (late Laporte City).
- Madrid: High Bridge Rural Station.
- ✓ Osgood.
- Sioux City: Station No. 3.
- Waterloo: Station No. 4.

Name changed.

- Laporte City to La Porte City.

Discontinued.

- ✓ Manhattan..... Spirit Lake

KANSAS.

Established.

- Grigston (late Grigsby).

Name changed.

- Grigsby to Grigston.

Discontinued.

- Gulford..... Altoona
- North Cedar (M. O. B. only)..... Valley Falls
- Ravanna..... Eminence
- Wiroads..... Dodge City

KENTUCKY.

Established.

- Bulan.
- Covington: Ernst Station (late Pike Station).
- Dorthas.
- ✓ Drennon Springs (late Glennary)
- Dwale.
- Ernst.
- Heischawa (late Neola).
- Highplains.
- ✓ Jonancy.
- Lynch (late Lynch Mines).
- ✓ Shonn.

Names changed.

- Covington: Pike Station to Ernst Station.
- ✓ Glennary to Drennon Springs.
- Lynch Mines to Lynch.
- Neola to Heischawa.

Discontinued.

- Bandy (M. O. B. only). Clarence
- Cartwright (M. O. B. only)..... Albany
- Chester..... Crawford
- Dodge..... Winchester
- Edgote..... Oak Grove
- Goins (M. O. B. only). Carpenter
- Hansford (M. O. B. only)..... Mount Vernon
- Joyce..... Yosemite
- Juan..... Guerrant
- ✓ Teutonia..... Tannery
- Walcott..... Elmgrove
- Whetstone (M. O. B. only)..... Bakerton
- ✓ Willow (M. O. B. only)..... Evelyn

LOUISIANA.

Established.

- Alco (late Dusenbury).
- Arizona.
- ✓ Darnell.
- Morville.
- ✓ Myrtle Grove (late Janior).
- New Orleans: Central Station.
- Princeton.

Names changed.

- Dusenbury to Alco.
- ✓ Janior to Myrtle Grove.

Discontinued.

- Cossinade..... Kaplan
- Dennis Mills..... Weiss
- Johnsons Bayou (M. O. B. only)..... Orange, Tex.
- Mink..... Mora
- Oretta..... Seals
- Pawnee..... Glenmora
- Pontchartrain Grove..... Little Woods
- Poydras..... Violet
- ✓ Scanlon..... Wilmer

MAINE.

Established.

- Meddybemps.

Discontinued.

- Burton Center..... Burton

MARYLAND.

Established.

- Annapolis: Station No. 1.
- McConchie.
- Sykesville: Rural Station No. 1.
- Westminster: College Station.

Discontinued.

- Elloak..... Simpsonville

Correction.

- Clarksburg: Hyattstown Rural Station, instead of Laytonsville Rural Station.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Established.
 Boston:
 Navy Yard Station.
 Marblehead:
 Station No. 4.
 Morningdale.
 Peabody:
 Station No. 2.
 Worcester:
 Station No. 26.
 Station No. 27.

Discontinued.

Seltuate Center (M. O. B. only) . . .
 Egypt

Correction.

Longmeadow—Draw orders on
 Springfield.

MICHIGAN.

Established.

Bay City:
 C. O. D. Station.
 Deerton.
 Kipling.
 Kissingee.
 Muskegon:
 C. O. D. Station.
 Port Huron:
 C. O. D. Station.
 Redford:
 Brightmore Rural Station.

Discontinued.

Butterfield Lake City
 Detroit:
 Ruledale Rural Station.
 Groscap Saint Ignace
 Pointe Aux Pias Cheboygan
 Tapiola Pelkie
 Vermilion Whitefish Point
 Walkers Point Cheboygan
 Waters Otsego Lake

MINNESOTA.

Established.

Albert Lea:
 Station No. 1.
 Bayport (late South Stillwater).
 Bois Fort.
 Burchard.
 Crane Lake.
 Dorothy.
 Ferahill.
 Leoneth.
 Saint Cloud:
 Station No. 4
 Station No. 5.
 Saint Paul:
 C. O. D. Station.

Name changed.

South Stillwater to Bayport.

Discontinued.

Island Lake Puposky
 Jane Middle River
 Manganese (M. O. B. only)
 Trommald
 Poupore (M. O. B. only) Gowan
 Ruddell Wanke

MISSISSIPPI.

Established.

Southern.
 Stoneville (late Weilenman).

Name changed.

Weilenman to Stoneville.

Discontinued.

Commerce Robinsonville
 Cornish Tula
 Gerald Goahoma
 Gum Ridge Water Proof, La.
 Weigant Cary

MISSOURI.

Established.

Athol.
 Beal.
 Moberly:
 C. O. D. Station.
 Norton.
 Saint Charles:
 Station No. 3.
 Saint Louis:
 Baden Station (late McLaren
 Station).
 Elliot Branch.
 Sedalia:
 C. O. D. Station.

Name changed.

Saint Louis:
 McLaren Station to Baden
 Station.

Discontinued.

Almon Preston
 Boss Howes Mill
 Excelsior Versailles
 Fredericksburg Morrison
 Ira (M. O. B. only) Eldridge
 Judge Linn
 Netherlands Hayti
 Pansy Goodhope
 Phelps Miller
 Red Oak Bower Mills
 Udall (M. O. B. only) Bakersfield

MONTANA.

Established.

Belltower.
 Cat Creek.
 Gensieve.
 Rayfield.

Discontinued.

Canyon Ferry Helena
 Mitchell Wolf Creek
 Pinto Broadus

NEBRASKA.

Established.

Giles.
 Grand Island:
 C. O. D. Station.
 Mary.
 Wheeler.

Discontinued.

Fern Kennedy
 Lisle Bartlett

NEVADA.

Discontinued.

Belmont Manhattan
 Currant Preston
 Schurz (International only)

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Established.

Roby (late Robys Corner.)

Name changed.

Robys Corner to Roby.

Discontinued.

West Salisbury Andover

NEW JERSEY.

Established.

Beachwood.
 Carteret (late Roosevelt-Carteret):
 Station No. 1.
 Station No. 2.
 Deal (late Deal Beach).
 East Orange:
 Station No. 10.
 Station No. 11.
 Jersey City:
 Greenville Station.
 Orange:
 Station No. 8.
 Pleasantville:
 Station No. 2.
 Woodbury:
 Station No. 2.

Names changed.

Deal Beach to Deal.
 Roosevelt-Carteret changed
 back to Carteret.

Discontinued.

Chrome Carteret

NEW MEXICO.

Established.

Albuquerque:
 Station No. 3.
 Alto.
 Capulin (late Dedman).
 Ojo Feliz.
 Variadero.
 Volcano.

Name changed.

Dedman to Capulin.

Discontinued.

Canton Dereno
 Gascon (M. O. B. only) Rociada
 Senorito (M. O. B. only) Cuba

NEW YORK.

Established.

Binghamton:
 C. O. D. Station.
 Buffalo:
 Woodlawn Rural Station.
 Carle Place.
 Far Rockaway:
 Station No. 5.
 Flushing:
 Station No. 18.
 Jamaica:
 Hook Creek Branch (late Hook
 Creek Station).
 Station No. 29.
 Station No. 30.
 Middletown:
 Station No. 2.
 Station No. 3.
 New York:
 U. S. S. Bushnell Branch.
 C. O. D. Station.
 U. S. S. Denebola Branch.
 Headquarters Fourth Regi-
 ment U. S. M. C. Santiago
 D. R. Branch.
 U. S. S. Kidder Branch.
 U. S. S. Kittery Branch.
 U. S. S. Langley Branch.
 U. S. Marine Corps Branch.
 Santo Domingo.
 U. S. S. Scorpion Branch.
 Welfare Island Station.
 Olean:
 Station No. 2.

Name changed.
 Jamaica:
 Hook Creek Station to Hook
 Creek Branch.
Discontinued.
 Algenquin.....Saranac Lake
 Coventryville.....Bainbridge
 Fergusonville.....Schenevus
 Lime Lake (M. O. B. only).....
 Machias Junction
 Lobdell (M. O. B. only).....Saranac
 Lyonsdale.....Lyons Falls
 Mount Arab (M. O. B. only).....
 Horseshoe
 Newville.....Little Falls
 New York:
 U. S. S. Dixie Branch
 U. S. S. Ohio Branch
 Pleasant Brook.....Cherry Valley
 Readburn.....Fishs Eddy

NORTH CAROLINA.

Established.

Asheville:
 C. O. D. Station.
 Station No. 1.
 Station No. 2.
 Fort Bragg (late Camp Bragg).
 Gastonia:
 East Gastonia Rural Station.
 New Holland.
 Treestop.

Name changed.

Camp Bragg to Fort Bragg.

Discontinued.

Edgar.....Sophia
 Hargrove.....Oxford
 Southshore.....Columbia
 Wayside.....Fontana
 Wilmot.....Whittier

Rescinded.

The discontinuance of Sturgills
 has been rescinded.

Correction.

West Asheville—Draw orders on
 Asheville.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Established.

Helium.

Discontinued.

Pierce.....Amidon
 Scheffield.....New England
 Swartwood Swartwood, S. Dak.

OHIO.

Established.

Cairo (late West Cairo).
 Cleveland:
 East Cleveland Branch.
 Station No. 99.
 Station No. 100.
 Station No. 101.
 Station No. 102.
 Station No. 103.
 Station No. 104.
 Cuyahoga Falls:
 Station No. 1.
 Glenkarn.
 Greensburg (late Inland).
 Harris Station.
 Sandusky:
 Station No. 3.
 Station No. 6.

Names changed.
 Inland to Greensburg.
 West Cairo to Cairo.
Discontinued.
 Braceville.....Phalanx Station
 Caywood.....Marietta

OKLAHOMA.

Established.

Beachtou.
 Chewey.
 Denoya.
 Kenwood.
 Pernell.
 Tulsa:
 Station No. 5.

Discontinued.

Cabaniss.....Stuart
 Cloudy.....Rattan
 Errin.....Hugo
 Glenn.....Springer
 Heyburn.....Bristow
 Independence.....Custer
 Patterson.....Wilburton
 Payne.....Lindsay
 Vivian (M. O. B. only).....Eufaula
 Yahola.....Haskell

OREGON.

Established.

Galice.
 Linslaw.
Discontinued.
 Butte.....Wagontire
 Pleasant Hill.....Goshen
 Wellen.....Eagle Point

PENNSYLVANIA.

Established.

Altoona:
 C. O. D. Station.
 Greenwood Rural Station.
 Ambridge:
 Station No. 2.
 Station No. 3.
 Berkshire Heights.
 Berlin:
 Pinehill Rural Station.
 Bethlehem:
 Carey Station.
 Easton:
 C. O. D. Station.
 Emmons (late Sarman).
 Gabagen.
 Hanover:
 Station No. 1.
 Harrisburg:
 C. O. D. Station.
 Hazleton:
 C. O. D. Station.
 Station No. 5.
 Station No. 6.
 Lancaster:
 C. O. D. Station.
 McKeesport:
 Station No. 13.
 New Darry.
 Scranton:
 C. O. D. Station.
 Shumans.
 Tyrone:
 C. O. D. Station.
 Wilkes-Barre:
 Station No. 24.

Name changed.

Sarman to Emmons.

Discontinued.
 Barbara.....Williamsburg
 Buckhorn.....Bloomsburg
 Coneville.....Shinglehouse
 Elders Ridge.....Edri
 Guthrieville.....Downingtown
 Little Britain.....Nottingham
 Monterey.....Kutztown
 Outwood.....Pine Grove
 Providence Square (M. O. B. only)
 Fairview Village

Correction.

Rimersburg omitted, Riddles-
 burg repeated.

PORTO RICO.

Established.

San Juan:
 Station No. 3.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Established.

Columbia:
 C. O. D. Station.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Established.

Moon.
 Perthenia.
 Swartwood.

Discontinued.

Allen (M. O. B. only).....Martin
 Boshra.....Chance
 Goldfield.....Fairpoint
 Hardingrove.....Milesville
 Paris.....Thunder Hawk

TENNESSEE.

Established.

Hales Point.
 Lenox.
 New One.
 Valley Creek.

Discontinued.

Roope.....Whiteside

Correction.

Cannon Creek, not Canon Creek.

TEXAS.

Established.

Amarillo:
 San Jacinto Station.
 Beaumont:
 Station A.
 Station No. 4.
 Dallas:
 Station No. 15.
 Station No. 16.
 Dobrowski.
 Eceto.
 Fort Worth:
 Hempola Station.
 Station No. 11.
 Station No. 12.
 Station No. 13.
 Houston:
 Station No. 9.
 Miranda City.
 Oilton (late Torrecillas).
 Orange:
 Station No. 1.
 Ropesville.
 Sandy Point.
 Waco:
 Station No. 8.

Name changed.
 Torrecillas to Oulton.

Discontinued.
 Avondale..... Saginaw
 Byspot..... Willis
 Esperanza..... Waverly
 Hazel..... New Caney
 Lapara..... George West
 Limpia..... Toyahvale
 Lyra..... Strawn
 Moro..... Gulon
 Ragley..... Timpson
 Ramirena..... Annarose
 Retrieve..... Huntington
 Uteley..... Bastrop

Rescinded.
 Hamon, discontinuance rescinded.
 Pike, discontinuance rescinded.

UTAH.

Established.
 Pintura.
 Summit Point.
 Wasatch.

VERMONT.

Discontinued.
 North Sheldon (M. O. B. only)....
 Sheldon Junction

Correction.
 Bellows Falls, omitted. Beebe
 Plain repeated.

VIRGINIA.

Established.
 Bacova.
 Cassard.
 Comet.
 Dunbar.
 Erica.
 Fort Humphreys (late Camp
 Humphreys.)
 Fusee.
 Harman.
 Johnsonstown (late Gliden.)
 Lackey.
 Richmond:
 Seven Pines Rural Station.
 Villamont.

Names changed.
 Camp Humphreys to Fort
 Humphreys.
 Gliden to Johnsonstown.

Discontinued.
 Doran..... Raven
 Mayberry..... Meadows of Dan
 Simeon..... Charlottesville

WASHINGTON.

Established.
 Aswell.
 Bothell:
 East Alderwood Rural Sta-
 tion.
 Carnation (late Toit).
 Happy Hollow.
 Kartar.
 Kosmos.
 Lacamas.
 Mill Ranch.
 Olympia:
 Station No. 3.

Name changed.
 Toit to Carnation.

Discontinued.
 Dardanelles (M. O. B. only).....
 Winton
 Dot..... Roosevelt
 Lake Cushman..... Hoodspout

WEST VIRGINIA.

Established.
 Atenville.
 Christian.
 Dora.
 Glen Rogers.
 Howard.
 Killarney.
 Peach Creek.
 Wheeling:
 C. O. D. Station.

Discontinued.
 Cantwell..... Harrisville
 Davisville..... Mineralwells
 Finch..... Pike
 Hughey (M. O. B. only).....
 Peach Creek
 Jenningston..... Redcreek
 Vago..... Henning
 West Columbia..... Maggie

WISCONSIN.

Established.
 Appleton:
 Station No. 1.
 Milwaukee:
 Station No. 103.

Discontinued.
 Neptune..... Twin Bluffs
 Wheatland..... Burlington

WYOMING.

Established.
 Du Noir.
 Laramie:
 C. O. D. Station.
 Quealy.
 Roxson.
 Veteran.

CANADA.

Established.
 Amiraault Hill..... N. S.
 Ancienne Lorette..... P. Q.

(Reopened.)
 Atholville..... N. B.
 Baccaro..... N. S.
 Barrier Lake..... Sask.
 Beechy..... Sask.
 Berwyn (late Bear Lake)..... Alta.
 Blakeburn..... B. C.

Boiger Bridge..... Ont.
 Bonaventure East..... P. Q.
 Buffalo..... Alta.
 Calgary: Sub-offices.
 No. 1.
 No. 2.
 No. 4.
 Claxton..... B. C.
 Coronado..... Alta.
 Dawson Creek..... B. C.
 Decker..... Man.
 East Port Medway..... N. S.
 East River St. Mary's..... N. S.
 Eel River Crossing (late Eel River
 Crossing)..... N. B.
 Forestdale (late South Bulkley).....
 B. C.
 Fraser Lake..... B. C.
 Gilby..... Alta.
 Gilroy..... Sask.
 Great Falls..... Man.
 Grizzly Bear..... Alta.
 Hull: Sub-office.
 No. 1.
 Janow..... Man.
 Jarvisburg..... Ont.
 Jogues (late Stovert)..... Ont.
 Kingston (late Kingston Station).....
 N. S.
 Les Cedres..... P. Q.
 Loyalist..... Alta.
 McCord..... Sask.
 Mair..... Sask.
 Mayo Landing..... Yukon
 Mendham..... Sask.
 Michipicoten River..... Ont.
 Montreal: Sub-offices.
 Dorval (late Dorval, P. Q.).
 Montreal South.
 Pointe Claire (late Pointe
 Claire, P. Q.).
 Villeneuve.
 No. 49.
 No. 50.
 No. 65.
 No. 73.
 Mount Pleasant (late Mohawk).....
 Ont.
 New Campbellton (reopened) N. S.
 North Anner..... Sask.
 Ottawa: Sub-office.
 Glebe (late Bank Street South
 Sub-office).
 Petawawa Military Camp..... Ont.
 Phillipsburgh (late Phillipsburg
 East)..... P. Q.
 Port Greville (late Port Grenville)
 N. S.
 Port Hood Island..... N. S.
 Premier..... B. C.
 Revenue..... Sask.
 Rose Corner..... Ont.
 Rosendale..... Sask.
 Rowley (late Rowley Station).....
 Alta.
 St. Ludger, Riviere du Loup (late
 Blakesville)..... P. Q.
 St. Elphege..... P. Q.
 Ste. Rose de Watford..... P. Q.
 Saunders..... Alta.
 Shillington..... Ont.
 Slavs Lake (late Sawridge)..... Alta.
 Toronto: Sub-offices.
 Rusholms Road (reopened).
 No. 7 (reopened).
 No. 9.
 No. 24.
 No. 79.
 No. 104.
 No. 107.
 Valle Junction..... P. Q.
 Vancouver: Sub-office.
 Vancouver Heights.
 Vandura..... Sask.
 Viewfield..... Sask.
 Wardlow..... Alta.
 Whitford..... Alta.
 Winnipeg: Suboffice.
 Sturgeon Creek.
 Wostok..... Alta.

MONEY ORDER CHANGES.**INTERNATIONAL LIST.**

NOVEMBER 30, 1922.

New Offices to Be Added to the List.**ENGLAND AND WALES.**

Dormanston, Redcar.....	Yorkshire.
Great Portland Street, 4, W. 1.....	London.
Saint Anne's Road.....	Blackpool.
South Lambeth, Stewart's Road, S.W. 8.....	London.
Velindre.....	Port Talbot.
Walker Gate.....	Newcastle-on-Tyne.

NEW ZEALAND.

Cave.....	Timaru.
Gonville.....	Wanganui.
Matauri Bay.....	Auckland.
Mokauiti.....	Hamilton.
Reporoa.....	Hamilton.
Waitakere.....	Auckland.

Change in Name.**ENGLAND AND WALES.**

	Changed to—
Chiswick, Sutton Lane, 33, London....	Chiswick, Sutton Lane, London.
Great Portland Street, London.....	Great Portland Street, 138, London

Office to Be Erased from the List.**ENGLAND AND WALES.**

Abbey Street.....	Acerington.
Adderley.....	Market Drayton.
Bow, Bow Common Lane, E. 3.....	London.
Howley.....	Warrington.
Oxford Street, 191, W. 1.....	London.
Regent Street, 21, S. W. 1.....	London.

NEW ZEALAND.

Clifden.....	Invercargill.
Stockton Mine.....	Greymouth.
Wharepaina.....	Hamilton.

REGISTRY CHANGES.

Dispatches of Registered Mail Closed with Rotary Locks.

The following should be added to the list of third and fourth class offices, branches, and stations, and Navy mail clerks in possession of rotary-lock keys, printed on pages 103 to 105 of the July, 1919, page 39 of the June, 1920, page 42 of the combined May and June, 1921, and page 46 of the June, 1922, Postal Guides:

Post offices, branches, and stations:

- Chartley, Mass.
- Featherville, Idaho.
- Lake Arrowhead, Calif.
- North Middleboro, Mass.
- Ophir, Alaska.
- Sego, Utah.

Navy mail clerks:

- U. S. S. *Antares*.
- U. S. S. *Beaufort*.
- U. S. S. *Brazos*.
- U. S. S. *Nevada*.
- Pacific Coast Torpedo Station, Keyport, Wash.

The following should be removed from the list of third and fourth class offices, branches, and stations, and Navy mail clerks in possession of rotary-lock keys, printed on pages 103 to 105 of the July, 1919, page 39 of the June, 1920, page 42 of the combined May and June, 1921, and page 46 of the June, 1922, Postal Guides:

Post offices, branches, and stations:

- Pike Branch, Little Rock, Ark.

INDEPENDENT BRANCH POST OFFICES AND STATIONS.

Designated Since the Publication of or Omitted from the July, 1922, Postal Guide up to November 30, 1922. (See Sections 250 and 982 of the P. L. & R.)

State.	Branch or station.	Post office to which attached.
Massachusetts.....	Saugus.....Branch..	Lynn.

The following Independent Branch Post Offices or Stations Should Be Removed from the List Published in the July, 1922, or Subsequent Postal Guides.

State.	Branch or station.	Post office to which attached.
New York.....	Uptown.....Station..	Kingston.

LATEST CHANGES IN POST OFFICES.

JUNE 10 TO NOVEMBER 30, 1922.

NOTE.—This list, taken in connection with the list of offices in the GUIDE for July, 1922, shows the offices in operation. Former monthly lists should be disregarded. Commencing with the August supplement to the Postal Guide, the radical sign (†) before the name of an office will indicate information not previously published.

- A. Alphabetical list.
- S. Statelist.
- C. County list.
- N. New name of office.
- D. Office established since publication of July GUIDE and afterwards discontinued or name changed.
- * Domestic money-order offices.
- † International money-order offices.
- Postal-savings depositories.
- ‡ Summer offices.
- | Winter offices.

PARCEL-POST CHANGES. The unit number appears between the office and the county.

ALABAMA.		Discontinued.		Mail to		CALIFORNIA.	
Established.						Established.	
10249	Saraland*, 2187..... Mobile	65343	Coiter*, Apache		Springerville	80682	Bagdad..... 4929..... San Bernardino
<i>Number changed.</i>		65103	Guthrie*, Greenlee		Clifton	80502	Bucknell... 5669... Mendocino
29575	Bluemountain, not 39577.	65441	Katherine, Mohave		Kingman	80549	Caribou... 5468... Plumas
19577	Land, not 39575.	65147	Lopeant, Mohave		Hurricane	80688	Cowell... 5573... Contra Costa
<i>Discontinued.</i>		65327	Picacho*, Pinal		Eloy	80508	Crannell*(N) 3766. Humboldt
<i>Mail to</i>		65371	Shultz*, Pinal		Mammoth	89703	Delevan... 5570... Colusa
35038	Aquilla*, Washington	65238	Silver Creek*, Navajo		Snowflake	82276	Matheson... 5567... Shasta
	Bucatuuna, Miss.					81433	Mission Beach... 5083... San Diego
35296	Burnwell Mines*, Walker	65257	Tolchaco*, Coconino		Leupp	81540	Oakland Recreation Camp... 5323... Tuolumne
	Wyatt	65339	Toitac*, Pinal		Eloy	81834	Sequoia 5573. Contra Costa
38322	Carney, Baldwin	ARKANSAS.				81888	South San Francisco... 5573... San Mateo
	Bay Minette	<i>Established and names changed.</i>				81963	Tennant*5515... Siskiyou
38634	Goethite*, Tuscaloosa	73661	Baker Springs 2789. Howard			82326	Verdemont 5080... San Bernardino
	* McCalla	73444	Lazneb*, 2241... Arkansas			82039	Victor 5472... San Joaquin
28943	Milan*, Jackson	73706	Oga... 2577... Stone			<i>Station, Livermore.</i>	
29010	Newala*, Shelby	74351	Pineville (N) 2573... Izard			81233	Arroyo Sanitorium (Rural).
39138	Porter*, Jefferson	72399	Salus*(N) 2577... Johnson			<i>Branch Offices, Los Angeles.</i>	
	Adamsville	74087	Simco... 2477... Sharp			81193	Monterey Park.
36217	Rosa*, Blount	74186	Thida 2477... Independence			81173	Wilmar.
	Oneonta	74133	Tilly... 2637... Pope			<i>Station, Los Angeles.</i>	
<i>Corrections.</i>		74329	West Line... 2780... Sevier			80182	Geary.
	Killisnoo, omit A. list.	74337	Whitecliffs* 2751. Little River			<i>Station, Pasadena.</i>	
39061	Orrville, Dallas, not Orville S. list.	<i>Station, Conway.</i>				80743	C. O. D.
	Topton, supplied from Uniform, page 923	72905	Normal			<i>Station, San Pedro.</i>	
ALASKA.		<i>Station, Fayetteville.</i>				81824	No. 3.
<i>Established.</i>		73322	No. 1			<i>Name changed.</i>	
65725	Belkofsky 3, 55, 162.	<i>Station, Fort Smith.</i>				60568	Bulwinkle* to Crannell.
65775	McKinley Park*, 4, 64-149.	72601	No. 1.			<i>Discontinued.</i>	
65733	Medra 4, 83-155.	<i>Names changed.</i>				80067	Atolia†, San Bernardino... Osdick
<i>Discontinued.</i>		72990	Devils Knob* to Salus.			80084	Barrettdam, San Diego... Barrett
<i>Mail to</i>		74351	Whit to Pineville.			80414	Bellvale*, San Mateo... La Honda
65535	Eska 3, 62-149... Jonesville	<i>Discontinued.</i>				80937	Cameron*, Kern... Monolith
<i>Correction.</i>		72806	Carrollton*, Carroll			81792	Casa Desierto, Los Angeles... Lancaster
	Killisnoo, insert A. list.		Alpena Pass			82555	Crutts, San Bernardino... Barstow
ARIZONA.		72907	Crooked Bayou, Chicot			80861	Fort Rosecrans*, San Diego... Point Loma
<i>Established.</i>			Lake Village			81027	Hurlston*, Butte... Oroville
65334	Aripine... 4350... Navajo	74457	Johnstown*, Jackson			81071	Jamacha*, San Diego... Jamul
65094	Cornfields... 4327... Apache		Rummel			81092	Jupiter, Tuolumne... Columbia
65438	Jaynes... 4434... Pima	73450	Lacey*, Drew... Monticello			81267	Laurel Dell*, Lake... Bachelor
65197	Lees Ferry... 4925... Coconino	74495	Meto, Lonoke... Kerrs			<i>Correction.</i>	
65196	Monte Cristo... 4564... Pima	73948	Reedville*, DeSha... Dumas			Cow Lake, supplied from Auvergne, page 923.	
65493	Zeniff... 4373... Navajo	73963	Ridge, Washington			De View, supplied from McCrory, omit, page 923.	
<i>Station, Prescott.</i>			Westfork				
65204	C. O. D.	73991	Rosa*, Mississippi... Luxora				
<i>Station, Tucson.</i>		74414	Sodom, Clark... Lenox				
65417	Pastime Park (Rural).	74485	Thomasville*, Lee... Marianna				
		73218	Trull*, Union... Wesson				
		74311	Waverly*, Crittenden... Neuhardt				
		<i>Branch Office, Little Rock.</i>					
		72117	Pika.				

81230 Lovelock^o, Butte... Chico
 81422 Milo^o, Tulare... Springville
 81499 Mountain King^o, Mariposa
 Briceburg
 81730 Ripley^o, Riverdale... Blythe
 81731 Rockaway Beach^o, San
 Mateo... Salada Beach
 81941 Table Rock, Sierra La Porte
 81949 Tassajara^o, Contra Costa...
 Pleasanton
 81950 Taylor^o, Shasta... Keswick
 81982 Topaz^o, Mono... Coleville
 82601 Tuttle town^o, Tuolumne...
 Jamestown

Station, Los Angeles.

81184, No. 47

Branch office, San Francisco.

80191 South San Francisco (Ind.).

Corrections.

80675 Cressey, Merced, insert * S.
 list.
 Meyers, El Dorado, not Myers,
 C. list.
 Rio Linda not Rio Lindo, A.
 list.
 Tallac, El Dorado, not Tallao,
 C. list.

CHINA.

Discontinued.

X5600 Shanghai, United States
 Postal Agency^o.

COLORADO.

Established and names changed.

30405 Deep Channel, 4163... Moffat
 30659 Fort Lyon... 3672... Bent
 30499 Glen Haven... 3888... Larimer
 30502 Glentivar... 3929... Park
 31169 Lindland... 3967... Jackson
 30017 Ophir^o (N) 4123... San Miguel
 31148 Pallas^o... 4918... Routt
 30879 Sago... 4223... Montezuma
 30881 Schramm... 3618... Yuma

Name changed.

30017 Ames^o to Ophir

Numbers changed.

30349 Cliff, not 30849.
 30718 Mindeman, not 30713.
 31393 Omar, not 31302.

Discontinued. Mail to

31183 Clover^o, Huerfano... Gardner
 30976 Crescent^o, Boulder...
 Plainview
 30463 Fortification, Moffat... Craig
 30703 Mesaview, Las Animas...
 Branson
 30799 Perins^o, La Plata... Durango
 30972 Trull^o, Routt...
 Steamboat Springs

Station, Las Animas.

20653 Fort Lyon (Rural).

Correction.

Coaldale, not Coaldac. A.
 list.
 Renaraye, Montezuma, no.
 Huerfano Co. S. list.

CONNECTICUT.

Established.

Station, Stamford.

32563 No. 5.

Stations, Waterbury.

32398 No. 15.

32399 No. 16.

32543 No. 17.

Discontinued. Mail to

32467 Hop River^o, Tolland...
 Columbia

Branch office, Bridgeport.

32342 Pleasure Beach.

Corrections.

Hartford, Sta. A. 342, not 446,
 Capitol Ave. S. list.
 South Willington, not South
 Wellington. A. list.

DELAWARE.

Established.

Station, New Castle.

33684 Hamilton Park.

Station, Wilmington.

33515 Elsmere (Rural). (Re-est.)

Discontinued. Mail to

33632 Elsmere, (D) New Castle...
 Wilmington

33664 McDonough^o, New Castle...
 Mount Pleasant

Station, Marshallton.

33715 Roselle (Rural).

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Discontinued.

Stations, Washington.

Nos. 9, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19,
 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 30, 31,
 36, 37, 38, 41, 42, 43, 44, 48,
 49, 50, 52, 54, 57, 60, 62, 63,
 64, 65, 69, 71, 75, and 80.

FLORIDA.

Established and names changed.

78401 Coconut Grove (N) 1397...
 Dade

78672 Hollywood 1396... Brevard

78678 Holopaw 1492... Osceola

78779 Liberty Point 1445... Glades

79043 Richloam^o (N) 1591...
 Hernando

79033 Roach 1738... Taylor

79276 Samville^o (N) 1545... Lee

79239 Willow 1593... Manatee

78821 Woodmere^o (N) 1594...
 Sarasota

Station, Tampa.

78906 A. 205 So. 26th Street.

Names changed.

78401 Coconut Grove to Coconut
 Grove.

78521 Manasota to Woodmers.

79043 Riverland to Richloam

Suwanee County to Su-
 wannee.

79275 Woodrow to Samvills.

Numbers changed.

78737 Knights, not 78739.
 79380 Louise, not 78380.

Site changed.

Majetta, Calhoun into Bay
 County.

Discontinued. Mail to

78247 Athena, Taylor... Carbur

78504 Fort Dade, Hillsborough...
 Tampa

78763 Laparita, Lee... Bayview

79473 Mill Bayou, Bay...
 Panama City

78896 Natal, Hernando...
 Brooksville

79037 Oak Knoll^o, Manatee... Verna

78952 Osowaw^o, Okeechobee...
 Fort Drum

78347 Powell^o, Hernando...
 Brooksville

79021 Quay^o, Saint Lucie...
 Gifford

78938 River Hill, Liberty...
 Rock Bluff

78097 Sellers Lake^o, Lake...
 Astor Park

79434 Sneads Island^o, Manatee...
 Palmetto

Correction.

Orlando, not Orland. A. list.

GEORGIA.

Established.

07795 Canoe, 1584... Candler

07429 Seabalt, 1779... Union

Station, Atlanta.

06151 No. 34.

Station, Augusta.

06649 C. O. D.

Numbers changed.

06832 Glenmore, not 06882.

07718 Oglesby, not 07745.

Site changed.

Station, Atlanta.

06167 C. to 85 East 16th St.

Discontinued. Mail to

07785 Coverdale, Turner... Ashburn

07224 Norwich^o, Taylor... Mauk

07270 Paschal^o, Talbot...
 Junction City

Correction.

Croastle, supplied from Ba-
 conton, page 931.

Falk, supplied from New
 Plymouth and Farnum.

supplied from Drummond.
 omit page 831.

Rosindale Sta., Boston, not
 Rosindale. A. list.

IDAHO.

Established.

03074 Castle Creek^o, 4962... Gwybee

03585 Valley^o, 6092... Bonner

Number changed.

Groffno, unit 4955 not 4951.

Discontinued. *Mail to*
 03429 Burgdorf*, Idaho... McCall
 03598 McArthur*, Boundary... Naples
 03316 Mace*, Shoshone... Burke
 03333 Mount Idaho*, Idaho... Grangerville.
 03675 Quigley, Power... American Falls
 03879 Regena*, Elmore... Mayfield
 03472 Snow, Nez Perce... Sweetwater
 03515 Thurman*, Elmore... Mountain Home
 03242 Twin Pines*... Bingham-Bone
 03594 White Bear... Clark... Kilgore

Discontinuance rescinded.
 03318; Corbin*, Kootenai... 5003....

Corrections.
 ; Bennett, unit 4862, not 486.
 Preston, Franklin Co., insert
 †, S. list.

ILLINOIS.

Established and name changed.
 11917 Fancher... 2220... Shelby
 11944 *Forest Park†... 2115 Cook
 12273; Schaller Park*(N)... 2115 Cook
 13265 Westmont... 2115... Du Page

Station, Aurora.
 11721 C. O. D.

Station, Chicago.
 10488 Fort Dearborn.†

Station, Elgin.
 11728; C. O. D.

Station, Freeport.
 12502 C. O. D.

Stations, Jacksonville.
 12902 C. O. D.

Stations, Rockford.
 12041 C. O. D.
 13490 No. 8.
 13402; No. 10.

Station, Springfield.
 11218 Capitol.

Station, Streator.
 13093 No. 5.

Branch Office, Waukegan.
 12226; Great Lakes.

Name changed.
 12273; Kolze* to Schiller Park.

Discontinued. *Mail to*
 11568; Breckenridge*, Sangamon... Custer
 11560; Burton*, Adams... Quincy
 11713; Craig*, Perry... Swanwick
 12115 Hastings*, Vermilion... Allerton
 12135 Herod*, Pope... Karbers Ridge
 12161; Holland*, Shelby... Beecher City
 13160 Vevay Park*, Cumberland... Casey

Station, Chicago.
 10128 Masonic Temple.†

Branch Office, Oak Park.
 12901 *Forest Park.†

Station, Waukegan.
 13226; U. S. Receiving Ship Great Lakes.

Corrections.
 Hines, insert A. list.
 ; Loami, Sangamon. not
 Laomi, C. list.

INDIANA.

Established.
 34668 Camp Roosevelt†
 35617 Speed*... 1922... Clark

Station, Gary.
 34920 C. O. D.

Station, Hammond.
 34697 No. 5.

Station, Indianapolis.
 34157; Illinois Street.

Station, La Fayette.
 35029; C. O. D.

Station, Logansport.
 35303 C. O. D.

Station, Michigan City.
 35342 C. O. D.

Numbers changed.
 34888 Foraker not 34898.
 34896 Fowler not 84896.

Corrections.
 Lectan, supplied from Chap-
 elhall, page 932.
 Livonia, insert A. list.

IOWA.

Established and name changed.
 65134 La Porte City† (N) 2564... Black Hawk
 65397 Osgood* 2312... Palo Alto

Station, Cedar Rapids.
 64414 No. 14.

Station, Centerville.
 65865; Strespy (Rural).

Station, Madrid.
 65221; High Bridge (Rural).

Station, Sioux City.
 64208 No. 5.

Station, Waterloo.
 65831 No. 4.

Name changed.
 65134 Laporte City† to La Porte City.

Discontinued. *Mail to*
 64895 Gambril, Scott... Mc
 Causland

65230; Manhattan*§, Dickinson... Spirit Lake

KANSAS.

Established and name changed.
 92561 Grigston* (N) 3423... Scott

Name changed.
 92861 Grigsby* to Grigston.

Discontinued. *Mail to*
 92865 Gullford*, Wilson... Altoona
 93338 Ravanna*, Finney... Eminence
 93603 Wilroads*, Ford... Dodge City

Corrections.
 Aleona, Rooks not Rocks Co., S.
 list.
 Marietta, Marshall not Marshal
 Co., S. list.

KENTUCKY.

Established and name changed.

68004 Abiff... 1775... Knox
 66023; Allais... 1674... Perry
 65046; Alva... 1675... Harlan
 65061; Anco... 1674... Knott
 65690; Bolyn... 1624... Knott
 65803; Cabin... 1824... Pulaski
 66628; Camp Taylor... 1922... Jefferson

66874 Caylor... 1775... McCreary
 66987 Combs... 1874... Perry
 67002 Co-Operative... 1825... Mc
 Creary

67114 Debord... 1623... Martin
 67532; Drennon Springs*(N)... 1871... Henry
 67219 Dwale*... 1623... Floyd
 69644 Engle... 1674... Perry
 68373 Helechawa* (N)... 1673... Wolfe
 67746 Hike... 1672... Carter
 67584; Justell... 1623... Floyd
 68053 Littcarr... 1624... Knott
 68123 Lynch† (N) 1625... Harlan
 68207 Mashfork... 1673... Magoffin
 68254; Million... 1773... Madison
 68291 Moct... 1673... Breathitt
 68487 Otas... 1775... Whitley
 68526 Pauley... 1624... Pike
 68856 Sendie... 1825... Wayne
 68919 Shoun*... 1675... Harlan
 68933 Sky... 1673... Breathitt
 68973 South Irvine... 1723... Estill
 69655; Stab... 1774... Pulaski
 69231 Vi... 1574... Pike
 69253 Waitman... 2023... Hancock
 69290; Wax... 1974... Grayson

Names changed.
 67532; Glenmary* to Drennon Springs.
 68123 Lynch Minest to Lynch.
 68373 Neola* to Helechawa

Station, Cosington.
 66313 Pike to Ernst.

Discontinued. *Mail to*
 66095 Ashcamp, Pike.....Heller
 66903 | Chenowee, Breathitt.....Oakdale
 66907 Chester*, Laurel.....Congo
 67173 Dodge*, Clark.....Hedges
 67249 Edgoten*, Christian.....Oak Grove
 67888 Joyce*, Casey.....Yosemite
 67887 Juan*, Breathitt.....Guerrant
 67888 Judd, Casey.....Gilpin
 67034 Kings Chapel, Carter, Grahn
 68059 Little Bend, Butler, Prentiss
 68084 | Lois, Perry.....Buckhorn
 69519 Noris, Lawrence.....Ledocio
 68567 | Pherba, Cumberland.....Forest City
 68634 Poplarhill, Casey.....Gilpin
 69109 | Teutonia*, Lewis.....Tannery
 69256 Walcott*, Brackan.....Cumminsville.
 69391 Woodsbend, Morgan.....Liberty Road

Corrections.
 Gross, supplied from Saylor, page 932.
 Peck, omit A. list.
 Poplarhill, supplied from Gilpin, omit page 933.

LOUISIANA.

Established and names changed.

45462 Alco* (N).....2686.....Vernon
 45092 Andrew.....2588.....Vermilion
 45049 Arizona*.....2633.....Claiborne
 45457 Darnell* 2483.....West Carroll
 45632 Hall Summit.....2684.....Red River
 45941 Morville*.....2536.....Concordia
 45726 | Myrtle Grove* (N) 2339.....Plaquemines
 46243 | Talla Bena 2484.....Madison

Station, New Orleans.

45145 Central.

Names changed.

45462 Dusebury* to Alco.
 45726 | Junior* to Myrtle Grove.

Discontinued. *Mail to*

45238 Bougere, Concordia.....Fairview
 46462 Burr Ferry (D), Vernon...Caney
 45386 Cossuade*, Vermillion.....Kaplan
 45426 Dennis Mills*, Saint Helena...Weiss
 45466 | Duvic, Plaquemines...Venice
 45548 | Freeland, West Feliciana...Jackson
 45633 Hamlin, Sabine.....Pleasant Hill
 45811 | Linkton, West Carroll.....Kilbourne
 45915 Mink*, Natchitoches...Mora
 46542 Oretta*, Beauregard...Seale
 46027 Pawnee*, Allen...Glanmora
 46344 Pontchartrain Grove*, Orleans...Little Woods
 46068 Poydras*, Saint Bernard...Violet
 46163 | Scanlon*, Tangipahoa.....Wilmer

Corrections.

| Boeuf River, supplied from Hebert not Herbert, page 933.
 Fort Jesup, supplied from Many, page 933.
 Grand Cane, not Grand Canoe, A. list.
 Red Gum not Red Gun, A. list.
 Willetts, insert A. list.

MAINE.

Established.

94783 Meddybemps*...58.....Washington
 95002 Rowe Pond...308.....Somerset

Number changed.

95312 Thorofare not 95321.

Discontinued. *Mail to*

94403 Burton Center,* York.....Burton

MARYLAND.

Established.

56033 Avenue 1022.....Saint Marys
 56466 McConchie *1072.....Charles

Station, Annapolis.

56316 No. 1.

Station, Sykesville.

56766 | No. 1 (Rural).

Station, Westminster.

56836 | College.

Discontinued. *Mail to*

56246 Elloak*, Howard, Clarksville

Corrections.

Lauraville and Morrell, Baltimore County, omit C. list.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Established.

Stations, Boston.

60363 Navy Yard.
 60251 No. 82.

Station, Marblehead.

61123 No. 4.

Station, Peabody.

61276 | No. 2.

Stations, Worcester.

60535 No. 28.
 60538 | No. 27.

Discontinued. *Mail to*

60875 East Billerica*, Middlesex...Billerica.
 61344 Sea View*, Plymouth.....Marshfield

Corrections.

Cooleyville, supplied from North Prescott, omit page 933.
 Medford Hillside, Branch of Boston, omit from Suffolk Co. C. list.
 Rosindale, Sta. Boston not Rosindale A. list.
 Wellesley Hills, not Wellesley Hills A. list.

MICHIGAN.

Established.

08870 Deerton*.....2056.....Alger
 08950 | Elo.....2205.....Houghton
 09241 Kipling*.....2057.....Delta
 09244 Kissippi *1758.....Montmorency
 09249 Sundell.....2056.....Alger

Station, Bay City

08514 C. O. D.

Station, Muskegon.

08492 | C. O. D.

Station, Port Huron.

08721 C. O. D.

Station, Redford

09692 Brightmore (Rural).

Number changed.

09036 Gallen not 09936.

Site changed.

Station, Lansing.

08475 A. Franklin Ave. between Washington and Turner Sts.

Discontinued. *Mail to*

08723 | Butterfield*, Muskegon.....Lake City

09095 | Groschap*, Mackinac.....Saint Ignace

08417 Hendricks Quarry, Mackinac...Rerton

09266 Lake Harbor*, Muskegon...Muskegon

09627 | Pointe Aux Pins*, Mackinac...Cheboygan

09360 Taplola*, Houghton, Chassell

09915 | Vermillion*, Chippewa.....Whitefish Point

09937 Walkers Point*, Mackinac...Cheboygan

09950 Waters*, Otsego.....Otsego Lake

Station, Detroit.

08617 Ruledale (Rural).

Correction.

Camp Custer (Branch of Battle Creek) Kalamazoo, not Calhoun Co. S. list.

MINNESOTA.

Established and name changed.

28535 | Bayport* (N) 2606.....Washington

28753 Bois Fort* 2652.....Koochiching

27995 | Hovland (Re-est) 2303.....Cook

28250 Mudbaden.....2709.....Scott

Station, Albert Lea.

27403 No. 1.

Station, Minnetonka.

27182 Parcel Post.

Stations, Saint Cloud.

28682 No. 4.

28597 No. 5.

Station, Saint Paul.

27262 | C. O. D.

Name changed.

28535 | South Stillwater* to Bayport.

Unit numbers changed.

Belgrade	2858	not	2808
Borup	3004	not	2954
Brooten	2857	not	2858
Clear Lake	2703	not	2758
Darbury	2608	not	2556
Ebro	2904	not	2903
Gien	2706	not	2656
Gonvick	2901	not	2853
Green Isle	2759	not	2709
Hanska	2780	not	2810
Hubert	2755	not	2756
Lake Elmo	2608	not	2609
Lake Wilson	2910	not	2911
Maple Lake	2702	not	2758
Nickerson	2605	not	2556
Otisco	2711	not	2651
Sves	2859	not	2858
Waseca	2710	not	2660
Wilton	2853	not	2803

Discontinued. Mail to

28017	Island Lake*, Beltrami	Puposky
28797	Jane*, Marshall, Middle River	
28459	Rudell*, Pennington, Wanke	

MISSISSIPPI.

Established and names changed.

97575	Bear Creek, 2382	Humphreys
97547	Distall (Re-est) 2381	Tallahatchie
96780	Laneheart, 2486	Wilkinson
97263	Southern, 2385	Lawrence
97286	Stoneville* (N), 2432	Washington

Name changed.

97286 Weissenman* to Stoneville.

Discontinued. Mail to

96075	Basin, George	Lucedale
96277	Burt, Lafayette	Abbeville
96366	Commerce*, Tunica	Robinsonville
96374	Cornish*, Lafayette	Tula
96570	Gerald*, Coahoma	Friar Point
96612	Gridley, Jasper, Paulding	
96616	Gum Ridge*, Jefferson	Water Proof, La.
96751	Joe, Rankin	Dlo
96990	Mountain, George	Lucedale
97022	Ora*, Covington	Collins
97463	Weigant*, Issaquenna	Cary

Corrections.

Dulco, supplied from Poplarville, page 934.
 } Norfield, Lincoln Co. not Northfield C. list.

MISSOURI.

Established and names changed.

14515	Avert 2325	Stoddard
14925	Bly 2575	Howell
15535	Kuttavia 2326	Dunklin
18223	Sands 2523	Phelps
16573	Winnwood 2820	Clay

Station, Moberly.

15414 } C. O. D.

Station, Saint Charles.

16220 No. 3.

Branch Office, Saint Louis.

14225 } Elliot.

Station, Sedalia.

14605 C. O. D.

Name changed.

Station, Kansas City.

14340 No. 31 to Federal Reserve.

Station, Saint Louis.

14104 } McLaren† to Baden.

Number changed.

16675 } Cedar Valley not 16675.

Discontinued. Mail to

14434	Almon*, Hickory	Preston
14541	Boss*, Dent	Howes Mill
14923	Dartwell, Pemiscot	Steele
14978	Douglas, Pemiscot	Cooter
15087	Excelsior*, Morgan	Versailles
15163	Fredericksburg*, Gasconade	Morrison
15487	Judge*, Osage	Linn
15548	Lagonda*, Chariton	New Cambria
16783	Netherlands*, Pemiscot	Hayti
15964	Pansy*, Douglas, Goodhone	Miller
15996	Phelps*, Lawrence	Bower Mills
16108	Red Oak*, Lawrence	

Corrections.

Midletown, Sta. No. 2, omit S. list.
 Noxall, supplied from Matthews, page 934.
 Weingarter Saint Genevieve Co., not Weingarter. C. list.

MONTANA.

Established and names changed.

49973	Bervie (N) 4163	Fergus
49233	Fearchette 4153	Phillips
x4144	Goose Bill 4402	Chouteau
49964	Rim Rocks 4055	Rosebud
49635	Shambo 4302	Hill
49931	Taylor Creek 3954	Garfield

Name changed.

49973 Fort Musselshell, to Bervie.

Numbers changed.

49529 } Norris not x9529.
 } Ridgway, unit 3807 not 3757.
 } Rockcreek unit 4407 not 4357

Discontinued. Mail to

49793	Canyon Ferry*, Lewis and Clarke	Helena
49508	Mitchell*, Lewis and Clarke	Wolf Creek
42865	Nicholla, Beaverhead	Dell
x4187	Pinto*, Powder River	Broadus
x8158	Seines*, Flathead	Camas
x8094	Tande, Daniels	Scobey

NEBRASKA.

Established.

26317 Saint Columbans, 2916 Sarpy
Station, Grand Island.
 25627 C. O. D.

Site changed.

} Norris, Frontier into Hayes Co.

Discontinued. Mail to

25650	Burroak, Custer	Eddyville
26567	Chimney Rock*, Morrill	McGrew
25789	Donald, Hooker	Mullen
25541	Fern*, Cherry	Kennedy
25572	Georgetown, Custer	Eddyville
26060	Lisle*, Wheeler	Bartlett
26612	Perahing, Brown	Long Pine
26504	Willard, Lincoln	Brady

Corrections.

} Benkelman, Dundy Co. not Henkelman, C. list.
 } Norfield, Lincoln Co., not Northfield, C. list.
 Culbertson, Hitchcock, not Culberston, S. list.

NEVADA.

Established and names changed.

47525	Blair Junction (Re-est) 5122	Esmeralda
47551	Cedarhurst 4772	Lincoln
47563	Sloan (N) 4877	Clark
47723	Tempest 4822	Lincoln

Name changed.

47563 Ehret to Sloan.

Discontinued. Mail to

47518	Belmont*, Nye	Manhattan
47548	Current*, Nye	Preston
47554	Derby†, Washoe	Wadsworth

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Established and names changed.

01453	Center Ossipee† (N) 461	Carroll
01538	Roby* (N) 512	Merrimack

Names changed.

01453 Mountainview† to Center Ossipee.
 01538 Robys Corner* to Roby.

Discontinued. Mail to

01649 West Salisbury*, Merrimack Andover

Correction.

01625 Wentworth Location, Coos insert*, S. list.

NEW JERSEY.

Established and names changed.

90129	Carteret† (N) 767	Middlesex
90163	Corbin City 820	Atlantic
90188	Deal† (N) 768	Monmouth

Stations, Carteret.

90147 No. 1.
 90152 No. 2.

Stations, East Orange.

90074 No. 10.
 90063 No. 11.

Station, Jersey City.

90831 Greenville.†

Station, Orange.

91398 No. 5.

Station, Pleasantville

90739 No. 2

Station, Woodbury.
 91061 No. 2.
Names changed.
 90188 Deal Beach to Deal.
 90129 Roosevelt-Carteret to Carteret.
Number changed.
 Bayonne, 90304 Sta. No. 4 not 96304.
Discontinued. Mail to
 90146 Chromet, Middlesex..... Carteret
 90299 Grasse Sound, Cape May, Anglesea

Corrections.
 Berlin, unit 813.
 Lake Como, unit 768.
 Lyndhurst, Bergen County insert C. list.

NEW MEXICO.

Established and name changed.

04697 Armijo 4028..... Bernalillo
 04153 Capulin* (N) 3725..... Union
 04130 Cundiyo 3927..... Santa Fe
 04173 Escabosa 3979..... Bernalillo
 04677 Estrella 4077..... McKinley
 04330 Linda Vista 4076..... Sandoval
 04355 Lyden 3926..... Rio Arriba
 04368 Mangas 4180..... Catron
 04526 San Geronimo 3877..... San Miguel
 04581 Tecolote 3878..... San Miguel

Station, Albuquerque.

04040 No. 3.

Name changed.

04153 Dedman* to Capulin.

Site changed.

Volcano, Rio Arriba now in Taos Co.

Discontinued. Mail to

04034 Atarque, Valencia..... Zuni
 04079 Canton*, De Baca..... Dereno
 04452 Pendleton*, San Juan..... La Plata
 04745 Riley, Socorro..... Puertecito
 04682 Waterloo, Luna..... Deming
 04719 White Mountain, Lincoln..... Three Rivers

Corrections.

Ferndale and San Geronimo, supplied from Mineral Hill, page 936.

04314 Lanark, Dona Ana, omit *S. list.
 Santa Cruz supplied from Espanola, omit page 936.

NEW YORK.

Established and names changed.

21042 Alplaus 713..... Schenectady
 22116 Black Brook 710..... Clinton
 24642 Carle Place* 717..... Nassau
 22463 Cherry Grove 667..... Suffolk
 23797 Point Pleasant 1112..... Monroe
 23854 Pulpwood 811..... Hamilton

Station, Binghamton.
 21655 C. O. D.
Station, Buffalo.
 21392 Woodlawn (Rural).
Station, Far Rockaway.
 21687 No. 5.
Station, Flushing.
 21797 No. 18.
Station, Jamaica.
 21755 No. 29.
 21756 No. 30.
Stations, Middletown.
 21792 No. 2
 21793 No. 3.

Branch Offices, New York.

20544 American Legation Marine Barracks, Managua, Nicaragua.
 20543 U. S. Marine Headquarters, Cape Haitien
 20541 U. S. S. Bushnell.
 20545 U. S. S. Denebola.
 20540 U. S. S. Kittery.
 20546 U. S. S. Langley.
 20542 U. S. S. Rainbow.

Station, New York.

20097 C. O. D.
 20539 Welfare Island.

Station, Olean.

24302 No. 2.

Name changed.

Station, Jamaica.

21753 Hook Creek to Hook Creek Branch.

Station, Syracuse.

21534 Northrup, to an Independent Station.

Number changed.

23029 Hotel Champlain not 23020. Miller Place unit 667 not 617.

Site changed.

Station, Brooklyn.

21116 G. to corner Meserole and Guernsey Sts.

Station, New York.

20137 N¹ to 203-209 West 69th Street.

Discontinued. Mail to

21038 Algonquin*, Franklin..... Saranac Lake
 22241 Cananville*, Tioga..... Union
 22446 Coventryville*, Chenango..... Bainbridge
 22701 Fergusonville*, Delaware..... Schenectus
 23295 Lyonsdale*, Lewis..... Lyons Falls
 23475 Mortimer, Monroe Brighton
 23556 Newville*, Herkimer..... Little Falls
 23787 Pleasant Brook*, Otsego..... Cherry Valley
 23881 Readburn*, Delaware..... Fishs Eddy

Branch Office, New York.

20498 U. S. S. Dixie.
 20468 U. S. S. Ohio.

Corrections.

Grenell, insert A. list.

Uptown Sta. Kingston omit (Ind.) A. and S. lists.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Established and names changed.

75135 Becton 1029..... Craven
 75646 Buffalo City 927..... Dare
 77387 Citron (N) 1476..... Alleghany
 75925 Eastbrook 1180..... Brunswick
 75934 Eldreth 1525..... Ashe
 75675 Fort Bragg (N) 1278..... Cumberland
 76221 Hodges Gap 1528..... Watauga
 77419 Memory 1528..... Avery
 76544 Momeyer 1177..... Nash
 76565 Mountain Home 1578..... Henderson
 76773 Prices Creek 1577..... Yancey
 77123 Treetop* 1526..... Ashe

Stations, Asheville.

75127 C. O. D.
 75120 No. 1.
 75126 No. 2.

Station, Gastonia.

75917 East Gastonia (Rural).

Branch office, Greensburg.

75306 Revolution.

Stations, Marion.

76480 Clinchfield (Rural).
 76482 East Marion (Rural).

Names changed.

75675 Camp Bragg to Fort Bragg
 77387 City to Citron.

Discontinued. Mail to

75927 Edgar*, Randolph..... Sophia
 76171 Hargrove*, Grandville..... Oxford
 76291 Jerome, Bladen Fayetteville
 77372 Southshore*, Tyrell Columbia
 77199 Walker, Henderson Sacoona
 77226 Wayside*, Swain..... Dorsey
 77273 Wilmot*, Jackson..... Whittier

Correction.

Arba, omit A. list.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Established.

98275 Fero 3303..... Pierce
 98383 Hettum* 3301..... Rolette

Discontinued. Mail to

98132 Carl* Grant..... Almont
 98943 Pierce*, Slope..... Amidon
 98930 Schofield*, Stark..... New England
 98821 Vanville, Burke..... Lostwood

OHIO.	OREGON.	Station, Type.	
<i>Established and names changed.</i>			
19624 Cairo* (N) 1767 Allen	50795 Rainbow Mine 5110 Malheur	40757 C. O. D.	
18466 Glenbarn* 1813 Darke		Station, Wilkes-Barre.	
18621 Greensburg* (N) 1467 Summit	<i>Site changed.</i>		
18540 Harris Station* 1670 Ross	Grand Ronde, Yamhill into Polk Co.	40809 No. 24.	
<i>* Branch Office, Cleveland.</i>			
17383 East Cleveland †	<i>Discontinued. Mail to</i>		
<i>Stations, Cleveland.</i>			
17383 No. 99.	51046 Butte* Lake Wagontire	40970 Barbara*, Blair Williamsburg	
17384 No. 100.	50201 Camp Creek, Lane Springfield	41184 Buckhorn*, Columbia Bloomsburg	
17385 No. 101.	50628 McDonald, Sherman Klondike	41287 Carley Brook, Wayne Honesdale	
17386 No. 102.	50763 Pleasant Hill*, Lane Goshen	41429 Coneville*, Potter Shinglehouse	
17387 No. 103.	50898 Tule Lake*, Klamath Malin	41730 Elders Ridge*, Indiana Edri	
17388 No. 104.	50947 Wellen*, Jackson Eagle Point	42129 Guthriesville*, Chester Downingtown.	
<i>Station, Cayahoga Falls.</i>			
18231 No. 1	<i>Correction.</i>		
<i>Stations, Sandusky.</i>			
19722 No. 3.	Baker, supplied from Goodlettsville, omit page 937.	42690 Little Britain*, Lancaster Nottingham	
19735 No. 6.		42965 Monterey*, Berks Kutztown	
<i>Names changed.</i>			
18621 Inland* to Greensburg.	PENNSYLVANIA.		
19624 West Cairo* to Cairo.	<i>Established and name changed.</i>		
<i>Discontinued. Mail to</i>			
17999 Braceville*, Trambull Phalanx Station	41096 Blythedale 1318 Allegheny	41410 Coleman Siding 1166 Clinton	
16094 Caywood*, Washington Marietta	43707 Emmons* (N) 1217 Cambria	41910 Forestville 1956 Butler	
18881 Merwin, Clermont Amelia	41974 Gahagen* 1218 Somerset	43102 New Derry* 1268 Westmoreland	
OKLAHOMA.			
<i>Established.</i>			
62071 Banzet 2875 Craig	43322 Penowa 1418 Washington	43381 Pittock* Re-est. 1368 Allegheny	
62336 Boatman 2676 Mayes	43398 Poland Mines 1319 Greene	43799 Shumans* 937 Columbia	
62370 Burkhardt 2829 Le Flore	44375 Whites Ferry 916 Wyoming		
62879 Kenwood* 2828 Delaware	<i>Stations, Ailsosa.</i>		
63177 Parnell* 3129 Garvin	40480 C. O. D.	40489 Greenwood (Rural).	
63206 Potapo 2930 Atoka	<i>Stations, Ambridge.</i>		
<i>Station, Enid.</i>			
62209 University.	40005 No. 2.	40008 No. 3.	
<i>Station, Tulsa.</i>			
62326 No. 5.	<i>Station, Berlin.</i>		
<i>Discontinued. Mail to</i>			
62059 Autwine, Kay Ponca City	41089 Pinehill (Rural).	<i>Station, Bethlehem.</i>	
62373 Bub, Atoka Farris	40894 Carey.	<i>Station, Easton.</i>	
62386 Cabaniss*, Pittsburg McAlester	40546 C. O. D.	<i>Station, Hancock.</i>	
62664 Cloudy*, Pushmataha Rattan	42621 No. 1.	<i>Station, Harrisburg.</i>	
63785 East Enid, † Garfield Enid	40597 C. O. D.	<i>Stations, Hazleton.</i>	
62615 Ervin*, Choctaw Hugo	40607 C. O. D.	40606 No. 5.	40608 No. 6.
62706 Glenn*, Carter Springer	40642 C. O. D.	<i>Station, Lancaster.</i>	
63664 Heyburn*, Creek Bristow	<i>Station, McKeesport.</i>		
62845 Imo, Garfield Enid	40609 No. 13.	<i>Station, Scranton.</i>	
62834 Independence*, Custer Custer	40745 C. O. D.	<i>Station, Tyrone.</i>	
63776 Luckey, Cherokee Gideon	<i>Station, Wilkes-Barre.</i>		
63699 Marsden*, Love Overbrook	<i>Station, Williamsburg.</i>		
63171 Patterson*, Latimer Wilburton	<i>Station, Bloomsburg.</i>		
63178 Payne*, McClain Lindsay	<i>Station, Honesdale.</i>		
63437 Thasey, Comanche Lawton	<i>Station, Shinglehouse.</i>		
63635 Unger, Choctaw Soper	<i>Station, Downingtown.</i>		
62568 Yahola*, Muskogee Haskell	<i>Station, Lancaster.</i>		
<i>Correction.</i>			
† Autwine supplied from Ponca City, omit page 937.	<i>Station, Nottingham.</i>		
† Cove, omit A. list.	<i>Station, Kutztown.</i>		
PORTO RICO.			
<i>Established.</i>			
<i>Station, San Juan.</i>			
X2005 No. 3.	<i>Number changed.</i>		
X2210 San Antonio not 02210.	RHODE ISLAND.		
<i>Established.</i>			
<i>Branch office, Providence.</i>			
47208 Rumford.	<i>Discontinued. Mail to</i>		
47091 Pine Hill, Washington Exeter	<i>Branch office, Providence.</i>		
47262 Phillipsdale.			

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Established.

Station, Columbia.

59108 C. O. D.

Station, Spartanburg.

59314 C. O. D.

Number changed.

59734 Timmons ville, not 59724.

Discontinued. Mail to

59020 Ashaw, Colleton Green Pond

Correction.

Saxon Mills, Anderson County, omit C. list.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Established.

29067 Brave 3361 Mellette
29196 Dirt Lodge 3457 Corson
29434 Marty 3163 Charles Mix
29518 Perthesia 3607 Perkins

Number changed.

Dowling, unit 3560, not 3510

Sites changed.

Dowling, Haakon into Pennington Co.

Kaspar, Sully into Hyde Co

Discontinued. Mail to

29571 Boehrs*, Perkins Chance
29590 Goldfield*, Meade Fairpoint
29283 Hardinggrove*, Haakon Milesville
29831 Paris*, Corson Thunder Hawk
29810 Rueb, McPherson Leola

TENNESSEE.

Established.

57878 Eris 1827 Loudon
58158 Lenox 3326 Dyer
58160 Lewis Chapel 1878 Sequatchie
58192 Loyston 1728 Union
58324 New One 2176 Carroll
58359 Pierpax 1877 Cumberland

Discontinued. Mail to

57986 Greystones, Greens Greenville
58494 Roope*, Marion Whiteside

TEXAS.

Established and name changed.

x3714 Alken (N) 3480 Floyd
52333 Baileyboro 3630 Bailey
52527 Buler* 3426 Ochiltree
52627 Channel 2889 Harris
52679 Claunens 3582 Hockley
52987 Eura 3238 Kerr
53049 Follis 3430 Motley
53197 Grimshaw 3233 Young
53567 Legton 3259 Kerr
53707 Mariscal 3690 Brewster
53813 Miranda City* 3244 Webb
53823 Mohair 3238 Blanco
54624 Olton* (N) 3244 Webb
x3708 Pike* (Re-est.) 2982 Collin
54186 Ramirito 2245 Jim Hogg
54347 Sandy Point 2929 Brazoria

Stations, Beaumont.

52144 A. 1190 Doucette St.
52145 No. 4.

Stations, Dallas.

52156 No. 15.
52150 No. 16.

Stations, Fort Worth.

52298 Hempolia.
52295 No. 11.
52296 No. 12.
52297 No. 13.

Station, Houston.

52249 No. 9.

Station, Orange.

54003 No. 1.

Stations, Waco.

54986 No. 8.
54987 No. 9.

Names changed.

x3714 Flogg to Alken.
54634 Torrecillas* to Olton.

Station, Amarillo.

52101 No. 1 to 52101 San Jacinto.

Numbers changed.

53119 Gaylord not 53335.
x3506 Wilson not x3508.

Discontinued. Mail to

52323 Avondale*, Tarrant Saginaw
52188 Byspot*, San Jacinto Willis
52982 Esperanza*, Montgomery New Waverly
52807 Davenport, Red River Manchester
53237 Hamilton Pool, Travis Dripping Springs
53278 Hazel*, Montgomery New Caney
53535 Lapara*, Live Oak George West
x3519 Limpia*, Jeff Davis Fort Davis
53062 Lyra*, Palo Pinto Strawn
x3692 Macedonia, Liberty Hightower
53543 Moro*, Taylor Gulon
54129 Porters, Montgomery Hazel
54184 Ragley*, Panola Timpson
54187 Ramirena*, Live Oak Annarosa
54223 Retrieve*, Angellina Huntington
54677 Utley*, Bastrop Bastrop

Corrections.

Coughran, Atascosa Co. omit S. list
Judkins supplied from Odessa, not Judkins, page 939.
McKinney Springs, supplied from Marathon not McKinney, page 939.

UTAH.

Established.

48499 Outdoor Camp 4517 Salt Lake
48432 Wasatch* 4466 Summit

Discontinued. Mail to

48628 Cache Junction*, Cache Newton

VIRGINIA.

Established and names changed.

85884 Allnutt 1972 King George
85866 Bacova 1322 Bath
83352 Bobwhite 1375 Patrick
83648 Comet* 1923 Isle of Wight
83755 Derby 1625 Wise
83823 Dunbar* 1625 Wise
83909 Erica* 1922 Westmoreland
83905 Erroline 1925 Isle of Wight
83489 Fort Humphreys † (N) 1071 Fairfax
84181 Hardyville 373 Middlesex
84183 Harman* 1524 Tazewell
84228 Helser 1302 Bath
8496 Glendie 1122 Stafford
84344 Ivondale 1923 Richmond
84051 Johnstons town* (N) 624 Northampton
84438 Lackey* 1924 York
84655 Maycox 1974 Prince George
85044 Pleasant Hill 1524 Tazewell
85269 Saltercreek 1273 Amherst
85338 Southanna 1123 Louisa
85522 Tarpon 1574 Dickenson
85554 Tignor 1073 Caroline
85642 Vacey 1574 Dickenson

Station, Richmond.

85953 Federal Reserve.
83159 Seven Pines (Rural).

Names changed.

83489 Camp Humphreys † to Fort Humphreys †
84051 Golden* to Johnstons town.

Numbers changed.

33177 Cherrydale not 53117.
33208 Clarendon not 83208.
Westhampton, unit 1123 not 1122.

Site changed.

Jane, Buchanan, into Dickenson Co.

Discontinued. Mail to

83013 Addison, Dinwiddie Sutherland
53203 Athos, Orange Somerset
83777 Dixondale, Gloucester Nuttall
83790 Doran*, Tazewell Raven
14341 Isom, Dickenson Clintwood
84461 Lavender, Montgomery Shawsville
84543 Looney, Buchanan Grundy
84652 Mayberry*, Patrick Meadows of Dan.
84848 Nipper, Brunswick Alvis
85327 Shazo, Goochland Maidens
85361 Simeon*, Albemarle Charlottesville
85573 Towles, Greene McMullen

Corrections.

85984 Bastian* not Bastin S. list
Capron Road, Shenandoah Co. not Capron Road, G. list.
Stuart, insert A. list

WASHINGTON.

Established and name changed.

71567 Barger (N) 5257 Benton
 70972 Big Four 3502 Snohomish
 71408 Carnation (N) 3503 King
 70913 Happy Hollow* 5604 Mason
 70951 Kartar* 5253 Okanogan
 71074 Maytown 5605 Thurston
 71104 Mill Ranch* 5706 Pacific
 71449 Viewpark 5604 Kitsap

Station, Bothell.

70089 East Alderwood.

Station, Olympia.

71518 No. 1.

Names changed.

71567 Longview to Barger.
 71408 Toitz to Carnation.

Discontinued. Mail to

71715 Cathcart, Snohomish
 Snohomish
 70752 Dot*, Klickitat, Roosevelt
 70830 Fort Simcoe*, Yakima
 Wapato
 70985 Lake Cushman*, Mason
 Hoodspout
 71188 Pacosco, King
 Black Diamond
 71214 Pilchuck* Snohomish
 Arlington

Correction.

Knowlton, supplied from
 Brewster, omit page 940.
 Sanderson, supplied from
 Coulee, page 940.
 Spiketon, C. Morristown;
 insert page 940.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Established and name changed.

86061 Ario 1523 Logan
 86084 Atenville* 1572 Lincoln
 88736 Bachman (Re-est.) 1472 Fayette
 Fayette
 86498 Bigcoal 1532 Kanawha
 88659 Big Run 1419 Wetzel
 88785 Close 1370 Barbour
 88892 Davisville (Re-est.) 1470 Wood

88561 Flower 1421 Braxton
 87112 Friars Hill 1372 Greenbrier
 87196 Grassy 1572 Wayne
 87267 Hawks Nest 1473 Fayette
 88682 Hunting Ground 1521 Pendleton
 88574 Kanes Creek 1320 Preston
 88690 Krollita 1534 McDowell
 89551 Lumberman 1423 Summers
 87811 Nicot 1471 Calhoun
 86732 Puritan Mines (N) 1573 Mingo

88121 Sand Ridge 1471 Calhoun
 88479 Wiley Ford 1219 Mineral
 88481 Wilsie 1421 Braxton

Station, Wheeling.

86607 C. O. D.

Name changed.

86732 Catsup to Puritan Mines.

Numbers changed.

86589 Cabin creek not 86721.
 Cresaps, unit 1419 not 2419.
 Hazel, unit 1419 not 1418.
 Northriver Mills, unit 1230 not
 1120.

Discontinued. Mail to

86711 Cantwell*, Ritchie
 Harrisville
 87071 Finch*, Ritchie Pike
 88751 Goldtown, Jackson Kenna
 87248 Harin, Doddridge
 Morgansville
 87347 Huff, Randolph Mill Creek
 87391 Janice, Wyoming Woolsley
 87398 Jennings*, Tucker
 Red Creek
 87560 Lloydsville, Braxton
 Flat Woods
 87582 Loop, Jackson Kenna
 88127 Santifer, Summers Clayton
 88543 Vago*, Greenbrier Henning
 88499 West Columbia*, Mason
 Maggie

Correction.

Coaldale, not Coaldae, A.
 list.
 Royal supplied from Prince,
 omit page 941.

WISCONSIN.

Established.

36857 Planets 2207 Forest

Station, Appleton.

36005 No. 1.

Station, Milwaukee.

37084 No. 103.

Discontinued. Mail to

37409 Irwin, Langlade Parrish
 36766 Neptune*, Richland
 Twin Bluffs
 37288 Wheatland*, Kenosha
 Burlingtona

WYOMING.

Established.

89441 Burris 4262 Fremont
 89121 Emigh 3909 Campbell
 89160 Huntley 3765 Goshen
 89307 Rockeagle 3815 Goshen
 89373 Verse 3862 Converse
 89358 Veteran* 3765 Goshen

Station, Laramie.

89211 C. O. D.

Sites changed.

Holt, Fremont into Hot
 Springs County.
 Split Rock, Natrona into
 Fremont County.

Discontinued. Mail to

89386 Wyarno, Sheridan, Sheridan

Correction.

Modemine, supplied from
 Kleenburn, page 941.

AMENDMENTS TO THE POSTAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

[Arranged chronologically.]

The supplement succeeding this date of the order publishes the order in full.

The yearly tabulation of amendments issued since the publication of the Postal Laws and Regulations in 1913 appear in the respective JUNE supplements as follows:

Year.	Page.	Inserts.	Year.	Page.	Inserts.
1914.....	53	1-50	1919.....	61	416-478
1915.....	46	51-152	1920.....	60	479-555
1916.....	49	153-212	1921.....	60	556-614
1917.....	53	213-347	1922.....	63	645-775
1918.....	48	348-415			

AMENDMENTS SINCE THE JUNE, 1922, SUPPLEMENT.

B

Insert number.	Order number.	Date of order.	Sections amended.	Insert number.	Order number.	Date of order.	Sections amended.
		1922.				1922.	
776.....	7752	July 10	1559	786.....	7490	May 30	294
777.....	7801	July 20	785	787.....	7949	Aug. 22	294
778.....	7806	do.....	193	788.....	7990	do.....	1561
779.....	7817	July 22	10	789.....	7999	Sept. 1	293
780.....	7817	do.....	90	790.....	8060	Sept. 15	748
781.....	7817	do.....	92	791.....	8180	Oct. 13	478
782.....	7817	do.....	93	792.....	8192	Oct. 16	733
783.....	7833	July 25	1635	793.....	8259	Nov. 1	808
784.....	7845	July 27	341½	794.....	8285	Nov. 10	730
785.....	7849	July 24	487				

INSERTS TO THE POSTAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

INSERT NO. 703. ORDER NO. 8259.

NOVEMBER 1, 1922.

Section 808, Postal Laws and Regulations, is amended to read as follows:

"That the Postmaster General be, and he is hereby, authorized in his discretion, whenever for disciplinary purposes he deems it advisable to do so, to reduce temporarily the pay of rural carriers: *Provided*, That in no case shall such a reduction in pay be of more than one grade, as fixed by the act of June 5, 1920, nor extend over a greater period of time than one year. (Act of September 21, 1922.)

"2. Rural carriers are subject to reprimand, temporary reduction in pay, or removal from service, in accordance with the gravity of the offense, for dishonesty, immorality, intoxication, or improper conduct of any character; irregularities in the transaction of money-order, registry, insured, or C. O. D. parcel-post business; for continued failure, without excuse, to serve their routes completely, unsatisfactory service, neglecting to take mail to and from a post office which they had been ordered to serve; for leaving behind or throwing off any portion of the mail; for allowing the mail or any part of it to be damaged, lost, or destroyed; for frequent failures to reach an intermediate office at about the same time each day; for total or partial abandonment of service, or for persistent insubordination or disregard of the orders of the department or of the postmaster."

INSERT NO. 704. ORDER NO. 8285.

NOVEMBER 10, 1922.

Section 730, Postal Laws and Regulations, edition of 1913, is amended to read as follows:

Employees in the Postal Service shall be granted 15 days' leave of absence with pay, exclusive of Sundays and holidays, each fiscal year, and sick leave with pay at the rate of 10 days a year, exclusive of Sundays and holidays, to be cumulative for a period of 3 years, but no sick leave with pay in excess of 30 days shall be granted during any 3 consecutive years. Sick leave shall be granted only upon satisfactory evidence of illness and if more than 2 days the application therefor shall be accompanied by a physician's certificate. (Act of June 19, 1922.)

The 15 days' leave shall be credited at the rate of $1\frac{1}{2}$ days for each month of actual service. (Act of June 5, 1920.)

2. Rural carriers shall be granted 15 days' annual leave of absence with pay, exclusive of Sundays and holidays, the 15 days' leave to be credited at the rate of $1\frac{1}{2}$ days for each month of actual service. Carriers in the service on the 1st day of July may be granted 15 days' annual leave at any time during the fiscal year when their services can be spared. Carriers entering the service after the 1st day of July are entitled to leave of absence at the rate of $1\frac{1}{2}$ days for each month of actual service. Leave for a fractional part of a day will not be granted. Any unused part of annual leave can not be allowed during any subsequent fiscal year.

3. A rural carrier serving in court as a witness for the Government or serving as a member of a civil service examining board will be allowed leave with pay during the period of such service in addition to the annual leave to which he is otherwise entitled, but in every such case immediate report shall be made to the department, with dates and the name of the temporary carrier who served the route.

WARNING NOTICE—STOLEN MONEY-ORDER FORMS.

Money-order forms printed for the offices named below have been reported stolen:

Office for which printed.	Money orders, numbers.	Date when stolen or of warning card.
Alabama—Newville.....	25512 to 30600.....	June 27, 1922
Arkansas—Butler.....	10301 to 10325 and 10496 to 10515.	Oct. 31, 1922
Arkansas—Scranton.....	28389 to 28600.....	Aug. 21, 1922
Canada—Shaunavon, Sask.....	1001 to 1400.....	May 4, 1922
Colorado—Carbondale.....	64882 to 65000.....	Oct. 17, 1922
Florida—Manning.....	14801 to 15000.....	June 16, 1922
Florida—Miami, Miami Beach Sta.....	3040 to 3200.....	May 30, 1922
Illinois—Chicago, Sta. 33.....	29244 to 29400.....	June 9, 1922
Illinois—Delrey.....	7187 to 7200.....	June 14, 1922
Illinois—Peoria, Sta. 4.....	33839 to 34000.....	Sept. 4, 1922
Indiana—Rossville.....	38292 to 38400.....	Oct. 2, 1922
Indiana—South Bend, Sta. 7.....	54758 to 54761.....	July 13, 1922
Iowa—Montrose.....	59293 to 59400.....	Nov. 2, 1922
Iowa—Underwood.....	24801 to 25000.....	June 23, 1922
Kansas—Lawrence, Sta. A.....	1921 to 1931.....	Oct. 14, 1922
Kansas—Seldrick.....	1825 to 2000.....	June 5, 1922
Kentucky—Beespring.....	6333, 6334, 6338, 6339, 6340, 6341, 6379, 6380, 6392, and 6395.	Nov. 16, 1922
Kentucky—Black Rock.....	855 to 1000.....	Aug. 11, 1922
Kentucky—Georges Creek.....	3671 to 3800.....	Nov. 15, 1922
Kentucky—Green.....	907 to 1000.....	May 24, 1922
Louisiana—Andrew.....	2191 to 2200.....	June 22, 1922
Michigan—Detroit, Sta. 19.....	10089 to 10100.....	June 14, 1922
Michigan—Detroit, Sta. 22.....	148208 to 148400.....	July 29, 1922
Michigan—Farwell.....	73401 to 80000.....	June 2, 1922
Minnesota—Minneapolis, Sta. 51.....	18847 to 19000.....	Aug. 4, 1922
Minnesota—St. Paul, Sta. 39.....	2983 to 2985 and 2998 to 3000.	Date unknown.
Mississippi—Calyx.....	2075 to 3000.....	Sept. 4, 1922
Mississippi—Petah.....	12535 to 13000.....	June 1, 1922
Mississippi—Wesson.....	129590 to 129600.....	June 22, 1922
Missouri—Elmer.....	43827 to 46000.....	Aug. 19, 1922
Missouri—Neck.....	30401 to 31000.....	Oct. 30, 1922
Missouri—Polo.....	67628 to 67800.....	Sept. 16, 1922
Montana—Essex.....	21105 to 21200 and 22601 to 22800.	June 14, 1922
Nebraska—Richfield.....	1470 to 1600.....	Nov. 23, 1922
New York—Cartiste.....	9730 to 9800.....	Sept. 14, 1922
New York—Coopersville.....	2110 to 2200.....	Aug. 5, 1922
New York—Sta. 63, Buffalo.....	31098 to 31200.....	Oct. 11, 1922
New York—Little Genesee.....	19985 to 20000.....	July 4, 1922
New York—New York, Sta. 36.....	67601 to 67800.....	Nov. 17, 1922
New York—South Fallsburgh.....	29416 to 29600.....	July 15, 1922
North Carolina—Morganton.....	130333 to 130400.....	Nov. 14, 1922
North Dakota—Pinegrove.....	28417 to 28900.....	Aug. 7, 1922
Oklahoma—Carson.....	4723 to 5000.....	Oct. 29, 1922
Oklahoma—Fairmont.....	23138 to 23200.....	Oct. 7, 1922
Oklahoma—Fama.....	19001 to 19400.....	July 13, 1922
Pennsylvania—Kinzua.....	53001 to 55000.....	July 28, 1922
Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Sta. 26.....	24122 to 24200.....	Oct. 22, 1922
Pennsylvania—Wexford.....	8957 to 9000.....	Aug. 28, 1922
Tennessee—Cherry.....	12969 to 12973.....	Aug. 14, 1922
Tennessee—Obion.....	71879 to 72000.....	Nov. 10, 1922
Texas—Fairbanks.....	11531 to 11800.....	Oct. 5, 1922
Texas—Haslet.....	5001 to 6000.....	July 9, 1922
Texas—Latexo.....	8801 to 9000.....	June 3, 1922
Texas—Swan.....	12423 to 12600.....	June 18, 1922
Washington—Aberdeen, Sta. 1.....	88061 to 88200.....	Aug. 17, 1922
Washington—Palmer.....	9985 to 10000.....	Oct. 25, 1922
Wisconsin—Kenosha, Sta. 3.....	82476 to 82600.....	July 17, 1922
Wisconsin—Joel.....	3007 to 3200.....	Nov. 10, 1922
Wisconsin—Sta. 39, Milwaukee.....	8705 to 8900.....	Aug. 10, 1922

Should any be presented, refuse payment, wire the post-office inspector in charge of your division, and also the Third Assistant. Similar action must be taken in case of the theft of forms.

When notice of the theft of money orders is received, immediately examine the coupons of paid orders to ascertain whether any orders bearing the numbers and names of the office advertised have already been presented and collected. If any are found, report the fact, without loss of time, to the Third Assistant Postmaster General, and await instructions. If the payment was recent, use the telegraph, stating the number of the order.

To provide against payment of stolen orders postmasters should conspicuously post warning notices where they can be readily consulted by the paying clerks.

Exercise unusual caution in paying orders issued at any of the offices named on this card, even though numbers differ from those printed hereon.

Business men should be cautioned not to accept money orders from strangers without satisfactory reference. Notices not previously published in monthly supplement shown be full-faced type.

UNITED STATES OFFICIAL POSTAL AND PARCEL POST GUIDE

PUBLISHED ANNUALLY IN JULY

This Guide contains three complete lists of post offices, arranged one by States, one alphabetically, and one by States and Counties; a list of post offices of the first, second, and third classes, with salaries of postmasters; a list of post offices discontinued during the previous three years; and general postal information covering a wide range of topics of interest to the Public, including rates and other data in regard to the parcel post. This Guide is bound in cloth. Price, \$0.75 per copy.

THE LIST OF POST OFFICES BY STATES IS ARRANGED AS A PARCEL POST GUIDE, THE UNIT NUMBER OF EACH OFFICE BEING GIVEN AND SPACE PROVIDED FOR THE INSERTION OF THE ZONE NUMBER. (See specimen, other side.) **This Guide is the only Parcel Post Guide now published by the Government, the separate Parcel Post Guide and the Parcel Post Maps both having been discontinued.** The maps have been superseded by Zone Keys designed especially for use in connection with the Guide for determining parcel post zones and rates, a zone key being furnished with each subscription to the Guide without additional charge.

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Eleven Issues, August to June, Inclusive

The supplements, which are sold only in complete sets of eleven issues, contain current orders, instructions, and information relating to the Postal Service, including changes in post offices, and keep the annual edition up to date. Price, \$0.25 per set.

Copies of the Annual Guide and Monthly Supplements may be examined at any post office.

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No.	P. O. & County	Unit Zone	No.	P. O. & County	Unit Zone	No.	P. O. & County	Unit Zone
79135	*Stuart†, Palm Beach	1394	79325	Valrico*, Hillsborough	1593	79241	Wilma*, Liberty	1838
79905	(Sulphur Springs, R. Sta. Tampa)	1593	79446	Vandolah*, Hardee	1543	79458	Wilson*, Brevard	1441
79137	Sumatra*, Liberty	1835	79183	Venice*, Manatee	1594	79243	Wimauma*, Hillsborough	1593
79141	Sumica*, Polk	1493	79184	Venus*, Highlands	1494	79327	Windermere*, Orange	1542
79158	Summerfield†, Marion	1590	78506	Verna*, Manatee	1594	79244	Windsor*, Alachua	1589
79139	Summer Haven*, Saint Johns	1489	79186	Vernon*, Washington	1937	79245	Winfield*, Columbia	1638
79308	Sumner*, Levy	1640	79187	Vero†, Saint Lucie	1393	79247	Winter Garden†, Orange	1541
79140	Sumterville*, Sumter	1591	79191	Vilas*, Liberty	1538	79248	Winterhaven†, Polk	1542
79143	Sutherland†, Pinellas	1642	79192	Vista, Levy	1630	79382	Winter Home, Orange	1492
79144	Suwanee Valley, Columbia	1638	79379	Volusia*, Volusia	1490	79249	Winter Park†, Orange	1491
79147	Switzerland*, Saint Johns	1538	79193	Wabasso*, Saint Lucie	1393	79276	Woodrow*, Lee	1545
79149	Sydney*, Hillsborough	1593	79194	Wacissa*, Jefferson	1738	79356	Woods, Liberty	1839
79150	Taft*, Orange	1492	79195	Wade*, Alachua	1639	79254	Woodville*, Leon	1788
79800	*Tallahassee†, Leon	1788	79332	Wagner*, Seminole	1491	79255	Worthington*, Bradford	1589
79308	Tallevast, Manatee	1644	79197	Wakulla*, Wakulla	1788	79256	Wulfert*, Lee	1596
79900	*Tampa†, Hillsborough	1593	79198	Waldo†, Alachua	1589	79257	Yalaha†, Lake	1541
	<i>Stations.</i>		79203	Wall Springs*, Pinellas	1642	79258	Yamato*, Palm Beach	1396
79905	Sulphur Springs (Rural).		79428	Walnut Hill*, Escambia	2137	79902	(Ybor City†, Ind., Sta. Tampa)	1593
79901	*West Tampa†.		79204	Walton*, Saint Lucie	1394	79259	Yelvington*, Saint Johns	1539
79902	*Ybor City†. (Ind.)		79206	Ward*, Leon	1838	79260	York*, Marion	1590
79903	No. 1.	79277 No. 2.	79207	Warrington†, Escambia	2068	79263	Youngstown*, Bay	1888
79284	No. 3.	79372 No. 4.	79208	Watertown†, Columbia	1638	79264	Yulee*, Nassau	1537
79381	No. 5.	79421 No. 6.	79209	Watson, Liberty	1837	79265	Zellwood*, Orange	1541
79904	No. 7.		79210	*Wanchula†, Hardee	1543	78201	Zephyrhills†, Pasco	1592
79151	Tangerine*, Orange	1541	79211	Waukeenah*, Jefferson	1738	79266	*Zolfo Springs†, Hardee	1544
79153	Tarpon Springs†, Pinellas	1642	79212	Wausau*, Washington	1937		FRANCE.	
79413	Tasmania*, Glades	1495	79399	Waverly*, Polk	1543	19000	U. S. Army Postal Service*.	
79154	Tavares†, Lake	1541	79214	Webster†, Sumter	1591		GEORGIA.	
79399	Tavernier, Monroe	1449	78215	Weirsdale*, Marion	1541	06002	Abba*, Irwin	1685
79157	Telogia*, Liberty	1838	79217	Welaka*, Putnam	1540	06003	Abbeville†, Wilcox	1685
79158	Terre Ceia*, Manatee	1643	79218	Wellborn†, Suwanee	1638	06004	Abbottsford*, Troup	1882
79160	Tuesha*, Taylor	1739	79221	Westbay*, Bay	1938	07721	Aberdeen, Fayette	1832
79161	Theressa*, Bradford	1589	79224	*West Palm Beach†, Palm Beach	1395	06005	Acree*, Dougherty	1785
79162	Thonotosassa*, Hillsborough	1592	79901	(West Tampa†, Sta. Tampa)	1593	06006	Aceworth†, Cobb	1830
79155	Tidewater, Levy	1640	79226	West Tocol*, Clay	1539	06008	Adairsville†, Bartow	1830
79163	Tigerbay*, Polk	1543	79227	Westville*, Holmes	1937	06009	Adams*, Lee	1785
79164	Tillman*, Brevard	1442	79228	Wetappo*, Bay	1888	07753	Adams Park, Twiggs	1723
79166	*Titusville†, Brevard	1441	79230	Wewahitchka*, Calhoun	1888	06011	Adel†, Cook	1686
79168	Trenton†, Alachua	1639	79231	White City*, Saint Lucie	1394	06012	Adgateville*, Jasper	1732
79169	Trilby*, Pasco	1592	79232	Whitehouse*, Duval	1538	06013	Adrian†, Emanuel	1633
79170	Tropic*, Brevard	1442	79233	White Springs†, Hamilton	1838	06015	Afton, Dawson	1780
79171	Tucker*, Pasco	1642	79235	Whitney*, Lake	1541	06016	Agate, Floyd	1880
79173	Turkey Creek*, Hillsborough	1593	79518	Wilbur-By-The-Sea†, Volusia	1440	06017	Agnes, Lincoln	1581
79177	Umatilla†, Lake	1541	79237	Wilcox*, Alachua	1639	06018	Agricola*, Glascock	1632
78502	(University, Sta. Gainesville)	1589	79238	Wildwood†, Sumter	1591	06019	Ai, Gilmer	1779
79429	Useppa Island†*, Lee	1595	79279	Willieford*, Alachua	1639	06021	Alley†, Montgomery	1634
79180	Utopia*, Okaloosa	1444	79240	Williston†, Levy	1590	06024	Alamo†, Wheeler	1834
79181	Valkaria*, Brevard	1443						
79295	Valparaiso†, Okaloosa	1987						

This is a sample of a page in the List of Post Offices by States as it appears in the Guide.